

D3.2 - DEMETER Technology Integration Tools - Release 1

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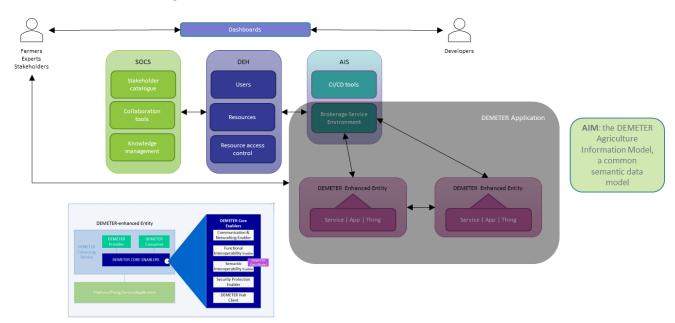


1 Executive Summary

D3.2 is a demonstrator deliverable of the DEMETER project. This document is the accompanying report of this deliverable. D3.2 provides the first release of components and tools that enable solution integration, interoperability with external platforms and deployment support for pilot cases.

The below diagram illustrates the main DEMETER elements to be deployed:

- Stakeholders Open Collaboration Space (SOCS): a knowledge base and co-creation space where farmers, advisors and providers connect.
- DEMETER Enabler HUB (DEH): collects all the resources that are available to be used by a solution and enables access to them.
- Agricultural Interoperability Space (AIS): provides interoperability mechanisms to develop and deploy a solution.
- Dashboards: sole entry points to the DEMETER ecosystem.
- DEMETER-enhanced Entity (DEE): A Service, Application, Platform, or Thing wrapped with DEMETER enabler functionalities to act as a DEMETER consumer and/or producer. Many of these DEEs interoperate with each other to form an application solution.
- Agriculture Information Model (AIM): a common semantic data model to be used for the information exchange.



For each of the below components this document provides description, multiple architectural views, interface definition and notable details about the used technologies and the implementation:

- Brokerage Service Environment: a microservices-based environment used to facilitate the registration, discovery, and communication of the DEEs.
- Access Control Server: offers authentication, authorisation, traceability functionalities to the brokerage environment.
- DEMETER Enabler HUB (DEH): collects all the resources that are available to be used by a solution and enables access to them.
- Core Enablers for integration: specifications for core enablers that need to be implemented by DEEs in order to interoperate in a DEMETER application.

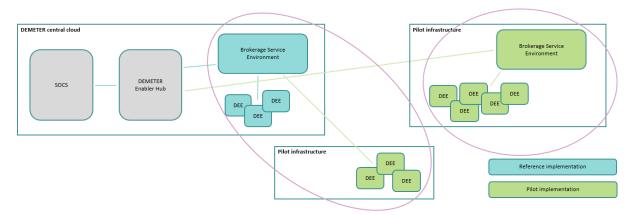




Finally, the DEMETER CI/CD tools and the Verification & Validation plan are presented.

For more information on AIM see deliverables D2.1 and D2.2. For more information on SOCS see D4.2. D3.1 "DEMETER reference architecture - Release 1" provides overview and further information for all DEMETER components.

The deployment of the above components and their use in the DEMETER Pilots are depicted in the below diagram. Pilots can either user their infrastructure and deploy there (eclipse on the right) or they can rely on components deployed in the DEMETER's central cloud and use their infrastructure to add extra DEEs (eclipse in the centre).



This scheme enables providing a concrete implementation to be used by the pilot applications and guide further development, while offering full flexibility for the application configuration and deployment to facilitate the highly different pilot needs and various business models.





2 Acronyms

ACS	Access Control Server	
AIS	Agricultural Interoperability Space	
API	Application Programming Interface	
BID	Business Intelligence Dashboard tool	
BS	Brokerage Server	
BSE	Brokerage Service Environment	
CI/CD	Continuous Integration / Continuous Deployment	
CoAP	Constraint Application Protocol	
CRUD	Create Read Update Delete	
DAE	DEMETER Advanced Enabler	
DAO	Data Access Object	
DEE	DEMETER-enhanced Entity	
DEH	DEMETER Enabler HUB	
DSS	Decision Support System	
DTLS	Datagram Transport Layer Security	
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute	
FMIS	Farm Management Information System	
GA	Grant Agreement	
GDPR	General Data Policy Regulations	
GE	Generic Enablers	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HTML	Hyper Text Markup Language	
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol	
HTTPS	HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure	
IdM	Identity Management	
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission	
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	
IOT	Internet of Things	
IP	Internet Protocol	
ISO	International Organization for Standardisation	
IT	Information Technology	
JSON	Java Script Object Notation	
KPI	key Performance Indicator	
LAN	Local Area Network	
MQTT	Message Queuing Telemetry Transport	
NGSI	Next Generation Sensors Initiative	
NGSI-LD	Next Generation Sensors Initiative - Linked Data	
OneM2M	One Machine to Machine	
PAN	Personal Area Network	
PDP	Policy Decision Point	
PEP	Policy Enforcement Point	
RDF	Resource Description Framework	
REST	Representational State Transfer	
RFID	Radio Frequency Identification Device	
RPC	Remote Procedure Calls	
RTPS	Real Time Publish Subscribe	
SaaS	Software as a Service	





SDK	Software Development Kit
SOCS	Stakeholders Open Collaboration Space
SQL	Structured Query Language
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
SR	Service Registry
TBD	To Be Determined
TDD	Test Driven Development
TLS	Transport Layer Security
UAV	Unmanned Aerial Vehicle
UGV	Unmanned Ground Vehicle
UML	Unified Modeling Language
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UUID	Universally Unique Identifier
WAN	Wide Area Network
WSN	Wireless Sensor Network
XACML	Extensible Access Control Markup Language
XML	Extensible Markup Language





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4 Introduction

D3.2 is a demonstrator deliverable of the DEMETER project. This document is part of this deliverable. D3.2 provides the first release of components and tools that enable solution integration, interoperability with external platforms and deployment support for pilot cases. The following Tasks contributed to D3.2: T3.2, T3.3, T3.4, T3.5, T3.6.

Figure 1 illustrates the main DEMETER elements to be deployed:

- Stakeholders Open Collaboration Space (SOCS): a knowledge base and co-creation space where farmers, advisors and providers connect.
- DEMETER Enabler HUB (DEH): collects all the resources that are available to be used by a solution and enables access to them.
- Agricultural Interoperability Space (AIS): provides interoperability mechanisms to develop and deploy a solution.
- Dashboards: sole entry points to the DEMETER ecosystem.
- DEMETER-enhanced Entity (DEE): A service, application, platform or thing wrapped with DEMETER enabler functionalities to act as a DEMETER consumer and/or producer. Many of these DEEs interoperate with each other to form an application solution.
- Agriculture Information Model (AIM): a common semantic data model to be used for the information exchange.

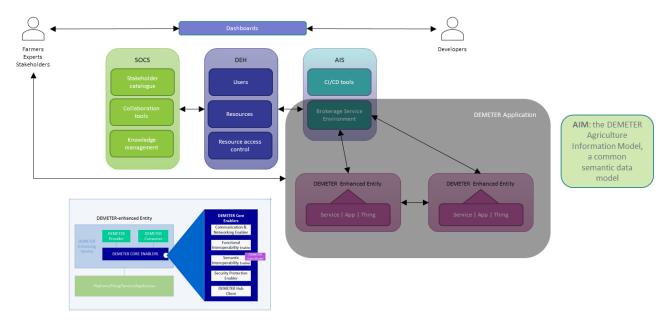


Figure 1: DEMETER elements

The remaining of this document is comprised of the following sections:

Section 5 provides the overall architecture of the DEMETER reference implementation. It also provides an overview of its collected requirements and their mapping to the implementation components.

Section 6 presents the Brokerage Service Environment, a microservices-based environment used to facilitate the registration, discovery, and communication of the DEEs.

Section 7 presents the Access Control Server, which offers authentication, authorisation, traceability functionalities to the brokerage environment.





Section 8 presents the DEMETER Enabler HUB (DEH) which offers all available Enablers in a catalogue for users.

Section 9 specifies the core Enablers for integration. These enablers need to be implemented by DEEs in order to interoperate in a DEMETER application.

Section 10 describes the CI/CD tools and how they are deployed to assist in integrating and deploying a DEMETER application.

Section 11 presents the Verification and Validation plan to be used for the implementation of the **DEMETER** applications.

Section 12 provides some conclusions and next steps.

Appendix A lists the full details of the requirements whose overview was provided in Chapter 5.

Appendix B provides the template used to specify each DEMETER Enabler.

Appendix C presents the survey and its results that guided the development of the DEH.

Appendix D provides the template used to represent the general information of any DEMETER component.





5 Architecture of the Reference Implementation

Based on the DEMETER's reference architecture presented in the deliverable D3.1, this deliverable moves a step forward and illustrates the Architecture of the Reference Implementation.

5.1 Architecture (Physical view, Process view)

This section depicts the Physical and Process View of the DEMETER Reference Implementation. More specifically, Figure 2 describes the 3 major components of DEMETER platform, namely Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space, DEMETER Enabler HUB and Brokerage Service environment. Included in these three major components lies, the Security component (presented in section 7 as the Access Control Server component). In addition, it illustrates the interoperation activities between DEMETER Enhanced Entities (DEE) and DEMETER's Reference Implementation. DEE consists of a set of either an app, a service, or a device along with a set of core Enablers and Advanced Enablers.

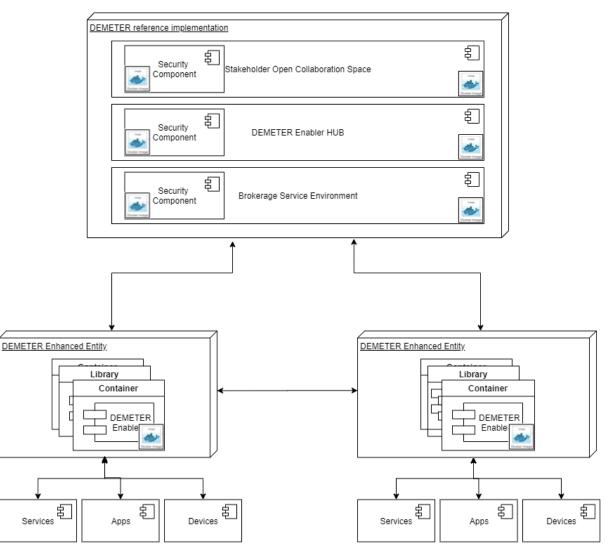


Figure 2: Reference Implementation Deployment diagram

Figure 3 depicts the Pilots' deployment schema. DEMETER's Pilots can either user their infrastructure and deploy in their premises the DEMETER Brokerage Service Environment and the DEMETER Enhanced Entities (eclipse on the right) or they can rely on the BSE that is deployed in the DEMETER's





Central Cloud and use this infrastructure in order to enable the communication of their DEE (eclipse in the centre). In the same figure, the box on the left depicts the DEMETER Central Cloud where the BSE, the SOCS, the DEH and DEE resides.

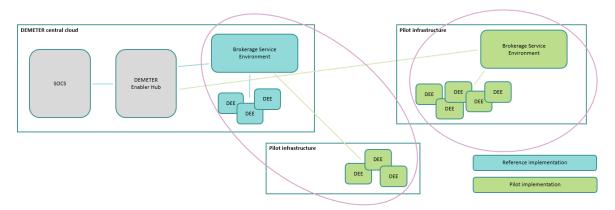


Figure 3: Pilots Deployment diagram

Figure 4 and Figure 5 present sequence diagrams that illustrates a set of processes that are offered by the DEMETER platform. The main actors of the diagrams are the DEMETER Provider who "provide" some resource to the DEMETER platform, the DEMETER platform which comprises the Security component, the BSE, the DEH and the SOCS, and finally the DEMETER Consumer who "consumes" some resource that is offered by the DEMETER platform.

Figure 4 illustrates the resource registration process that a provider initiates to register the resource in DEMETER's catalogue. DEMETER's security component facilitates the Authentication and Authorization process, subsequently the provider registers the resource to the BSE. Once the registration is confirmed the provider can register the resource with the DEH.

Figure 5 illustrates the process of resource discovery from the side of the consumer. Firstly, DEMETER consumer logs in to the DEMETER platform through the Security component. Then, through the SOCS environment, the consumer can investigate a solution that matches their needs. Subsequently, the consumer browses on the DEH to find the right Enablers that would facilitate the access towards the resource that needs to consume. Once those Enablers are deployed, he discovers the relevant resource via the BSE. The BSE returns to the consumer the access information for that specific resource.

The final part of the process described depicts the consumer, possessing the access information that was given to him by the BSE, finding the requested resource and proceed in making requests and receiving the subsequent responses.

Figure 6 and Figure 7 complement the sequence diagrams described above and present the activity diagrams of the process described above.



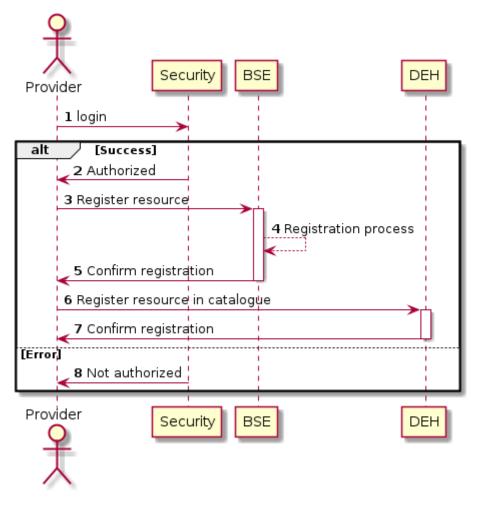
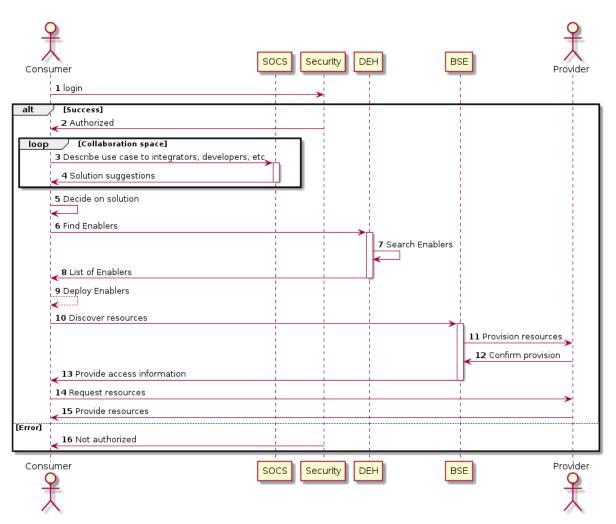


Figure 4: Sequence diagram - Provider





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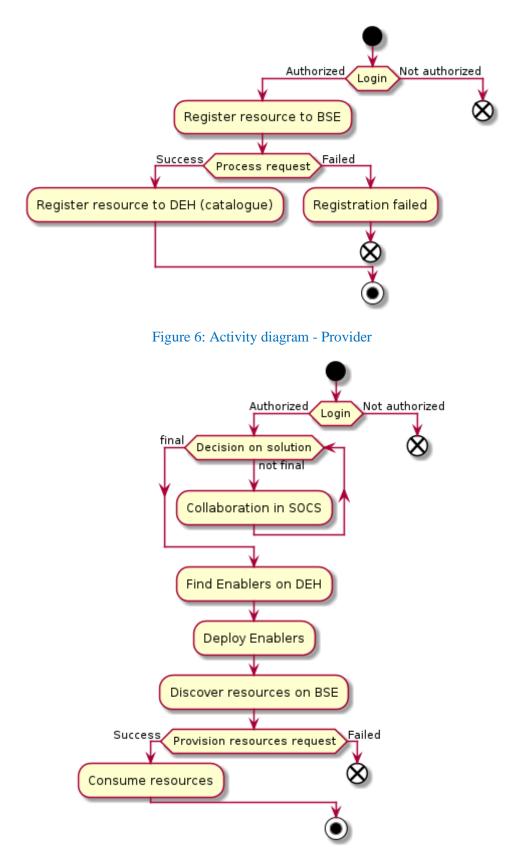


Figure 7: Activity diagram - Consumer





5.2 Requirements Mapping

Table 1 below summarizes the functional and non-functional requirements that refer to the Reference Implementation.

ID	Name	Related
		Component
TI1.1	Utilization of existing standards	Enablers
TI1.2	Support of Communication Protocol Standards	Enablers
TI1.3	Support of Geospatial Interoperability Standards	Enablers
TI1.4	Provide interoperability with existing cloud platforms	Enablers
TI1.5	HTTP REST API(s)	Enablers, BSE
TI1.6	Pub/sub and messaging queue mechanisms	Enablers, BSE
TI1.7	Compliance with system domain standards	Enablers, BSE, DEH, Security
TI1.8	Data formats	Enablers, BSE, DEH
TI2.1	Service description definition	Enablers, BSE, DEH
TI2.2	Services provisioning maintaining data security and privacy	Enablers, BSE, DEH, Security
TI2.3	Services registration to DEMETER Enabler Hub	Enablers, BSE, DEH
TI2.4	Services' categorization	DEH
TI3.1	Secure transport layer (TLS, SSH, etc.)	Enablers, Security
TI3.2	GDPR technical requirements	Enablers, BSE, DEH, Security
TI3.3	Combination of physical/wireless communications and Internet backbone networks	Enablers
TI3.4	Control devices sharing information	Enablers
TI4.1	Attribute Based Access Control or Distributed Capabilities Access Control component	Enablers, Security
TI4.2	Authentication and authorization mechanisms for services, accessing resources and information audit tools	Enablers, Security
TI4.3	Data protection and privacy on software execution, network communications and integrated solution security	Enablers, Security, BSE, DEH
TI4.4	Identity management, access control and audit log	Enablers, Security
TI4.5	Encrypted communications, integrity controls and electronic signature functionalities	Enablers
TI5.1	Data storage systems access management	Enablers
TI5.2	Registration the capabilities of a resource	Enablers, DEH, BSE
TI5.3	Multiple devices bulk operations	Enablers
TI5.4	Resource/device sharing rules	Enablers, DEH, BSE
TI6.1	DEMETER Enablers deployment	Enablers
TI6.2	DEMETER Enablers compliance	Enablers, BSE, DEH
TI6.3	DEMETER deployment tests	Enablers, BSE
TI6.4	DEMETER runtime environment agnostic	Enablers
TI6.5	Deployment process documentation	Enablers, DEH
TI6.6	Deployment software life-cycle management	Enablers, DEH
TI6.7	Deployment process security	Enablers

Table 1: Summary of Functional and Non-functional requirements for Reference Implementation





TI7.1	Service/application life-cycle management methodology	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI7.2	Technical requirements review	Enablers, DEH, BSE,
TI7.3	Components' testing	Security Enablers, DEH, BSE,
TI7.4	Development teams' communication	Security Enablers, DEH, BSE,
		Security
TI7.5	Component maintenance	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI7.6	Service/application life-cycle management software suites	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.1	CRUD to HTTP methods mapping	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.2	Proper HTTP response codes	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.3	Searching, sorting, filtering, and pagination	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.4	Stateless Authentication & Authorization	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.5	Usage of Swagger for Documentation	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.6	REST-based services	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.7	Access control mechanisms in API(s)	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI8.8	API and application documentation	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI9.1	Semantic resource registry	DEH
TI9.2	Discovery Management	DEH
TI9.3	Query Management	DEH
TI9.4	Rate services in publish & subscribe mechanism	DEH
TI9.5	Resource Access Control	DEH
TI9.6	Query Management	DEH
TI9.7	Publish & Subscribe Notification	DEH
TI9.8	Enablers Information Management	DEH
TI9.9	DEH Scalability & Availability	DEH
TI9.10	Licensing	DEH
TI9.11	Data encryption in communications	DEH
TI9.12	Service User Advisory	DEH
TI9.13	Accounting Management	DEH
TI9.14	Semantic Interoperability Framework	DEH
TI9.15	Application portability	DEH
TI9.16	System security services	DEH
TI9.17	System availability	DEH
TI9.18	External registration and provisioning	DEH
TI9.19	Data synchronization	DEH
TI9.20	Data federation	DEH
TI9.21	Technology specification	DEH





TI9.22	DEH modules characteristic definition	DEH
TI9.23	Data management	DEH
TI9.24	Data fusion	DEH
TI9.25	Monitoring & Audit	DEH
TI9.26	Information Management	DEH
TI9.27	Data Semantic Interoperability	DEH
TI9.28	Data Resource Definition	DEH
TI9.29	Resource Management (CRUD operations)	DEH
TI9.30	Web service interoperability	DEH
TI9.31	Resource compatibility checker	DEH
TI9.32	Agriculture interoperability space resources	DEH
TI9.33	Data Discovery Management	DEH
TI9.34	Rating service	DEH
TI9.35	Resource statistics report	DEH
TI9.36	Collection of enablers system	DEH
TI9.37	User profile management	DEH
TI9.38	Responsive web GUI	DEH
TI9.39	User account management	DEH
TI9.40	User private home page	DEH
TI9.41	User registration web page	DEH
TI9.42	Resources Management web page	DEH
TI9.43	Interoperability marketplace and catalogues solution	DEH
TI9.44	DEH solutions web page	DEH
TI9.45	Team services	DEH
TI10.1	Stakeholder access	DEH, Security
TI10.2	Account management roles functionality	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI10.3	Distinguishing a) internal and external stakeholders and b) primary and secondary stakeholders	DEH, Security
TI10.4	Stakeholders' categorization	Enablers, DEH, BSE, Security
TI11.1	Feedback from end-users	DEH
TI11.2	Upvoting mechanism	DEH
GNFR.1	Business analytic data visualization suite	Enablers
GNFR.2	Decision Support System Dashboards	DEH
GNFR.3	Web applications usability	DEH
GNFR.4	Web application stylesheet	DEH
GNFR.5	Web application friendliness	DEH
GNFR.6	Business analytic data visualization suite	Enablers
GNFR.7	DSS dashboard outcomes data visualization	Enablers
GNFR.8	DSS dashboard notification	Enablers
GNFR.9	DSS Dashboard widget	Enablers





Brokerage Service Environment 6

6.1 Description

The Brokerage Service Environment (BSE) is a core component of DEMETER architecture, which facilitates the registration, discovery and ultimately communication process for the DEMETER-enabled resources in a secure and privacy preserving manner. In the framework of DEMETER, a resource coupled with the necessary enablers (core and advanced) is named DEMETER enhanced entity (DEE). A DEE once authenticated and authorized by the BSE can register as a service with the BSE specific registry. Subsequently, it becomes discoverable by all the other registered DEEs. Finally, based on the suitable core and advanced enablers that each DEE implement and after resource provisioning from the BSE, DEEs should be able to communicate directly between each other. In addition to the functionalities, BSE can interconnect (interface) with DEMETER HUB and facilitate the registration process of DEEs that are governed by the BSE to the HUB.

The BSE will be implemented as a self-contained application that would enable an external party to deploy it as a complete brokerage service solution. The BSE accompanied by a publish-subscribe communication mechanism that addresses the required communication data throughput and fits the specific needs of that external party (e.g. RabbitMQ, KAFKA etc.) realize the backbone of the DEMETER reference architecture.

The following sections describe BSE's core components and their interactions, along with the sequence diagrams that illustrate the data flow between them.

6.2 Development View

The development view illustrates a system from a programmer's perspective and is also known as the implementation view. It uses the UML Component diagram to describe BSE components.

6.2.1 Component diagram

Figure 8 below illustrates the major components of the BSE. Its core components are the Access Control Server (ACS), the Brokerage Server (BS) and the Service Registry (SR). The ACS provides for the authentication and the authorization of the DEEs that request to be included in the BSE, The BS realizes the DEE registration, discovery, and the provisioning functionality.





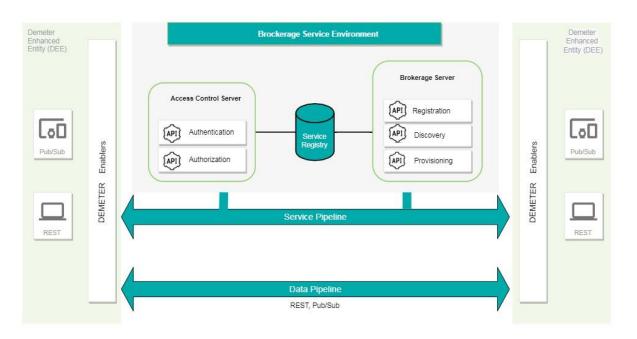


Figure 8: BSE component diagram

6.2.2 Building blocks (components)

6.2.2.1 Access Control Server

Access Control Server and its sub-components are described in detail in section 7. BSE is utilizing the functionality provided by this component.

6.2.2.2 Service Registry

In the context of Brokerage Service Environment (BSE), the Service Registry implements a RESTful interface through which it communicates on one hand with Access Control Server (ACS) and on the other with Brokerage Server (BS). Service Registry is used to store user and service related meta data in a persistent manner. More specifically, it holds, user authentication credential information (where necessary) and access tokens that are generated by the ACS and are used from third party services to access and interoperate with BSE endpoints. Furthermore, it stores service-related meta-data that is required or generated by the Brokerage Server (BS)

6.2.2.3 Brokerage Server

In the context of Brokerage Service Environment (BSE), the Brokerage Server (BS) purpose is to facilitate the registration, discovery, and provisioning service. It is envisioned to be built on top of Consul (<u>https://www.consul.io/</u>) which is a service mesh solution providing a full featured control plane with service discovery, configuration, and segmentation functionality. Through Brokerage Server (BS) and the RESTful interface that it implements, a third-party service can get registered, discovered, and queried through the BSE. The BS, interfaces with Service Registry where it stores services' meta-data in a persistent manner. In addition, where it is necessary from a security or administrative point of view, the BS incorporates Access Control Lists through tokens that can be used to confine each service discovery environment.





6.3 Process View

Figure 9 illustrates a Brokerage Service Environment (BSE) sequence diagram that depicts an overview of the core functionalities provided by the BSE. Each functionality is presented in its own frame where the data flow is described.

		Brokerage Service Environm	ent
DEMETER_Enhanced_Entitiy	Access_Control_Server	Service_registry	Brokerage_Server
Authentication/Authorization	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DEE sends auth rec			
DEE receives auth	confirmation		
		-	
Registration request			
DEE sends registra	tion request		>h
		BS registers the servi	ce into the registry
		BS receives service reg	
DEE receives regi	stration confirmation		
		Ų	Ų
Discovery request			
DEE sends discover	y request		
		_ BS requests services'	info from the SB
		BS receives services' in	fo from the SR
DEE receives disc	overy info		
DEE receives disc	overy info		
Provisioning request			
Provisioning request			
Provisioning request		BS requests provision	ing info from the SR
Provisioning request			
Provisioning request DEE sends provisio	ning info request	BS requests provision BS receives provisionin	
Provisioning request	ning info request		
Provisioning request DEE sends provisio	ning info request		

BSE: Brokerage Service Environment DEE: DEMETER Enhanced Entity BS: Brokerage Server ACS: Access Control Server SR: Service Registry

Figure 9: BSE sequence diagram

6.4 Interfaces

6.4.1 Data Models used in interfaces

Name	BSE data model	
Property	Туре	Description
timestamp	Timestamp	The transaction timestamp
resource_id	String	The resource unique id
resource_name	String	The resource name
resource_access_info	JSON	Information on how to access the resource (e.g., port, protocol, URL, etc)
resource_metadata	JSON	Metadata information for the resource (e.g., vendor, version, etc)
resource_validation_info	JSON	Information on how to validate the resource (e.g., validation





		endpoints, expected responses, etc)
resource_dependencies	Array	Dependencies on other
		resources
resource_usage_info	JSON	Information on the usage of the
		resource (e.g., accepted request
		rate, restrictions on concurrent
		consumers, etc)
resource_tags	Array	Tags for discoverability
start_time	Timestamp	Start time (e.g., the start time in
		a resource provisioning request)
end_time	Timestamp	End time (e.g., the end time in a
		resource provisioning request)
user_id	String	The provider/consumer unique
		identifier
provision_request_info	JSON	Information on the resource
		provisioning request (e.g.,
		requested duration, rate,
		number of devices, number of
		users, etc)
provision_access_info	JSON	Information on the provisioning
		(e.g., duration of access, rate of
		access, restrictions on
		concurrent connections, etc)

6.4.2 Description of APIs

Title	Register resource to BSE	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http://brokerage/api/v1/resource		
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed	
GET		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json Header for json request		
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.		
Required:		
timestamp	The timestamp of registration	
user_id	The unique identifier of the provider	
resource_name	The name of the resource to be registered	
resource_access_info	The access info of the resource	
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource	
resource_validation_info	The validation info of the resource	





resource_dependencies	The dependencies of the resource	
resource_usage_info	The usage information of the resource	
resource_tags	The tags for the resource	
Optional:		
Success response <what be<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is	
useful when people need to know what their call-b	acks should expect>	
200	Request was successful	
Content: {resource_id}		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Modify registered resource to BSE	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http://brokerage/api/v1/resource		
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed	
PUT		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
user_id	The unique identified of the provided	
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
resource_name	The name of the resource	
resource_access_info	The access info of the resource	
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource	
resource_validation_info	The validation info of the resource	
resource_dependencies	The dependencies of the resource	
resource_usage_info	The usage information of the resource	
resource_tags	The tags for the resource	
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is		
useful when people need to know what their call-b	acks should expect>	
200	Resource was successfully modified	
Content: { }		





Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404 Not found		
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please, choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Remove registered resource from BSE		
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from			
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template			
http://brokerage/api/v1/resource			
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed		
DELETE			
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any)	. Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>		
and <u>optional</u> .			
Required:			
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request		
Optional:			
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.		
Required:			
user_id	The unique identifier of the provider		
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource		
Optional:			
Success response <what and="" any="" be="" call-backs="" code="" data?="" expect="" is="" know="" need="" on="" people="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" the="" their="" there="" this="" to="" useful="" what="" when=""></what>			
200	Resource was successfully deleted		
Content: { }			
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent			
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.			
404	Not found		
403	Not authorized		
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,			
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy t	o read by the interested parties.		
N/A			
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.			

Discover registered resource from BSE Title URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template





Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
GET		
	f any). Separated based on the fields below into required	
and <u>optional</u> .	rany). Separated based on the helds below into <u>required</u>	
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payloa	d of a request.	
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the consumer	
Optional:		
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
resource_name	The name of the resource	
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource	
resource_tags	The tags for the resource	
•	ode be on success and is there any returned data? This is	
useful when people need to know what their	•	
200	An array of resource objects discovered	
Content: [resource_id: { resource_name: St	-	
—	SON,	
	SON,	
	ing],	
resource_usage_info: JSON, resource_	tags:	
[String] }]		
•	all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent	
	ves a lot of time during the integration process.	
404	Not found	
403 Not authorized Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please		
	•	
choose the format wisely so that is clear and	easy to read by the interested parties.	
N/A Notes This field holds any additional helpful i		

Title	Provision registered resource	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext al	bove the API template	
http://brokerage/api/v1/provision		
Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
GET		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required		
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	





Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.		
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the consumer	
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is		
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
200	Provisioning and access information	
Content: {resource_access_info}		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Check compatibility of resource	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http://brokerage/api/v1/compatibility		
Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
GET		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required		
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.		
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the consumer	
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
resource_validation_info	The validation info of the resource	
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is		
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
200	Compatibility check info	
Content: { }		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	





403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

6.5 Technologies and implementation details

The Brokerage Service Environment (BSE) will be implemented in Django Framework (Python-based framework, https://www.django-rest-framework.org/)

and will be realized as a containerized application with a self-contained execution environment. It consists of a set of Docker containers that hold the Brokerage Server (BS) and the Access Control Server (ACS). In addition, BSE also implements a REST API which is based on the Django Rest Framework. The Brokerage server will be developed based on the Consul service discovery and configuration system.





7 Access Control Server

7.1 Description

The security components provide will provide the following three functionalities to other DEMETER components and pilots implementations:

- Authentication
- Authorisation
- Traceability

These functionalities have been implemented in six main security components: Identity Manager, XACML PDP, Capability Manager, PEP Proxy, Traceability Agent and Traceability blockchain repository. These components expose methods using a REST API as described in the following sub sections.

7.2 Development View

7.2.1 Component diagram

The following diagram depicts the security components and their relationships in order to provide the authentication, authorisation and traceability functionalities:

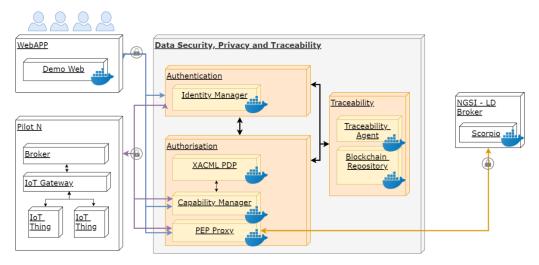


Figure 10: Security component diagram

The authentication functionalities will be provided by the FIWARE Identity Manager component. The authorisation functionalities will be provided by the DCabBAC module, which contains three subcomponents: XACML PDP, Capability Manager and PEP Proxy. The traceability functionalities will be provided by the Traceability Agent, which will log the use of the authentication/authorisation token within the traceability blockchain repository.

These building blocks are described in the following sub section.

7.2.2 Building blocks (components)

Description of the Data Security Components:

- Identity Manager
- XACML PDP
- Capability Manager
- PEP Proxy





- Traceability Agent (VICOM)
- Traceability Blockchain Repository (VICOM)

7.2.2.1 Identity Manager

The Demeter Identity Manager (IdM) component is based on the FIWARE Keyrock GE (<u>https://fiware-idm.readthedocs.io/en/7.4.0/</u>) and will provide the Keyrock's REST API for authentication based on the OAuth 2.0 protocol. The OAuth 2.0 protocol supports several grants ("methods") types for a client application to acquire an access token (which represents a user's permission for the client to access their data) which can be used to authenticate a request to the Keyrock API endpoint. The following methods for authentication are provided:

- **Authorization Code**: defined for apps running on a web server, where the user will be redirected to the Keyrock server.
- Username and Password: for logging in with a username and password directly in the web server.
- **Client credential**: suitable for machine-to-machine authentication where specific user's permission to access data is not required
- **Refresh token**: to refresh the authentication token before its expiration time.

7.2.2.2 XACML PDP

The XACML PDP manages the access control policies and decides who can access to a resource and what actions can perform over that resource.

The PDP (*Policy Decision Point*) evaluates XACML (*eXtensible Access Control Markup Language*) policies in XML representation. With the specified policies, a request from the Capability Manager made to the PDP, that has the location of the policies, is evaluated to decide if the access or action in the request can be performed or not sending back a response. This communication is sent encoded in JSON, which provides a less verbose representation of the information and improves the request processing as well. The next text shows an example of an XACML policy in XML format:

<Policy PolicyId="example">

```
<Rule Effect="Permit" RuleId="001">
```

<Target>

<Subject>

<SubjectMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">Peter</AttributeValue>

</SubjectMatch>

</Subject>

<Resource>

<ResourceMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">





<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">https://215.64.19.203:1020/ngsild/v1/entities?type=http://www.w3.org/ns/sosa/Sensor;idPattern=urn:ngsi-ld:Sensor:temperature.*

</AttributeValue>

</ResourceMatch>

</Resource>

<Action>

<ActionMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">GET</AttributeValue>

</ActionMatch>

</Action>

</Target>

</Rule>

</Policy>

The PDP is deployed as a Web Service to be accessed by the authorization entity acting as Policy Enforcement Point (PEP) through the exchange of HTTP messages with JSON payloads containing the XACML requests or responses. The PDP is based on Web technologies to be a scalable and lightweight solution so it can be applied to any large-scale deployment that requires XACML as policy language. XACML PDP achieves clear performance improvements over other existing solutions in terms of scalability and efficiency.

The next figure shows a flow chart with an XACML PDP in an authorization process example:

- 1. The Capability Manager asks the XACML PDP sending an authorisation (AuthZ) request to determine whether the requested credential must be generated or not (fig. step 1).
- 2. The XACML PDP evaluates the AuthZ request using the defined XACML policies and sends back its verdict to the Capability Manager (fig. steps 2, 3).

Capability-Manager XACM	L-PDP
Authorisation XACML	
XACML Authorisation Request	
XACML Veredict	Validate AuthZ Request







7.2.2.3 Capability Manager

The Capability Manager is the component for generating capability tokens for the user in case of receiving affirmative authorization decisions from the XACML PDP of a request about an action or about the access to a resource. The Capability Manager signs the generated capability token that includes the client's public key and time restrictions associated with the specific policy delimiting the validity period for this credential.

The figure above shows a flow chart with a Capability Manager in an authorization process example:

- 1. When an authenticated user wants to get access to a resource or to perform an action an authorization request is sent to the Capability Manager (fig. step 1).
- 2. When this request, that includes the user's authentication (AuthN) token, is received by the Capability Manager it validates the token on the IdM getting back the user's identity attributes (fig. steps 2, 3) and then validates them (fig. step 4).
- 3. Once validated and with these attributes, the Capability Manager asks the XACML PDP sending an authorisation (AuthZ) request to determine whether the requested credential must be generated or not (fig. step 5).
- 4. The XACML PDP evaluates the AuthZ request using the defined policies and sends back its verdict to the Capability Manager (fig. steps 6, 7).
- 5. The Capability Manager generates then the Cap.Token and send it back to the user in a response (fig. steps 8, 9).

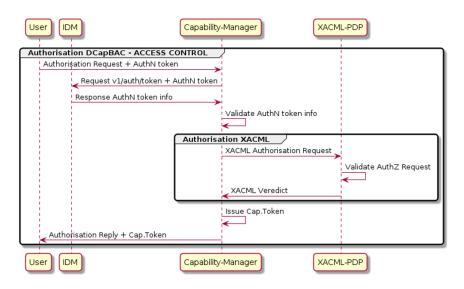


Figure 12: Capability Manager with capability token flow diagram

The format of the capability token is based on JSON as it can provide a simple, lightweight, efficient, and expressive data representation, which is suitable to be used on constrained networks and devices in IoT scenarios. The next text shows an example of capability token in JSON format:

{

"id": "nlqfnfa6nqrlbh9h7tigg28ga1",





"ii": 1586166961,

"is": "capabilitymanager@odins.es",

"su": "Lucas",

"de": "https://153.55.55.120:2354",

"si":"MEUCIEEGwTGdIEeUxZv7jsh0UdWoLud3uqpMDvlT+GD7AiEAmwEuFHuG+XyRi9BEAMVPBIqRv OJISIBkBT3K7LHCw=",

"ar": [

{

"ac": "GET",

"re":"/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-ld:Sensor:temperature.21"

```
}
```

],

"nb": 1586167961,

```
"na": 1586178916
```

}

- The identifier (ID): It is used to un-equivocally identify a capability token.
- The issuer (IS): Entity issuing and signing the capability token.
- The signature (SI): It carries the digital signature of the token. ٠
- Access Rights (AR): The set of rights granted to the subject. •
 - Action (AC): Its purpose is to identify a specific granted action ("get").
 - Resource (RE): The resource ("temperature") for which the action is granted. 0

7.2.2.4 PEP Proxy

The PEP (Policy Enforcement Point) is responsible for validating a generated assertion in an authentication token (X-AUTH-TOKEN) with the capability token that was already generated in a response by the Capability Manager to a user's authorization request. The PEP Proxy verifies that the public key contained in the received capability token is the same key that was used in the authentication process and verifies the token's signature by making use of the Capability Manager's public key. This component simplifies the access control mechanism to the resources, and it is a relevant feature on IoT scenarios since complex access control policies are not required to be deployed on end devices.





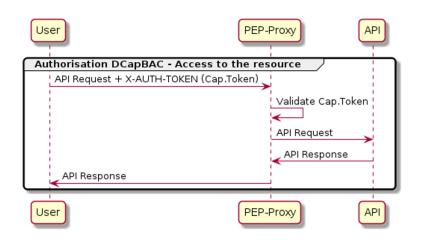


Figure 13: PEP Proxy flow diagram

In the figure above, a user that has already received the capability token from the Capability Manager attempts to access a resource. For this purpose, the user generates a request in which the Cap. Token is attached and that is handled by the PEP Proxy (fig. step 1) which validates the token (fig. step 2). After a positive validation, the PEP Proxy forwards the query to the system (Context Broker) (fig. step 3) as well as it forwards the response (fig. step 4) to the user (fig. step 5).

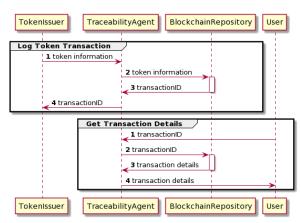
7.2.2.5 Traceability Agent (VICOM)

The authentication and authorization traceability component will log the access to DEMETER resources by logging the issue and use of authentication and authorization tokens. These tokens contain the information about the user who is logged to the system and the resources the user is intended to access.

The traceability agent will expose a REST API to register authentication and authorisation events (POST) and retrieve their details (GET). The REST API has been designed flexible enough to be able to use different traceability blockchain repositories (i.e. Quorum, HyperLedger Fabric, etc.)

The events logged will contain information about the receiver of the token, the sender of the token, the timestamp, the token details, and an optional data field to extend the information of the event.

The UML sequence diagrams are as follows:









7.2.2.6 Traceability Blockchain Repository (VICOM)

A permissioned version of a blockchain *repository* has been chosen to provide the characteristics of immutability, privacy and compatibility required by the DEMETER Traceability Component. It supports both public and private transactions and smart contracts, and their states derived from a single, common, complete blockchain for transactions validated by every node in the network.

7.2.3 Process View

A user trying to access a DEMETER resource should first get authenticated at the Identity Manager to obtain and authentication token. Once the user is authenticated, the authentication token will be used to request access to DEMETER resources through the authorisation component, as described in the following sequence diagram:

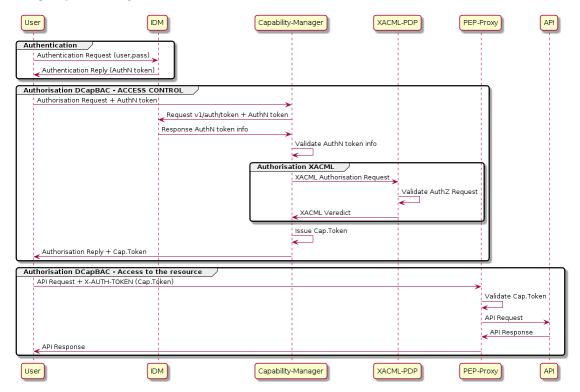


Figure 15: Authentication and Authorisation sequence diagram to access DEMETER resources

7.3 Identity Manager

7.3.1 Interfaces

7.3.1.1 Data Models used in interfaces

The following data models are used by Keyrock to store the information for the application, user, organization, roles, and authentication tokens:

Name	Keyrock User Data Model	
Property	Туре	Description
Id	UUID	universally unique identifier
Username	String	sequence of characters that identifies a user
Description	String	text that provides further details about the user

Table 2:	User Data	Model
1 4010 2.	User Data	mouci





Website	String	URL
Imago	String	image to be used by an application representing the
Image	String	user
Gravatar	Integer	Gravatar image
Email	String (unique)	email provided by the user at registration
Password String	String	string of characters, used to confirm the identity of
	String	the user
Date_Password	DateTime	date when the password was set
Admin	nin Integer	Boolean value indicating whether the user has
Aumin		administration rights
Extra	JSON	field where a JSON object can be stored to provided
	12010	extra information

Table 3: Application Data Model

Name	Keyrock Application Data Model	
Property	Туре	Description
Id	UUID	universally unique identifier
Name	String	string of characters that identifies the application
Description	String	text that provides further details about the application
URL	String	application's URL
Redirect_URL	String	URL required by the OAuth protocol
Redirec_sign_out_URL	String	the URL to which Keyrock will redirect a user if a sign out is performed from a service
Grant_Type	String	list of grant type authentication allowed for the application
Provider	String	Specify the provider of the application
Extra	JSON	field where a JSON object can be stored to provided extra information

Table 4: Organization Data Model

Name	Keyrock Organ	Keyrock Organization Data Model	
Property	Туре	Description	
Id	UUID	universally unique identifier	
Name	String	sequence of characters that identifies the organization	
Description	String	text that provides further details about the organization	
Website	String	URL provided	

Table 5: Role Data Model

Name	Keyrock Role Data Model	
Property	Type Description	
Id	UUID	universally unique identifier
Name	String	sequence of characters that identifies the role

Table 6: Authentication Token Data Model

Name	Kevrock Authentication Token Data Model
	-/





Property	Туре	Description
Access_Token	String (unique)	string issued by Keyrock as a token identifier
Method	String	specifies the grant type method used for the authentication
Expire_at	DateTime	Date and Time for the expiration of the authentication token

7.3.1.2 Description of APIs

In the following tables it will be provided the REST API details for the user to obtain a token from Keyrock using username and password, how to refresh that token and how to delete.

More information about Keyrock API can be found at:

- https://keyrock.docs.apiary.io/#introduction/preface/status
- <u>https://swagger.lab.fiware.org/?url=https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FIWARE/specificati</u> ons/master/OpenAPI/security.ldm/ldm-openapi.json

(REST API)

Title	Create token with Password	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the describ	ped API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from	
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http://keyrock/v1/auth/tokens		
Method This field holds the type of the Method use	ed	
POST		
, , , ,	. Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
"name"=[string]	Username set by the user (email)	
Required:		
"password"=[string]	Password set by the user	
Success response <what be<br="" code="" should="" status="" the="">useful when people need to know what their call-b</what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is acks should expect>	
200	Authentication token provided in the header (X-	
	Subject-Token) and token details provided in the	
Content:	Body (method used to obtain the token and token	
	expiration time)	
Header:		
Content-Type:application/json,application/json;		
charset=utf-8		
X-Subject-Token: 04c5b070-4292-4b3f-911b-		
36a103f3ac3f		
Content-Length:74		
ETag:W/"4a-jYFzvNRMQcIZ2P+p5EfmbN+VHcw"		
Date:Mon, 19 Mar 2018 15:05:35 GMT		
Connection:keep-alive		





Body:	
{	
"token": {	
"methods": ["password"],	
"expires_at": "2018-03-20T15:05:35.697Z"	
}	
}	
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	ot of time during the integration process.
400 Bad Request	
"Invalid grant: user credentials are invalid"	Error response for wrong username and/or wrong
	password.
"Invalid client: client is invalid"	Error response for wrong client
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to	the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy t	o read by the interested parties.
curlinclude \	
request POST \	
header "Content-Type: application/json" \	
data-binary "{	
\"name\": \"alice@test.com\",	
\"password\": \"passw0rd\"	
}" \	
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info re	lated to this endpoint.
	· · · · ·

Title	Refresh token	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext al	pove the API template	
http://keyrock/v1/auth/tokens		
Method This field holds the type of the Method use	ed	
POST		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any)	. Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
"token"=[string]	Token previously obtained	
Success response <what be<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is	
useful when people need to know what their call-b	acks should expect>	
200	Authentication token provided in the header (X-	
	Subject-Token) and token details provided in the	
Content:	Body (method used to obtain the token and token	
	expiration time)	
Header:		
Content-Type:application/json,application/json;		
charset=utf-8		





X-Subject-Token: 65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-	
X-Subject-Token: 65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b- 34a345f3ac7f	
Content-Length:74	
ETag:W/"4a-jYFzvNRMQcIZ2P+p5EfmbN+VHcw"	
Date:Mon, 19 Mar 2018 16:05:35 GMT	
Connection:keep-alive	
Body:	
{	
"token": {	
"methods": ["password"],	
"expires_at": "2018-03-20T16:05:35.697Z"	
}	
}	
Error response This field holds the list of all po assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent lot of time during the integration process.
400 Bad Request	The token provided is no longer valid, therefore, a
"Invalid grant: refresh token is no longer valid"	new authentication token is not provided.
	the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy t	o read by the interested parties.
curlinclude \ request POST \	
header "Content-Type: application/json" \	
data-binary "{ \"token\": \"token_id\"	
}" \	
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info re	lated to this endpoint.

Title	Revoke token	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
•		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext a	above the API template	
http://keyrock/v1/auth/tokens		
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	sed	
DELETE		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any	r). Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Required:		
"X-Auth-token: auth_token"	Authentication token previously obtained for the	
	user	
Required:		
"X-Subject-token: subj_token"	Authentication token previously obtained for the	
	user	
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.		
Required:		
"token"=[string]	Token previously obtained	





Success response <what and="" any="" be="" code="" data?="" is="" is<="" on="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" th="" the="" there="" this=""></what>		
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
204	Success response for token deletion	
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent	
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	lot of time during the integration process.	
400 Bad Request	The token provided is no longer valid.	
"Invalid grant: refresh token is no longer valid"		
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
curlinclude \		
request DELETE \ header "X-Auth-token: 65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-34a345f3ac7f" \		
header "X-Subject-token: 65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-34a345f3ac7f" \		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

7.3.2 Technologies and implementation details

The Demeter Identity Manager has been implemented using the FIWARE Keyrock GE and it will be deployed (along with its database) using Docker containers.

7.4 XACML PDP

The XACML PDP manages the access control policies.

7.4.1 Interfaces

The PDP offers a RES interface to offer to the Capability Manager the verification of an authorization policy returning a verdict.

7.4.1.1 Data Models used in interfaces

In an XML format there is a PolicySet with a set of policies each one with an ID and a set of Rules, Subjects and Actions. The next table of properties shows the most relevant elements that are used by the PDP:

Name	XACML_	Policy_Set
Property	Туре	Description
PolicySet.PolicySetId	String	PolicySet ID
Policy.PolicyId	String	Policy ID
Rule.RuleId	String	Rule ID
Rule.Effect	String	Rule effect required (permit/deny/)
Subject.SubjectMatch.MatchId	String	Subject match XACML function.
		Examples: string-equal, etc.
Subject.SubjectMatch.AttributeValue.DataType	<any></any>	Subject value type as XMLSchema type.
Subject.Subjectiviatch.Attributevalue.DataType		Example: string, number, etc.
Subject.SubjectMatch.AttributeValue.value	<any></any>	Subject value
Resource.ResourceMatch.MatchId	String	Resource match XACML function.
Resource.Resourcematch.imatchiu		Examples: string-equal, etc.
Resource.ResourceMatch.AttributeValue.DataT	String	Resource value type as XMLSchema type.
уре		Example: string, number, etc.





Resource.ResourceMatch.AttributeValue.value	String	Resource value as an entry point
Action.ActionMatch.MatchId	String	Action match XACML function.
Action.ActionWatch.Watchid	String	Examples: string-equal, etc.
Action ActionMatch AttributeValue DateTune	String	Action value type as XMLSchema type.
Action.ActionMatch.AttributeValue.DataType		Example: string, number, etc.
Action.ActionMatch.AttributeValue.value	<any></any>	Action value.
Action.Actioniviaten.Attributevalue.value		Examples: "GET", "PUT", etc.

Next there is an example of an XACML policySet in XML format:

<PolicySet xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:policy:schema:os" PolicyCombiningAlgId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:policy-combining-algorithm:first-applicable" PolicySetId="POLICY_SET">

<Policy PolicyId="test1" RuleCombiningAlgId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:rule-combiningalgorithm:first-applicable">

<Rule Effect="Permit" RuleId="001">

<Target>

<Subjects>

<Subject>

<SubjectMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">Peter</AttributeValue>

<SubjectAttributeDesignator AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:subject:role"

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string" />

</SubjectMatch>

</Subject>

</Subjects>

<Resources>

<Resource>

<ResourceMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">https://215.64.19.203:1020/ngsild/v1/entities?type=http://www.w3.org/ns/sosa/Sensor;idPattern=urn:ngsi-ld:Sensor:temperature.*

</AttributeValue>

<ResourceAttributeDesignator
AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:resource:resource-id"</pre>





DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string" />

</ResourceMatch>

</Resource>

</Resources>

<Actions>

<Action>

<ActionMatch MatchId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<AttributeValue

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">GET</AttributeValue>

<ActionAttributeDesignator AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:action:action-

id"

DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string" />

</ActionMatch>

</Action>

</Actions>

</Target>

</Rule>

</Policy>

</PolicySet>

7.4.1.2 **Description of APIs**

Title	Obtain XACML PDP decision	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext al	pove the API template	
/XACMLServletPDP/		
Method This field holds the type of the Method use	ed	
POST		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required		
and optional.		
Required:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a post request.		
Required:		
subject= [alphanumeric]	Subject of the resource's request.	
	In DCapBAC scenario, it could correspond with a	
<subject< td=""><td>username (IDM). For example: "Peter"</td></subject<>	username (IDM). For example: "Peter"	
SubjectCategory="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:s		
ubject-category:access-subject">		





<attribute< th=""><th></th></attribute<>	
AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:subjec	
t:role"	
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchem	
a#string">	
<attributevalue>subject</attributevalue>	
resource= [alphanumeric]	Resource: endpoint+path of the resource's
	request (protocol+IP+PORT+path).
<resource></resource>	For example:
Attribute	"https://153.55.55.120:2354/ngsi-
AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:resour	Id/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-Id:Sensor:humidity.201".
ce:resource-id"	id/vi/entities/uningsi-id.Sensor.nunnuity.201.
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchem	In DCapBAC scenario, endpoint corresponds with
a#string">	the PEP-Proxy one.
<attributevalue>resource</attributevalue>	
action=[alphanumeric]	Action: method of the resource's request
	For example: "POST", "GET", "PATCH", etc.
<action></action>	
<attribute< td=""><td></td></attribute<>	
AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:action:	
action-id"	
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchem	
a#string">	
0	
<a href="http://www.actionschubeleditectures-commutation-commutatio-commutation-commutation-commutation-commutation-commutatio</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></Attribute></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></Action></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Optional:</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></tr><tr><td>useful when people need to know what their callba</td><td>cks should expect></td></tr><tr><td>200</td><td><Response></td></tr><tr><td>XACML – Permit</td><td><Result ResourceID=" resource"="">	
	<decision>Permit</decision>
	<status></status>
	<statuscode< td=""></statuscode<>
	Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:status:ok"/
	>
	<obligations></obligations>
	<obligation <="" obligationid="liveTime" td=""></obligation>
	FulfillOn="Permit">





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Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prever assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
200	<response></response>	
XACML – NotApplicable	<result resourceid="resource"></result>	
	<decision>NotApplicable</decision>	
	<status></status>	
	<statuscode< td=""></statuscode<>	
	Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:status:ok"/	
	>	
200	<response></response>	
XACML – Deny	<result resourceid="resource"></result>	
	<decision>Deny</decision>	
	<status></status>	
	<statuscode< td=""></statuscode<>	
	Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:status:ok"/	
	>	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy t	the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please, o read by the interested parties	
curllocationrequest POST 'http:// <pdp-ip>:808</pdp-ip>		
header 'Content-Type: text/plain' \		
data-raw ' <request xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:2.0:context:schema:os"></request>		
Subject SubjectCategory="urn:oasis:names:tc:xa		
 		
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">		
Peter tributeValue>		
<resource></resource>		
<attribute <="" attributeid="urn:oasis:names:tc:xac</td><td>ml:1.0:resource:resource-id" td=""></attribute>		
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSch	ema#string">	
https://153.55.55.120:2354/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-		
ld:Sensor:humidity.201		
<action></action>		
<attribute <="" attributeid="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:action:action-id" td=""></attribute>		
DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string">		
<attributevalue>GET</attributevalue>		





</Action>

<Environment/>

</Request>'

Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.

7.4.2 Technologies and implementation details

It is developed using XML and Java Servlets deployed on a Tomcat server.

7.5 Capability Manager

The Capability Manager is the endpoint for authorization requests.

7.5.1 Interfaces

The Capability Manager offers an interface to respond to an authorization request to access a resource or to perform an action. If the access is granted the capability token is sent back in the response.

Data Models used in interfaces 7.5.1.1

As the Capability Manager acts as an intermediate making a translation of an authorization request to an XACML authorization passing it to the XACML PDP, it has not an specific data model although, in a later stage after the PDP verdict, the Capability Manager creates a capability token which is a JSON signed document with the fields shown in the next table:

Name	Capability Ma	Capability Manager Data Models	
Property	Туре	Description	
"id"	String	Identifier (ID). This field is used to un-equivocally identify a capability token.	
"ii"	Numeric	Issued-time (II). It identifies the time at which the token was issued as the number of seconds from 1970-01-01T0:0:0Z.	
"is"	String	Issuer (IS). Entity issuing and signing the capability token.	
"su"	String	Subject (SU). The subject to which the rights from the token are granted. A public key has been used to validate the legitimacy of the subject.	
"de"	String	Device (DE). It is a URI used to unequivocally identify the device to which the token applies.	
"si"	String	Signature (SI). It carries the digital signature of the token.	
"ar"	String	Access Rights (AR). This field represents the set of rights that the issuer has granted to the subject.	
"ac"	String	Action (AC). Its purpose is to identify a specific granted action. Its value could be any CoAP method (GET, POST, PUT and DELETE).	
"re"	String	Resource (RE).	





		It represents the resource in the device for which the action is
		granted.
		Not Before (NB).
"nb"	Numehon	It expresses a time value. Before NB the token must not be
an	"nb" Number	accepted. Its value cannot be earlier than the II field and it implies
		the current time must be after or equal than NB.
		Not After (NA).
"na" Number	It represents the time after which the token must not be	
		accepted.

An example in JSON format is shown next:

{

"id": "nlqfnfa6nqrlbh9h7tigg28ga1",

"ii": 1586166961,

```
"is": "capabilitymanager@odins.es",
```

```
"su": "Peter",
```

```
"de": "https://153.55.55.120:2354",
```

"si":"MEUCIEEGwsTKGdlEeUxZv7jsh0UdWoFLud3uqpMDvnlT+GD7AiEAmwEu0FHuG+XyRi9BEAMaV PBlqRvOJlSIBkBT3K7LHCw=",

"ar": [

{

"ac": "GET",

"re":"/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-ld:Sensor:humidity.201"

}

],

```
"nb": 1586167961,
```

```
"na": 1586177961
```

}

7.5.1.2 **Description of APIs**

Title	Obtain Capability Token.	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
/		
Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
POST		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required		
and <u>optional</u> .		



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Required:				
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a post request.				
Required:				
token=[alphanumeric]	Subject of the resource's request.			
	In DCapBAC scenario, it could correspond with an			
	authentication token (IDM-KeyRock). For			
	example: "753f103c-d8e5-4f4e-8720-			
	13d5e2f55043"			
de=[alphanumeric]	Endpoint: resource's request endpoint.			
	Example, for a device (protocol+IP+PORT):			
	"https://153.55.55.120:2354".			
ac=[alphanumeric]	Action: method of the resource's request.			
	Example: "POST", "GET", etc.			
re=[alphanumeric]	Resource: path of the resource request.			
	Example:			
	"/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-			
	ld:Sensor:humidity.201"			
Optional:				
Success response <what be<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is			
useful when people need to know what their callba	acks should expect>			
200	Capability Token			
Body:	"id": Identifier (ID). This field is used to un-			
{	equivocally identify a capability token.			
"id": "nlqfnfa6nqrlbh9h7tigg28ga1",	"ii": Issued-time (II). It identifies the time at which			
"ii": 1586166961,	the token was issued as the number of seconds			
"is": "capabilitymanager@odins.es",	from 1970-01-01T0:0:0Z.			
"su": "Peter",	"is": Issuer (IS). Entity issuing and signing the			
"de": "https://153.55.55.120:2354",	capability token.			
"si":"MEUCIEEGwsTKGdlEeUxZv7jsh0UdWoFLud3	"su": Subject (SU). The subject to which the rights			
uqpMDvnlT+GD7AiEAmwEu0FHuG+XyRi9BEAMa	from the token are granted. A public key has been			
VPBIqRvOJISIBkBT3K7LHCw=",	used to validate the legitimacy of the subject.			
"ar": ["de": Device (DE). It is a URI used to unequivocally			
{	identify the device to which the token applies.			
"ac": "GET",	Signature (SI). It carries the digital signature of the			
"re":"/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-	token.			
ld:Sensor:humidity.201"	"ar": Access Rights (AR). This field represents the			
}	set of rights that the issuer has granted to the			
],	subject.			
"nb": 1586167961,	"ac": Action (AC). Its purpose is to identify a			
"na": 1586177961	specific granted action. Its value could be any			
}	CoAP method (GET, POST, PUT and DELETE).			
	"re":" Resource (RE). It represents the resource in			
	the device for which the action is granted.			
	"nb": Not Before (NB). It expresses a time value.			
	Before NB the token must not be accepted. Its			
	value cannot be earlier than the II field and it			





	1		
	implies the current time must be after or equal		
	than NB.		
	"na": Not After (NA). It represents the time after		
	which the token must not be accepted.		
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	ot of time during the integration process.		
500	"Can't generate capability token"		
An IdM error code in case of error validating the	Text error associated to the IdM error code.		
authentication token (AuthN) on the IdM.			
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,			
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.			
curllocationrequest POST 'https:// <capman-ip>:<capman-port>' \</capman-port></capman-ip>			
header 'Content-Type: application/json' \			
data-raw '{			
"token": "753f103c-d8e5-4f4e-8720-13d5e2f55043	<i>n</i>		
"de": "https://153.55.55.120:2354",			
"ac": "GET",			
"re": "/ngsi-ld/v1/entities/urn:ngsi-ld:Sensor:humidity.201"			
}'			
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.			
	·		

7.5.2 Technologies and implementation details

There is a Java implementation using Eclipse that can be used as an imported JAR file or via an API implemented in Python using Visual Studio Code that uses this same JAR file.

7.6 **PEP Proxy**

The PEP acts as an intermediate between a user, service, device, etc. and the Information Repository (Broker) and also as a component of validation of the capability token.

7.6.1 Interfaces

The PEP acts as an intermediate and nowadays its implementation is integrated with NGSI or NGSI-LD Brokers (i.e. Orion, Scorpio) and, as a component of validation of the capability token, it is mandatory in both cases to include in the headers the X-AUTH-TOKEN that will include the capability token.

7.6.1.1 Data Models used in interfaces

The data model will be the same that the one in the implementation of NGSI or NGSI-LD used in the integrated Broker¹. Also, as a component of validation of the capability token we need to include the structure of this token that was defined in section 7.5.

¹ NGSI, NGSI-LD Data Models: <u>https://www.fiware.org/developers/data-models/</u>





7.6.1.2 Description of APIs

As mentioned before, this component acts as an intermediate and will use NGSI or NGSI-LD APIs depending on the implementation used in the integrated Broker. These APIs are offered by Brokers as Orion (NGSI²) and Scorpio (NGSI-LD³).

7.6.2 Technologies and implementation details

The implementation is made in Python using Visual Studio Code.

7.7 Traceability Agent

The authentication and authorization traceability component will log the access to DEMETER resources by logging the issue and use of authentication and authorization tokens. These tokens contain the information about the user who is logged to the system and the resources the user is intended to access.

7.7.1 Interfaces

7.7.1.1 Data Models used in interfaces

Name	Traceability Agen	Traceability Agent Data Model	
Property	Туре	Description	
Receiver	String	user that obtain the right to access a Demeter resource	
Sender	String	identification of who is issuing the right	
Timestamp	DateTime	time of occurrence of the event	
OptionalData	JSON	optional data to extend the information of the registered	
		event	

7.7.1.2 Description of APIs

Title	Register Event		
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from			
this description and can be placed as a hypertext a	bove the API template		
http://audit_tool /v1/send			
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed		
POST			
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required			
and <u>optional</u> .			
Required:			
N/A	parameter description		
Optional:			
N/A	parameter description		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.			
Required:			
Sender=[string]	identification of who is issuing the right		
Optional:			
Recipient=[string]	the beneficiary of the right		
Optional:			

² Orion, NGSI API: <u>https://fiware-orion.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/walkthrough_apiv2/index.html</u>

³ Scorpio, NGSI-LD API: <u>https://docbox.etsi.org/ISG/CIM/Open/PDF-Copy-of-GS-CIM-009-NGSI-LD-API-V1.2.1-</u> with-line-numbers.pdf





Payload=[JSON]	Token information payload with the details of the			
	transaction			
Optional:				
OptionalData=[JSON]	Optional data			
Success response <what be<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is			
useful when people need to know what their call-b	acks should expect>			
200	response description			
Content: {"transactionId"="123e4567-e89b-12d3-	value of a key as a transaction ID			
a456-426614174000"}				
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent			
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	lot of time during the integration process.			
400	Error response			
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,				
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.				
curllocationrequest POST ' http://audit_tool /v1/send ' \				
header 'Content-Type: application/json' \				
data-raw '{				
"sender": "753f103c-d8e5-4f4e-8720-13d5e2f55043",				
"recipient": "534f503d-f8e6-5g7e-1234-53d8g4d55	5043",			
"payload": {"authentication_token"="753f103c-d8e5-4f4e-8720-13d5e2f55043",				
"timestamp"="2018-03-20T15:05:35.697Z"}				
"optionalData": {}				
}'	• •			
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info re	lated to this endpoint.			
	······································			

Title	Transaction Details			
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from				
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template				
http://audit_tool/v1/transaction/{hash}				
Method This field holds the type of the Method use	ed			
GET				
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required				
and <u>optional</u> .				
Required:				
N/A	parameter description			
Optional:				
N/A	parameter description			
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.				
Required:				
transactionId=[string]	Key value as a transaction ID			
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is				
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>				
200	Transaction details			
Content:				
'{				





"sender": "753f103c-d8e5-4f4e-8720-				
13d5e2f55043",				
"tecipient": "https://153.55.55.120:2354",				
"payload": {"authentication_token"="753f103c-				
d8e5-4f4e-8720-13d5e2f55043",				
"timestamp"="2018-03-				
20T15:05:35.697Z"}				
"optionalData": {}				
}				
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ssible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent			
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	ot of time during the integration process.			
400	Error response, transaction ID does not exist			
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to	the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,			
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy t	o read by the interested parties.			
curllocationrequest POST ' http://audit_tool /v1/send ' \				
header 'Content-Type: application/json' \				
data-raw '{				
"transactionId": "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426614174000"}'				
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info re	lated to this endpoint.			

7.7.1.3 Technologies and implementation details

The traceability agent has been implemented using Django REST Framework and it will be deployed using Docker containers.





8 DEMETER Enabler Hub

8.1 Description

The DEMETER Enabler HUB (DEH) is one of the most crucial components of the DEMETER project; it represents the digital space dedicated to end users of DEMETER where they will be able to create and register their own resources. Users will have two roles and they will act as DEMETER Provider and DEMETER Consumer. A DEMETER Provider will be able to offer his resources (components, services, data sources, devices, platforms, etc), while DEMETER Consumers will be able to browse it, and find suitable resources matching their requirements. In order to support this, the DEH involves communication between various DEMETER components. Taking this into account, each component inside DEH will expose endpoints through their internal APIs, and all data will be based on the AIM model (JSON-LD interoperability exchange format). Data entities from any Platform, Thing, Application, Service will be managed through these APIs, but for the sole purpose of discovery and management of the resource registry maintained by the DEH. To make the solution more flexible and easier to maintain, all components inside the DEH will be developed as separate services and deployed as standalone Docker containers. The DEH Dashboard (DEH Dymer sub-component described below) will be provided as an external component outside of the Core Services which will be available as SaaS (Software as a Service) and consists of the Compatibility Checker, Resource Registry Management and Discovery Management as shown in the figure below:

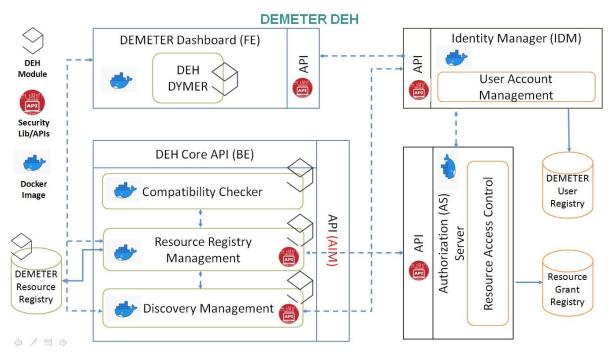


Figure 16: DEH Functional Architecture

Secured communication among all components will be provided by a Security Enabler, more specifically by the Identity Manager, and Resource Access Control components. The DEH Enabler will communicate with the Brokerage Service Environment (BSE) where all data gathered from DEMETER Pilots will be published. After the publishing, resource data (in AIM format) should be verified using the Compatibility Checker component and if data satisfies all necessary requirements, it will be passed to the Resource Registry Management component, which is in charge of all operations related to storing and managing DEMETER Entities. At the end, the DEH Dashboard will be able to show these resources in resource register mode to the end users of DEMETER, who intend to view them.





All Hub components will be made available for deployment via docker containerization. This will increase the configurability of the APIs and the flexibility of the DEH components by allowing different deployment modes such as cloud centric or Pilot environments.

8.2 Development View

The development view, also known as an implementation view, depicts the system from an engineer's point of view with a focus on the software module organization. For the purpose of representing the Development view, UML Component Diagram will be used to depict building blocks, components and their internal modules.

8.2.1 Component diagram

The component diagram, which is also known as a UML component diagram, is used to represent the physical aspect of a system and depicts the organization and the connection between internal components.

Figure 17 shows the component diagram that depicts the decomposition of the DEH into Building Blocks and the relations between them.

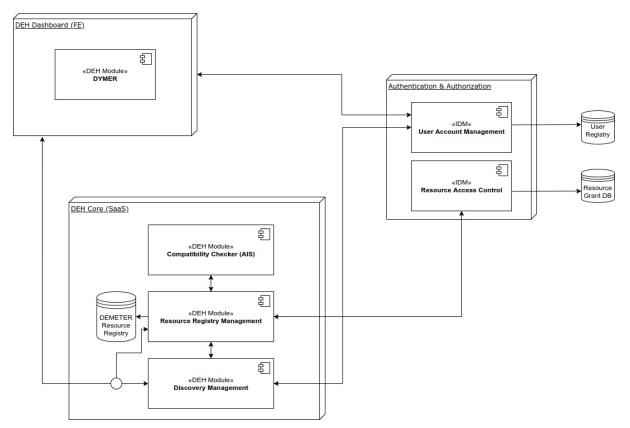


Figure 17: DEMETER Enabler HUB component diagram

DEH Components is composed of three main modules:

• **DEH Dashboard** functional module is in charge for User Interaction & Data Visualisation. It will allow users to login to DEH, discover, register and manage DEMETER Enablers.





- **DEH Authentication & Authorization** functional module is in charge for User authentication and authorization. It will contain information related to users, such as personal data, credentials, but also access policies.
- **DEH Core** functional module is in charge for managing DEMETER Resources. It will manage creating, editing, deleting and Discovery of DEMETER resources.

8.2.2 Building blocks (components)

This section contains detailed descriptions of components inside the DEH. Each component will be presented in subsections, which contain information about it, its purpose inside the DEH and component diagrams which depict their internal functional modules.

8.2.2.1 DEH Dashboard

DEH Dashboard represents the DEH front-end application, which will be used by end-users or DEMETER Stakeholders for resource creation or discovery. The DEH resources are represented by a set of entities such as Component, Device, Service, Dataset, Platform (and all those that will be added later in the project) which can be added via the DEH Dashboard or web-based UI (User Interface).

This fronted application for Stakeholders will be provided by ENG, which in the context of the DEMETER project for this specific component will use technology developed within its research laboratories, namely the DYMER. The DYMER is an open source suite for resource catalogue visualisation. DYMER provides advanced mapping capabilities between a data model in JSON format and its graphic template on the one hand, and on the other hand it provides a JavaScript framework for integrating the DYMER template into a web-based application. The software is flexible because it adopts open technologies and can be used in various environments without considerable requirements.

The DYMER consists of two main components:

- DYMER-Core (or DYMER business service module)
- DYMER-Viewer

DYMER Core is based on microservice architectural style with an approach to develop a single application as a suite of small services, each running in its own process and communicating with lightweight mechanisms using HTTP/REST protocols alongside JSON.

The diagram in Figure 18 depicts the DEMETER Enabler HUB Dashboard building block components:



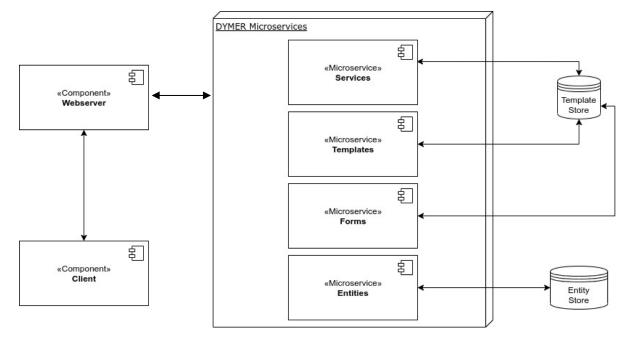


Figure 18: DEMETER Enabler Hub Dashboard building block components

Each microservice is developed with a specific role, however among the main ones we can identify three that have most impact on DEH:

- **Templates microservice** is responsible for generating graphic templates that can be used in order to display products and services using logic-less templates.
- Forms microservice is responsible for modelling data and metadata inherent to the products and services offered in DEH.
- Entities microservice is responsible for managing the storage and usage of the product and its services.

These microservice are developed with Express.js⁴ framework for Node.js⁵, designed for building web applications and APIs, released as free and open-source software under the MIT License⁶.

The information is stored in NoSQL⁷ Database that provides high performance, high availability, and automatic scaling. Service-Entities use Elasticsearch⁸ that is a distributed, open source search and analytics engine for all types of data, including textual, numerical, geospatial, structured, and unstructured that stores data in JSON format.

Interaction with the **DYMER-Core** takes place through the **DYMER-Viewer** that is a fast, small, and feature-rich JavaScript library. Thanks to it, it is possible to interact with the platform facilitating the user in the use of data by offering a single search point and displaying the results in special graphic templates.

⁸ <u>https://www.elastic.co/</u>



⁴ <u>https://expressjs.com/it/</u>

⁵ <u>https://nodejs.org/it/</u>

⁶ <u>https://opensource.org/licenses/MIT</u>

⁷ <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NoSQL</u>



When it comes to the security part, DYMER will communicate with User Account management and Resource Access Control components. These interactions will be covered in section 8.3. Process View.

DYMER created the frontend technology that allows to create the Dashboard user for the DEMETER resource catalogue. The DEH end-user can register themselves to the DEH catalogue through a specific registration form made available by the Fiware-IdM component, which will be integrated with through its API. At the end of the registration the user will be able to access to the DEH resource catalogue using single sign-on authentication service as shown in the figure below:

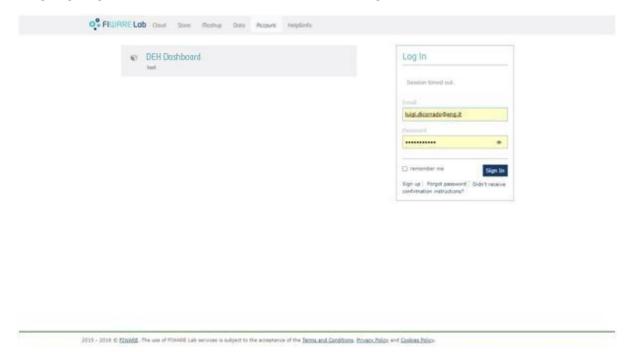


Figure 19: DEH Dashboard user login

The user entering the credentials (Username and Password) can access to the DEH catalog of resources and to a whole series of features that are in the design and implementation phase.

In order to have a shared idea about the DEH features, a survey was prepared by ENGINEERING with the support of Fraunhofer (WP7 "Multi-Actor Ecosystem Development" leader) and T3.5 participants, then reviewed by WP leaders and cluster pilot leaders.

The survey proposed a list of possible features for the DEH based on the Grant Agreement (GA) and aimed at finding a prioritization for the implementation of those features; Moreover it gave the possibility to add additional comments on proposed features and suggestions for any other missing features.

The survey was sent in December (through the online survey-management system, EU survey⁹) to WP3 participants, considering that DEH users will be mainly developers and 16 answers were collected.

The collected answers were used as "user requirements" for the design of the DEH and can be identified in the following:

⁹ https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/welcome





- User profile management •
- Resource discovery through search API •
- New resources creation and editing •
- Resource compatibility checking •
- Resource rating visualisation •

The DEH Dashboard is under construction, but below are described, through some screenshots, the features currently available in the HUB. Figure 20 show the dashboard that appears to the user when the latter accesses the resource catalogue (obviously the image shows only sample data). The user will be able to navigate the list of resources, which will be paged if the number of resources exceeds a specific threshold. In the list, the user displays a first detail of each resource (such as Component, Device, Service, Dataset, Platform) which shows only some data such as the name of the resource, the description and the endpoint to view or download the selected resource.

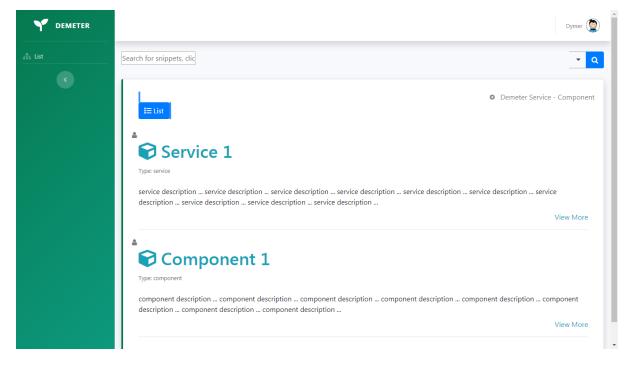


Figure 20: DEH Dashboard – Resource catalogue

The user will also be able to perform a search among the resources in the list, using a special search function. The search will obviously be gradually refined in the implementation, in its technical details and as a web module by adding the necessary filters that will become necessary from time to time. Figure 21 shows how a user can access the search filters made available by the dashboard to perform targeted searches on the resources contained in the catalogue:





Y DEMETER		Dyme	er 🦉
	Search for snippets, clic	-	c
		Title	
		Service 1	ent
	i≡ List	С С	
	<u>ـ</u>	Component	
	Service 1	<i>₽</i> О	
	Type: service		
		cription service description service description service description service	
	description service description service description	service description View Mc	ore
	Component 1		
	Type: component		
		omponent description component description component description component	

Figure 21: DEH Dashboard search filter on resource catalogue

A DEH user can insert a new resource and edit the one already existing. This is possible through "add" or "edit"/"upgrade" functions. To access the function of creating a new resource, it is needed to click on a specific image in the upper right part of the list:

Ξ List

Demeter Service - Component

By clicking on the "+" button the user can access a popup that shows the data entry form for the resource:





 \times

Add Entity

Demeter Service - Component	
Title	
Please provide the name of the Demeter Service - Component	
Туре	
Component	~
Please select the type Service/Component	
Description	
	/
Link	
Uri	
Title	
Please provide the link of the Demeter Service - Component	
Status	
Published	~
Visibility	
Public	~
	Submit

Figure 22: DEH Dashboard – create new entity/resource

The user can define a whole series of details relating to the resource he intends to create, including the name, the type, the description and a web link to the resource (since it concerns a web reference to a component for its download or a service endpoint), the title, the status and finally the visibility (this property is related to the need of the user to make the resource public or discoverable by the other users of the HUB or private). It is important to remark here that this is still an evolving job, so this form will be updated in the near future to match end users' needs. This work, which involves continuous updates of the resource model, will be well supported by DYMER, which uses dynamic module models associated with the resource data model. The more frequently the data model changes, the more the DYMER will be able to adapt the user interfaces to the new model.

Finally, the user can edit the data associated with the individual resources at any time using the "View More" link in the list. For each resource in the list the user can access to specific resource by clicking on related "View More" link. The screenshot below shows what the user sees after clicking on the link:





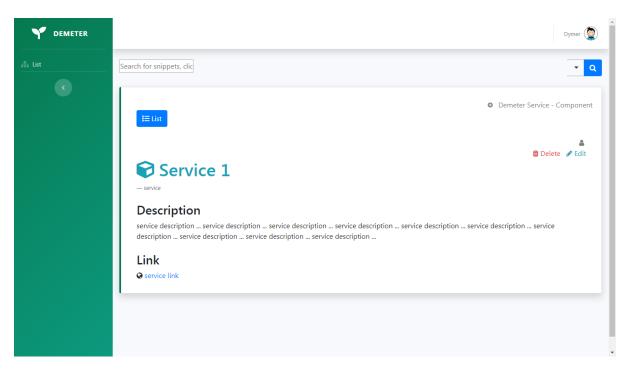


Figure 23: DEH Dashboard – List of entities/resources

The user can decide to delete the resource from the register or simply to edit it (only if the user is the owner of the selected resource). In the first case, the user must click on the "Delete" link and wait for the system to send a visual message via pop-up with the result of deleting the selected resource from the resource registry.

Figure 24 shows the form that the user accesses from the list of resources by simply clicking on the link "Edit":

		Dymer (🔕)
	Edit ×	
⊥ List	Search for snppe Demeter Service - Component	• Q
	Title Service 1	• Demeter Service - Component
	Please provide the name of the Demeter Service - Component Type Cancire	🗂 Delete 🥒 Edit
	Service T service Description	
	Description service	
	description Link	on service description service
	Link Url http://domain/service	
	Title service link	
	Please provide the link of the Demeter Service - Component	
	Status Published	
	Visibility	
	Public v	
	Close Save changes	

Figure 24: DEH Dashboard - edit existing entity/resource





Changing a resource means changing all the data previously defined in the creation phase, allowing the user to correct any errors such as bad typing of information.

The DYMER also implements administration functionality represented by a web-based application, external to the DEH catalogue, to allow a user with Admin role to have complete management of Templates, Models or Forms and Entities. Figure 25 shows administration dashboard of DYMER component:

DYMER	< DYnamic Information ModElling	g & Rendering		۵ -
Dashboard E templates	Indices 2	Templates 4	Models 2	Entities 12
ENTITIES	Models vs Indices			
SERVICES	INDEX	MODEL	ENTITIES	ACTION
	demeterproduct	Demeter Product	6	≫ 🛍
	demeterservice	Demeter Service	6	9× 11
	Templates vs Indices			
	INDEX	FULL CONTENT	PREVIEW LIST	PREVIEW MAP
	demeterproduct(Demeter Product)	Demeter Product FULL	Demeter Product LIST	×
	demetersroduct(Demeter Service)	Demeter Service FULL	emeter Service LIST	×
	LICENSES			© 2020, made by Engineering

Figure 25: DYMER administration dashboard





By clicking on the Templates link menu, on the left in the drop-down list, the user can access to the list of the currently registered Templates, in order to view them or create new templates through "Manage Template " functionality or modify the existing ones. Figure 26 shows the Template list:

٢	DYMER	< DYnamic Information ModElling & Rendering	Q •
.00	DASHBOARD	ର ମ ପ ଦ X ଅ ⊻	
	TEMPLATES	Image: Compon Blocks Properties Sheddy Cash of the sheddy Compon Blocks Properties Sheddy - Icon Owner - Icon Own	
	EIST TEMPLATE	+ NEW TEMPLATE {{title}}	
	MANAGE TEMPLATES	dem × Type: ((type))	
	MODELS	Demeter List Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Demeter Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Image: Service - Component) Im	View More
(1)		Y III Grid Row	view wore
Ì	ENTITIES	Pagination {//each}	
	SERVICES	Demeter Full Image: Control of the second	
\bigcirc	DOCUMENTATION		
			÷
			8
		LICENSES © 2020, made	by Engineering

Figure 26: DYMER administration - template management

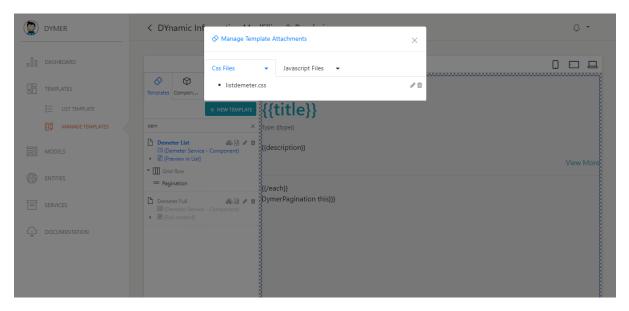
The same management features are available respectively for the models/forms and for the entities as the figures below shown:





DYMER	< DYnamic Information ModElling & Rendering	Q •
]]] DASHBOARD	よ ひ の 23 回 上	
TEMPLATES	Models Compon Blocks Properties Demeter Service - Componer	nt
MODELS	deme x	
	Demeter Service - Component Please provide the name of the Demeter Service - Component Gemeterservicecomponent) Type	
DOCUMENTATION	Y □ Form Component	~
ENTITIES	Please select the type Service/Component Description	
= SERVICES		
	Link Url Title	
	LICENSES © 202	0, made by Engineering

Figure 27: DYMER administration-models/forms management









DYMER	DYnamic Inf Anage Template Attachments X	Q •
	Css Files 🔺 Javascript Files 👻	
	Templates Compon List	
: LIST TEMPLATE	Upload	
MANAGE TEMPLATES	dem box; Create np: 3; nt vertica;	
MODELS	Demoter List Demoter Service Service Demoter In List	/iew More
	✓ III Grid Row	
SERVICES	Demeter Full Cometer Service - Component) B (Demeter Service	

Figure 29: DYMER administration-models/template crud css/javascript

٢	DYMER	✓ DYnamic Inf	Q •
		Css Files Javascript Files	
		Templates Compon Listdemeter.css	
		.descrellipse[overflow: hidden;	
		dem display-webkit-box; webkit-box;	
		Demeter List Operater Service Eligipperiev in List	View More
		Time Grid Row Magnetion SAVE	
		Demeter Full @ Demeter Service - Component) B [full content]	
¢			

Figure 30: DYMER administration-models/template manage edit css/javascript





٢	DYMER	< DYnamic Information ModElling & Rendering		
	DASHBOARD TEMPLATES E LIST TEMPLATE D MANAGE TEMPLATES MODELS	demeterservicecomponent Image: Component i		
63		PREVIOUS 1/5 NEXT component description		
	ADD ENTITY	Link		
	QUERY BUILDER HOOK	Clink Component		
		D 06/17/2020 16:55		

Figure 31: DYMER administration- entities management

٢	DYN	MER	C C Differente Information Med Filling & Decideving	¢ •	
			Edit ×	×	
			Demeter Service -		
			Component	🛍 Delete 🥒 Edit	
			component		
			Title		
			Component 1		
			Please provide the name of the Demeter Service - Component		
			Туре		
			Component	nent description component	
	0		Please select the type Service/Component		
			Description		
	Q		component description component description component description component description		
	639		component description component description component description component description		
			Link		
			Url		

Figure 32: DYMER administration – edit entities

8.2.2.2 DEH Resource Registry Management

DEH Resource Registry management component represents essentially a master service included in the DEH Core services. It is the only component inside the DEH which has direct access to the DEH Resource Registry and thus the component will act like a Data Access Object (DAO) Layer. The functionalities that DEH Resource Registry Management module should provide consist in managing and monitoring resources. As will be described in the next subsection, this module also works closely and is used by the DEH Resource Discovery component.

Managing resources includes the functionalities which will provide storing new resources, as well as updating the properties of existing ones and deleting them when they are no longer offered. Beside the mandatory information stored about any resource offered by the DEH, this component will be





able to provide and store information about the changes that were made to the registry, including their time and version. Part of the process for registering (or updating) a resource also includes passing the relevant information (and potentially) part of the code or the interface data of the resource to the compatibility checker component (described in section 8.2.2.4) in order to verify compatibility with DEMETER and AIM; only after this check is completed successfully can any resource be registered.

In addition, this component will work closely with the Resource Discovery module (see section 8.2.2.3), as the later will query for specific resources registered in the Resource Registry DB. To facilitate these queries the audit component of this module will also query the resource access control policies and data as stored in that component of the DEH in order to determine which resources a given user is allowed to access. This information is provided by the user who registered the resource and is stored in the Resource Registry DB together with the remaining data regarding any resource.

Finally, the Resource Registry Management will also provide the information and enable the usage of the stored resources to the end users.

As part of the last functionality, the usage of the resources by end users, it will offer tools for monitoring these resources and this includes functionalities which will record the history regarding the consumption of specific enablers and resource and their work load.

Figure 33 shows a diagram that depicts internal functional modules of DEH Resource Registry Management and communication with other DEH modules.

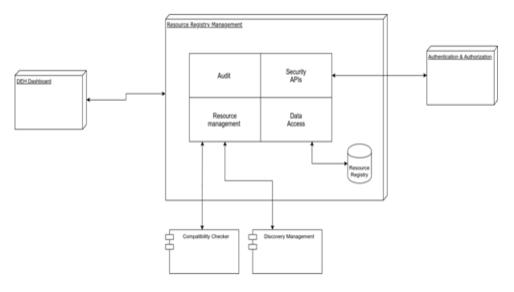


Figure 33: Resource Registry Management building block diagram

Resource Registry management is composed of four internal modules:

- Audit responsible for collecting data related to resource, including their capabilities, their access information as well as user access control policies.
- Data Access responsible for accessing the actual data for a resource as stored in the Resource Registry DB.
- Resource Management responsible in general for the resource management process and for interfacing with other components such as the compatibility checker and the discovery management.
- Security APIs responsible for providing authentication and authorization.





The Audit module provides support for collecting data about resources such as the date and time of their creation or any edit or update to the resource, its rating, its usage, and its history of consumption. In addition, it will be responsible for gathering the information needed by other modules such as access policies to the resource as well as the data needed to verify compatibility. The Audit module communicates all this data to the Resource Management, in order to pass all of that information along to other components.

The Data Access module provides support for direct access to the Resource Repository DB in order to manipulate the data stored about a registered resource allowing to store, read, edit and delete its relevant data.

The Resource Management module is the only module that has direct communication with external modules like the Compatibility checker in order to validate if a resource is compatible with DEMETER or the Discovery Module in order to find proper resources based on user queries (filters). This module also provides support related to preparing a resource for storing. After the resource is checked, and prepared, data is passed to the Data Access modules in order to store it inside the Resource Registry DB. Finally, the resource management module allows searching and accessing resources based on the following criteria: resource uid, type, tags, category, and text search. The research capabilities of this module may be integrated and improved from time to time during the development phase of the DEH, in order to support new application needs as much as possible or to cover new integration requirements with the other DEMETER software components.

For purposes of the Resource Registry store, a NoSQL document-oriented database is used. NoSQL systems are generally more efficient than relational databases because of their ease of management. Since the information to be collected, stored, consulted essentially refer to DEH resources metadata, the challenge will be to use a NoSQL technology for this purpose.

The DEH Resource Registry: represents the solution to the metadata store based on NoSQL data archives. DEH Resource Registry works as part of store data and take advantage of the underlying NoSQL functionality to provide its services. This database will face a number of important challenges:

- first, gathering metadata without imposing too much overhead for CRUD operations arriving ٠ from client application,
- second, it must allow a user to specify (via API) what the metadata collected and how to use ٠ them.
- Finally, it must manage the size of the stored data, the number of incoming CRUD operations • and obviously the size of the metadata itself.

Probably if the size of the metadata and the operations managed by the NoSQL database (in the continuous collection of metadata), should cause a great overload of the system, configuration-level facilities could be introduced which would allow a more moderate acquisition of metadata by sizing the read and write operations performed by client applications on the NoSQL store.

The DEH Resource Registry is a table for registering objects for which the metadata will be collected. Each resource is identified by some attributes such as for example *uid, name and resource ownership*. The metadata will be collected and stored in this table (resource_metadata). Client applications will only be allowed read-only access to this table to protect the metadata scheme. To allow a client to modify a resource, all authorizations will be verified through DEMETER's security enablers.





The Security APIs module provides support for connection with Authentication Authorization block, in order to get respective access policies.

The security module in the authentication authorization block provides the solution for controlling the access to the stored resources.

The Security API implements OAuth2 for the implementation of the Identity Management KeyRock (authentication) and a REST API for the implementation of DCapBAC (authorization).

The DCapBAC REST API end point function returns the authorization or Capability Token. A definition of this is shown next, definition that can be found in more detail in this document Section 7.4:

Name: generateCapabilityToken (authtoken, subject, resource, action) Expected output: Capability Token (a signed JSON document) Error messages: "Error connecting to the Authorization server" Data model used: each of the parameters received by this function are strings

Name generateCapabilityToken()		ilityToken()
Property	Туре	Description
authtoken	String	The authentication token obtained from the
		Identity Management
subject	String	The subject of the authorisation query
resource	String	The resource intended to be accessed
action	String	The operation mode: GET, POST, PUT, PATCH or
		DELETE

The description of these parameters is:

Sample call:

generateCapabilityToken("04c5b070-4292-4b3f-911b-",user@dem.com,"ngsi-ld/v1/entities","GET")

Once the DCapBAC REST API has been called and the authorization token returned, it will be included in the access to the resource in the corresponding repository. Before performing the authorization process, the authentication one must have been done as it generates an Authentication Token that must be included in the authorization calls to be validated.

The authorization process, in a more detailed view, is based on a technology called Distributed Capability-Based Access Control (DCapBAC), which decouples the traditional XACML framework in two phases, one for receiving the authorization (represented by the receipt of the Capability Token) and a second one for accessing the information repository, where a Policy Enforcement Point (PEP) Proxy first validates the received Capability Token and in case of a positive answer it continues acting just as a mere intermediary with the information repository. Additionally, it interacts with other resource repositories placed in both DEH and BSE so that the access can always be controlled.

The authorization enabler depends on the resources repositories to be addressed, since they must incorporate the Capability Token to the corresponding queries so that the PEP Proxy can validate them.





8.2.2.3 DEH Discovery Management

The DEH Discovery Management module works together with the Resource Registry Management module presented in the previous subsection. In fact, for the most part, it piggybacks upon the information provided by that module in order to accomplish its task. Now, its task is to get requests for specific types of DEMETER enabled entities through the DEH interface (from users/stakeholders) and afterwards to query the Resource Management component (of the Resource Registry Management) in order to discover the resources matching the user request that the user is allowed to access; again the latter (access control) is being enforced by the data access functionalities of the Resource Registry making certain that when the list of available resources is returned as result of a user query, this list this does not contain any resources whose access policies would prohibit usage and discovery by the specific user.

Therefore, the main functionality of this component is to translate the data between the appropriate DEH Interface used by stakeholders in order to discover resources by placing the appropriate filters and the registry management component, and then to place the appropriate query through the relevant resource management interfaces. Once this information is returned to the module then it is processed and encoded appropriately to be shown through the DEH interface to the end user. It will be possible to change the ordering of the resources returned based on criteria such as price, quality, availability, platform or device used (if appropriate) just to mention a few. It will also be possible to keep track of the other queries made by the end user in order to provide resources which are compatible with the previous queries and resources sought previously by the same user in the same session.

Finally, in a second development stage for this component we will aim to store and reprocess the past queries submitted by users. This would allow us to inform users regarding new resources available which match their past queries for example. To accommodate such tasks, we will need to periodically rerun queries submitted by end users. This means that such information needs to be stored. If the resource registry cannot accommodate the storage of such information, then most likely this will require use of a simple database separate from the Resource Registry DB, inside the DEH Discovery Management module, in order to store this data. Any relevant resources which are then discovered will be logged, so that when the user reuses the DEH, this information will be available to them.

8.2.2.4 DEH Compatibility Checker

The Compatibility Checker component is an external module to validate if a resource is compatible with the DEMETER architecture. Compatibility Checker will check each new resource on several aspects of compatibility (before it can be registered and offered through the DEMETER HUB).

First, the compatibility checker will test the level (and completeness) of implementation of the defined DEMETER API.

- What services are implemented?
- Are mandatory parameters implemented?
- What optional parameters are implemented?
- Are responses correctly represented by codes?

Second, the compatibility checker will test the format of the services content. If requests and responses of the defined services accept payload in correct format and valid content; it should be





compatible with the AIM model offered by DEMETER. This test will need a defined set of demo requests and responses to assess correct content.

Third, the compatibility checker will test for correct semantic content. This test will need defined demo data set of different entities and objects. Tests will check for example:

- Is the timestamp represented by the correct datatype and with defined precision?
- Is the value of a measurement type (e.g., humidity) represented with defined datatype and • with requested precision?
- Is the geometry of a feature represented with the same geometry type and defined in the • same location regardless of the coordinate system?
- Is the identifier of a feature defined as unique? ٠

All defined tests will contain defined weight to evaluate a measure of compatibility or conformance. Thresholds will be defined to evaluate tests results as accepted or not accepted.

8.3 Process View

The process view covers the internal dynamics aspect of a DEH with a focus on the runtime behaviour and describes processes inside it and interaction between them. For the purpose of representing the process view, UML Activity and Sequence diagrams will be used.

Activity diagrams will depict the activities flow and how they are coordinated inside DEH Components, while Sequence Diagrams will focus on requests and messages that the same components are sharing among them in order to execute the process.

8.3.1 DEH Authentication & Authorization

The diagram in Figure 34 depicts the sequence in the interaction between DYMER and components inside the Security Block from the moment the user enters his authentication credentials up to the moment where those credentials are validated alongside with access policies.

In the rest of this section, each diagram will imply that this part is passed, so each request from DYMER will contain X-AUTH-TOKEN.





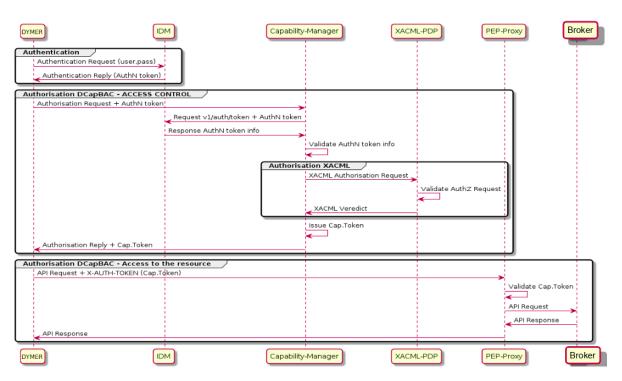


Figure 34: DEMETER Enabler Hub Authentication and Authorization sequence diagram

8.3.2 DEH Resource Registry Management

This subsection covers the interaction between internal DEH components in a process of Registering and Discovery Resources in DEH.

8.3.2.1 Activity Diagrams

Diagram in Figure 35 depicts the interaction between three DEH components that are involved in a process of registering a new resource:

- DYMER DEH Dashboard component where developers are creating a new resource
- Resource Registry Management component which manages all the processes related to the DEMETER resources
- Compatibility Checker component which validates resource compatibility





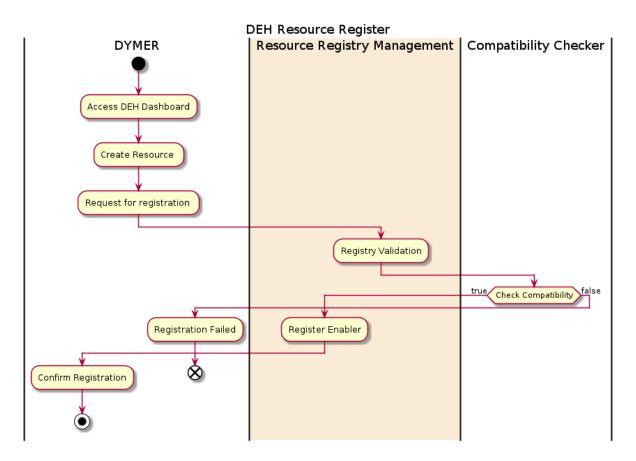


Figure 35: DEH Resource Registry activity diagram

To create a new resource in DEH, a DEMETER developer user must first authenticate and access his Dashboards (user GUI); subsequently you can send a request for registering a DEMETER Enabler. The Resource Registry management component prepares a resource for registration and requests a compatibility check. The Compatibility Checker component validates the registry. Based on validation, the registry will be saved as DEMETER enabler or not.

The diagram in Figure 36 depicts the interaction between four DEH components that are involved in a process of discovering resources:

- DYMER DEH Dashboard component where user is searching for a resource •
- Discovery Management component which allows resource discovery •
- Resource Access Control component which checks the access policies of a user •
- Resource Registry Management component which manages all the processes related to the • **DEMETER** resources





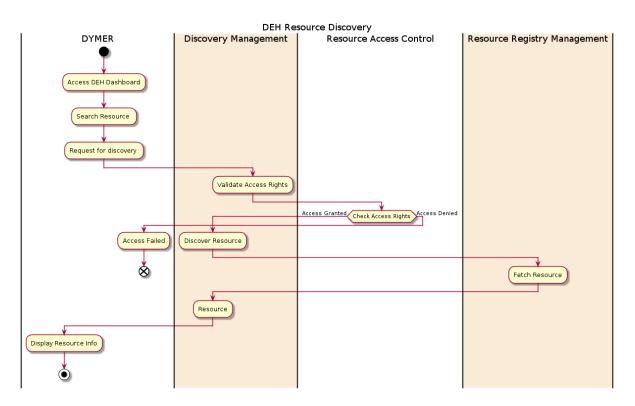


Figure 36: DEH Resource Discovery activity diagram

The Developer accesses the DEH dashboard to search for and request a resource. Discovery Management checks with Resource Access Control if the user has proper access policies. Depending on the result from the check against these access policies, the resource will be fetched, by sending a request to Resource Registry Management, and displayed to the user.

8.3.2.2 Sequence Diagrams

The diagram in Figure 37 depicts the sequence interaction between main components which are involved in a process of creating a new resource, as depicted in Figure 35 DEH Resource Registry Activity diagram:



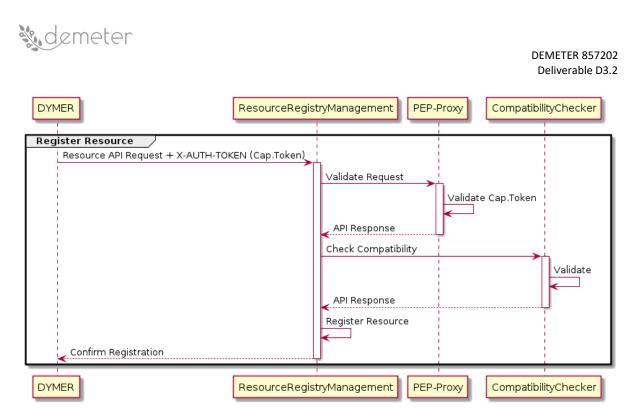


Figure 37: DEH Resource Registry sequence diagram

DYMER will send a request with X-AUTH-TOKEN in the header and the content related to the resource in a body to the DEH Resource Registry Management. The Resource Registry Management will contact the Resource Access Control to validate a request. Based on information in the header, the Resource Access Control will be able to determine if a user can register a new Resource or not and it will inform the DEH Resource Registry Management component. If a user is allowed, the Resource Registry Management component will check Compatibility of a new resource with the Compatibility Checker. Based on the information passed in the body of a request, the Compatibility Checker will be able to determine if a resource is compatible and it will inform the Registry Management component. If a resource is compatible, the Registry Management component will store a resource as a new Enabler in the DEMETER Resource Registry and send a response to DYMER with confirmation about storing.

Figure 38 shows the sequence diagram that depicts interaction between the main components which are involved in a process of discovering a resource depicted in Figure 36 DEH Resource Discovery Activity diagram:





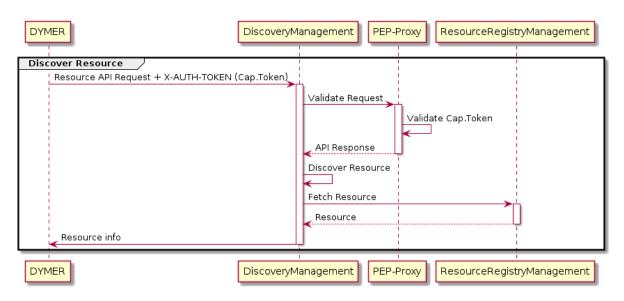


Figure 38: DEH Resource Discovery sequence diagram

The DYMER sends a request with the Capability Token in the X-AUTH-TOKEN header which will contain the resource id. The DEH Discovery Management module contacts the Resource Access Control to validate the request. Based on the Capability Token in the header, the Resource Access Control can determine if the request can access to the requested DEH resource or not and it informs the DEH Discovery Management component. If it is allowed, the DEH Discovery Management component can discover a resource, by calling the DEH Resource Registry Management component API, to fetch it. The DEH Resource Registry Management returns it then to the DEH Discovery Management, and from there it is passed to the DYMER application.

8.4 Interfaces

The data model presented in the following tables contains a preliminary list of properties that identify a resource within DEH; however, any additions to the models presented below are not excluded in terms of new properties or new types of resources that could emerge during the developments or integrate new requirements in terms of requesting data that DEH will have to support. Consequently, these definitions may change; the final version of DEH data model will be reported in D3.4.

8.4.1 DEH Resource Data Model

Name	DEH Resource: Compor	DEH Resource: Component, Device, Service, Dataset, Platform	
Property	Туре	Description	
UID	Alphanumeric	Resource unique identifier	
Name	String	Resource name	
Туре	String	Resource type	
Category	Arrays	Resource category	
Description	String	Resource description	
Endpoint	String	Resource endpoint	
Status	String	Resource status	
Version	String	Resource version	

Table 7: DEH Resource Data Model





Maturity Level	Integer	Resource maturity level
Owner	String	Resource owner
Tags	Arrays	Resource tag
Attachment	Binary data	Resource attachment
Rating	Double	Resource rating
Localisation	Arrays	Resource localisation (geo-
		points)
Accessibility	Integer	Resource accessibility (0 =
		Public, 1=Private)
Last Update	Timestamp	Resource last update date
Dependencies	Arrays	Resource dependencies (with
		other resources)
Access controls policies	Arrays	Resource ACL
URL	String	URL for downloading/streaming
		data or entity
Billing information	Arrays	Resource billing information

Table 8: DEH User Data Model

Name	DEH User	
Property	Туре	Description
Username	String	User username
Password	String	User password
First name	String	User first name
Last name	String	User last name
Email address	String	User email address
Phone number	Double	User phone number
Country	String	User country
Organisation/company	String	User organisation/company
Sectors of interest	String	User sectors of interest
Category/Type	String	User type {Developers, Farmer,
		Advisor}

8.4.2 Description of APIs

The DEH API described in the templates below represent a first version (v1) of the DEH API software stack that will be produced during the project. These services or preliminary set of APIs could be integrated with other services that will become necessary for changed conditions or for application needs or simply updated and improved the existing ones. Consequently, these refinement and new API definitions may change; the final version of the DEH API will be reported in D3.4.

8.4.2.1	DEH Dashboard	(DYMER Core API)
---------	---------------	------------------

Get entities





URL Params Required:	
negalied.	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
{	query: json object with the desired query
"bool": {	
"must": [
{	
"term": {	
"category": "open"	
}	
}	
]	
}	
}	
}	
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	success: true if there no errors
Content: {	message:message form the server eg. Resouce List or
"success": true,	Empty List
"message": "",	data: json array of objects
"data": [],	extraData: optional json object which contains extra
"extraData": {}	informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
}	
Error response	
404	success: false if there is an errors
Content: {	message:message form the server eg. Resouce List or
"success": false,	Empty List
"message": "",	data: empty json array
"data": [],	extraData: optional json object which contains extra
"extraData": {}	informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
}	
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Get File by ID
URL:	
api/entities/api/v1/entity/content/:fileid	
Headers	
mimeType: "text/html", contentType: "text/html"	
Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
fileid = [integer] ID of the file contained in the json object	





Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	Response contains file
Content: { file }	
Error response	
404	Resource not found
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Create Entity
URL:	
/api/entities/api/v1/entity/	
Headers	
enctype: "multipart/form-data;"	
Method	
POST	
URL Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
<pre>{ "instance":{ "index":"demeterproduct", "type":" demeterproduct " }, "data":{ "properties":{} } </pre>	 instance: json object with define the type and index of entity :key:value/jsonobject/jsonarray that define details of the entity properties: json object with define the properties of the entity
}	
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200 Content: {	success: true if there no errors message:message form the server eg. "Entity successful created" data: json array of objects extraData: optional json object which contains extra informazions eg. Logs, data etc.





Error response	
404	success: false if there is an errors
Content: {	message:message form the server eg. "Entity could not
"success": false,	be created"
"message": "",	data: empty json array
"data": [] <i>,</i>	extraData: optional json object which contains extra
"extraData": {}	informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
}	
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Edit Entity
URL:	· · · · ·
/api/entities/api/v1/entity/:id	
Headers	
enctype: "multipart/form-data;"	
Method	
PUT	
URL Params	
Required:	
id=[integer]	ID of the entity to update
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
{ "instance":{ "index":"demeterproduct", "type":" demeterproduct " }, "data":{	instance: json object with define the type and index of entity :key:value/jsonobject/jsonarray that define details of the entity
"properties":{} }	properties: json object with define the properties of the entity
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200 Content: {	success: true if there no errors message:message form the server eg. "Entity successful updated" data: json array of objects extraData: optional json object which contains extra informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
Error response	
404 Content: { "success": false, "message": "", "data": [],	success: false if there is an error message:message form the server eg. "Entity could not be updated" data: empty json array





"extraData": {}	extraData: optional json object which contains extra informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
Sample call	informaziono egi zogo) data eter
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Delete Entity
URL:	•
/api/entities/api/v1/entity/:id	
Headers	
enctype: "multipart/form-data;"	
Method	
PUT	
URL Params	
Required:	
id=[integer]	ID of the entity to update
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	success: true if there no errors
Content: {	message:message form the server eg. "Entity successful
"success": true,	deleted"
"message": "",	data: json array of objects
"data": [],	extraData: optional json object which contains extra
"extraData": {}	informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
}	
Error response	
404	success: false if there is an errors
Content: {	message: message from the server eg."Entity could not
"success": false,	be deleted"
"message": "",	data: empty json array
"data": [],	extraData: optional json object which contains extra
"extraData": {}	informazions eg. Logs, data etc.
}	
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

8.4.2.2	Resource Registry Management
---------	------------------------------

Title	Get Resource by UID	
URL:		
v1/resource/{uid}		





Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
uid= alphanumeric]	Resource UID
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	All information related to resource with given UID
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Resource not
	found, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable,
	Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Get Resources by Type
URL:	
/api/v1/resources/{type}	
Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
type=[String]	Resource type
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	List of resources by type
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Resource not found, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable, Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	





Title	Get resources by category
URL:	
/api/v1/resources/{category}	
Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
category=[String]	Name of resource category
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	List of resources by category
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Resource not
	found, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable,
	Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Get Resources by Tags
URL:	
/api/v1/resources/{tags}	
Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
tags=[Arrays]	Resource tags
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	List of resources by tags
Content: { }	
Error response	





401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Resource not found, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable, Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Cat recourses by taxt coarsh
	Get resources by text search
/api/v1/resources/	
Method	
GET	
URL Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
{text_input=string}	Resource that mach with the text input param
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	List of resources by text search
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Resource not
	found, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable,
	Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	
14/1	

Title	Create a new resource	
URL:		
api/v1/resource/		
Method		
POST		
URL Params		
Required:		
N/A	N/A	
Optional:		
N/A	N/A	
Data Params		
Required:		
name=[String]	resource name	





description=[String]	resource description
owner=[String]	resource owner
Optional:	
uid=[Alphanumeric]	resource uid
status=[String]	resource status
category=[Arrays]	resource categories
type=[String]	resource type
endpoint=[String]	resource endpoint
version=[String]	resource version
maturitylevel=[Integer]	resource maturity level
localisation=[Arrays]	resource localisation geo-points
url=[String]	URL for downloading/streaming data or entity
accessibility=[Integer]	resource accessibility
access_control_policies=[Array of policies]	policies regarding who can access the resource (e.g. excluding specific user types)
Success response	
200	N/A
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Internal Server Error, Service Unavailable, Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Update an existing resource
URL:	
api/v1/resource/{uid}	
Method	
PUT	
URL Params	
Required:	
uid=[String]	resource uid
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
description=[String]	resource description
endpoint[String]	Resource endpoint
status=[String]	resource status
category=[Arrays]	resource categories
maturitylevel=[Integer]	resource maturity level
localisation=[Arrays]	resource localisation geo-points
tags=[Arrays]	Resource tags
url=[String]	URL for downloading/streaming data or entity
accessibility=[Integer]	resource accessibility
attachment=[byte]	resource attachment
rating=[Double]	resource rating





access_control_policies=[Arrays]	
dependencies=[Arrays]	resource dependencies
billilng_information=[Arrays]	resource billing information
Success response	
200	resource updated
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Internal Server Error,
	Service Unavailable, Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

Title	Delete resource
URL:	•
api/v1/resource/{uid}	
Method	
DELETE	
URL Params	
Required:	
uid=[integer]	resource uid
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Data Params	
Required:	
N/A	N/A
Optional:	
N/A	N/A
Success response	
200	resource deleted
Content: { }	
Error response	
401, 403, 500, 503, 504	Unauthorized, Access forbidden, Internal Server Error,
	Service Unavailable, Gateway Timeout
Sample call	
N/A	
Notes	
N/A	

8.4.2.3 Resource Discovery

Building upon the previous interfaces of the resource registry we will also need (at least) the following interface for accessing resources from the registry that match multiple criteria (including and enforcing access control policies):

Title	Get Resources matching multiple criteria
URL:	





/api/v1/resources/advancedSearch? <query< th=""><th>with</th><th>the</th><th>data,</th><th>e.g.</th><th>type</th><th>etc.></th></query<>	with	the	data,	e.g.	type	etc.>
Headers						
enctype: "multipart/form-data						
Method						
GET						
URL Params						
Required:						
type=[String]	Reso	ource type				
category=[String]	Nan	ne of resol	urce catego	гy		
tags=[Arrays]	Reso	ource tags				
text_input=[String]	Reso	ources tha	t match wit	h the text	input parar	т
access_control_policies=[Arrays]	Inpu	it for acce	ss control p	olicies		
Optional:						
N/A	N/A					
Data Params						
Required:						
N/A	N/A					
Optional:						
N/A	N/A					
Success response						
200	List	of resourc	es by type			
Content: { }						
Error response						
401, 403, 404, 500, 503, 504			d, Access	-		
	fou	nd, Interi	nal Server	Error, Se	rvice Unav	vailable,
	Gat	eway Tin	neout			
Sample call						
N/A						
Notes						
N/A						

8.5 Technologies and implementation details

This section summarizes used technologies, tools and frameworks linked to the implementation of DEH.

Table 9 summarizes resources linked to the DEH Dashboard:

Table 7. DEIT Dashooard mixed resources			
AngularJS	https://docs.angularjs.org/api		
NodeJS	https://nodejs.org/en/docs		
ElasticSearch	https://www.elastic.co/guide/index.html		

https://docs.mongodb.com

https://expressjs.com/en/guide/routing.html

Table 9: DEH Dashboard linked resources

DEH Dashboard has two parts, the Front-End part developed in AngularJS which is SPA (Single Page Application) framework and the back-end part developed in Node.js, which is JavaScript runtime environment that executes JavaScript code outside a web browser, where Express.js is used for



MongoDB

Express.js



routing. For the purpose of storing templates, services and forms MongoDB which is a NoSQL document-oriented database is used. Elasticsearch is used for the purpose of storing entities, their indexing, and fast searching.

Table 10 summarizes resources linked to the DEH Resource Registry Management:

Spring Boot	https://docs.spring.io/spring-
	boot/docs/current/reference/htmlsingle/
MongoDB	https://docs.mongodb.com/
Spring Data MongoDB	https://docs.spring.io/spring-
	data/mongodb/docs/current/reference/html
Swagger	https://swagger.io/docs/
Lombok	https://projectlombok.org/features/all
Apache Maven	https://maven.apache.org/guides/index.html

Table 10: DEH Resource Registry Management linked resources

The DEH Resource Registry Management is developed using Spring Boot which is an industry-standard Java-based Framework, with Maven as a build automation tool. For the purpose of storing the data related to resources MongoDB which is a NoSQL document-oriented database. As additional modules that are used within Spring eco-system, we can mention Spring Data MongoDB which is used to make it easier to manage data in MongoDB. Lombok is used to reduce the boilerplate code related to Entities, while Swagger is used for the purpose of documenting and testing REST APIs.

As the DEH Discovery Management, the design, and operations of which are briefly described in section 8.2.2, is essentially based on data provided by the DEH Resource Registry Management components. This essentially means that the same technologies used in the aforementioned module will be sufficient for the development of the DEH Discovery Management as well. These cover all the key requirements for resource discovery as laid out by the requirements analysis. For the second phase of the development of this component we may need to develop some additional support tools which would probably require the use of a simple database in this tools separate from the Resource Registry DB (easily covered by MongoDB) in order, e.g., to store and reprocess the past queries submitted by users.

Table 11 summarizes resources linked to the DEH Compatibility Checker.

Table 11: Compatibility	Checker linked resources
-------------------------	--------------------------

Django REST framework	https://www.django-rest-framework.org/
Django	https://www.djangoproject.com/
PostgreSQL	https://www.postgresql.org/
Swagger	https://swagger.io/docs/





Core Enablers for Integration 9

9.1 Functional Interoperability Enabler

9.1.1 Text information - metadata

9.1.1.1 Functionality description

Functional Interoperability Core Enabler is the client-side of the Brokerage Service Environment. This Enabler provides all the services of the BSE to the rest of the Enablers (Core and Advanced) and to the Consumer's application. It serves as a wrapper for the Registration, Discovery, and Provisioning services offered by the BSE.

9.1.1.2 Interaction with other Enablers

This Enabler offers an HTTP API to any other Enabler (Core and Advanced) that needs to make use of the provided services.

9.1.1.3 Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers

This Enabler depends on the Security Enabler (also a Core DEMETER Enabler) as it requires the access credentials (authentication/authorization) to successfully communicate with the BSE. It also depends on the Semantic Interoperability Core Enabler (WP2) and the Agricultural Information Model (AIM) related functionality that this Enabler offers.

9.1.1.4 Deployment considerations

The container image of this Enabler will be available via DEMETER's Image Registry (described in section 10). It will be freely available to all DEMETER consortium and the requirements are minimal, i.e., OS capable to run docker containers, docker service up and running.

9.1.2 Technical description

This information formally describes features/characteristics of this Enabler

9.1.2.1 API and Data model

Table 12: Functional Interoperability Enabler Data Model Information
--

Name	Functional Interopera	Functional Interoperability Core Enabler data model		
Property	Туре	Description		
timestamp	Timestamp	The transaction timestamp		
resource_id	String	The resource unique id		
resource_name	String	The resource name		
resource_access_info	JSON	Information on how to access		
		the resource (e.g., port,		
		protocol, URL, etc)		
resource_metadata	JSON	Metadata information for the		
		resource (e.g., vendor, version,		
		etc)		
resource_validation_info	JSON	Information on how to validate		
		the resource (e.g., validation		
		endpoints, expected responses,		
		etc)		





resource_dependencies	Array	Dependencies on other resources
resource_usage_info	JSON	Information on the usage of the resource (e.g., accepted request rate, restrictions on concurrent consumers, etc)
resource_tags	Array	Tags for discoverability
start_time	Timestamp	Start time (e.g., the start time in a resource provisioning request)
end_time	Timestamp	End time (e.g., the end time in a resource provisioning request)
user_id	String	The provider/consumer unique identifier
provision_request_info	JSON	Information on the resource provisioning request (e.g., requested duration, rate, number of devices, number of users, etc)
provision_access_info	JSON	Information on the provisioning (e.g., duration of access, rate of access, restrictions on concurrent connections, etc)

Developers are strongly advised to adopt Swagger for online documentation of the developed APIs. Swagger details for the online documentation will also be provided.

Title	Register resource to BSE		
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from			
this description and can be placed as a hypertext al	pove the API template		
http://functionalinteroperability/api/v1/resource			
Method This field holds the type of the Method use	ed		
GET			
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any)	. Separated based on the fields below into required		
and <u>optional</u> .			
Required:			
Content-Type=application/json Header for json request			
Optional:			
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.			
Required:			
timestamp	The timestamp of registration		
user_id	The unique identifier of the provider		
resource_name	The name of the resource to be registered		
resource_access_info	The access info of the resource		
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource		
resource_validation_info	The validation info of the resource		
resource_dependencies	The dependencies of the resource		





resource_usage_info	The usage information of the resource	
resource_tags	The tags for the resource	
Optional:		
Success response <what be<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is	
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
200	Request was successful	
Content: {resource_id}		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Modify registered resource to BSE	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http:// functionalinteroperability /api/v1/resource		
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed	
PUT		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any	. Separated based on the fields below into required	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
user_id	The unique identified of the provided	
resource_id	urce_id The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
resource_name	The name of the resource	
resource_access_info	The access info of the resource	
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource	
source_validation_info The validation info of the resource		
resource_dependencies	esource_dependencies The dependencies of the resource	
resource_usage_info	The usage information of the resource	
esource_tags The tags for the resource		
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is		
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
200	Resource was successfully modified	
Content: { }		





Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404 Not found		
403 Not authorized		
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Remove registered resource from BSE	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the descril	ped API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from	
this description and can be placed as a hypertext a	bove the API template	
http:// functionalinteroperability /api/v1/resource		
Method This field holds the type of the Method us	ed	
DELETE		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u>	
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the provider	
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
Success response <what and="" any="" be="" call-backs="" code="" data?="" expect="" is="" know="" need="" on="" people="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" the="" their="" there="" this="" to="" useful="" what="" when=""></what>		
200	Resource was successfully deleted	
Content: { }		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

TitleDiscover registered resource from BSEURL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template





http:// functionalinteroperability /api/v1/resource		
Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
GET		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	
Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	request.	
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the consumer	
Optional:		
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
resource_name	The name of the resource	
resource_metadata	The metadata of the resource	
resource_tags	The tags for the resource	
Success response <what and="" any="" be="" code="" data?="" is="" is<="" on="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" td="" the="" there="" this=""></what>		
useful when people need to know what their call-backs should expect>		
200	An array of resource objects discovered	
Content: [resource_id: { resource_name: String, resource_metadata: JSON, resource_validation_info: JSON, resource_dependencies: [String], resource_usage_info: JSON, resource_tags: [String] }]		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403 Not authorized		
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

Title	Provision registered resource	
URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from		
this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template		
http:// functionalinteroperability /api/v1/provision		
Method This field holds the type of the Method used		
GET		
URL Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into required		
and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
Content-Type=application/json	Header for json request	





Optional:		
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a request.		
Required:		
user_id	The unique identifier of the consumer	
resource_id	The unique identifier of the resource	
Optional:		
Success response <what b<="" code="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>e on success and is there any returned data? This is</td></what>	e on success and is there any returned data? This is	
useful when people need to know what their call-b	acks should expect>	
200	Provisioning and access information	
Content: {resource_access_info}		
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent		
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
404	Not found	
403	Not authorized	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,		
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.		
N/A		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.		

9.1.2.2 Use cases / Data flow





DEMETER 857202 Deliverable D3.2

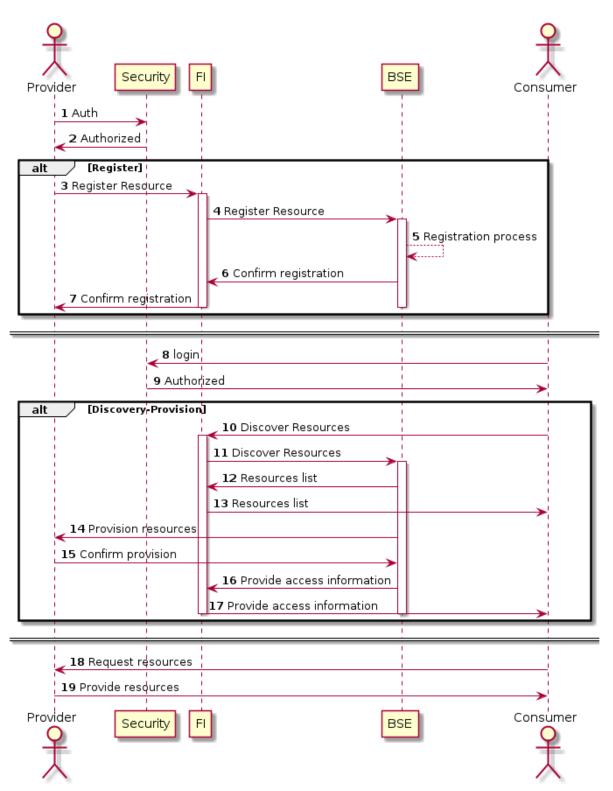


Figure 39: Functionality Enabler (FI) Sequence diagram





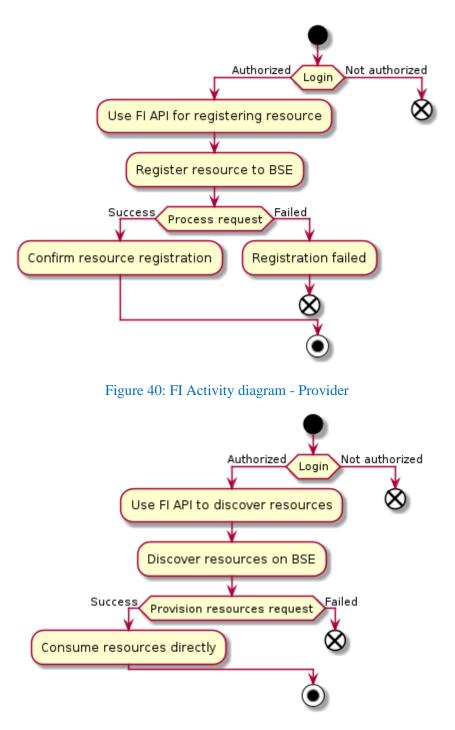


Figure 41: FI Activity diagram - Consumer

9.1.2.3 Deployment

In this section, we describe the deployment process for the FI enabler using a Docker-compose script and the deployment execution commands.

```
version: '3.4'
services:
  functional_int_enabler:
    image: demeter-project.eu/registry/:functional_int_enabler:0.0.1
```



container_name: fi_enabler
restart: always
environment:
<pre>- SEC_URL = "https://path/to/security/enabler"</pre>
$-$ SEC_PORT = 0000
<pre>- SI_URL = "https://path/to/semantic/interoperability/enabler"</pre>
- SI_PORT = 0000
- BSE_URL = "https://path/to/BSE"
$-BSE_PORT = 0000$
- SSL_PATH = "path/to/SSL/certificate"
depends on:
- Security_Enabler
- Semantic Interoperability Enabler
ports:
- "8080:8080"

Deploy by:

sudo docker-compose up -d

Configuration	Value	Туре	Description
parameter			
SEC_URL	Defined by user	String	Security Enabler URL
SEC_PORT	Defined by user	Number	Security Enabler port
SI_URL	Defined by user	String	Semantic
			Interoperability URL
SI_PORT	Defined by user	String	Semantic
			Interoperability port
BSE_URL	Defined by user	String	BSE URL
BSE_PORT	Defined by user	Number	BSE port
SSL_PATH	Defined by user	String	The path to SSL
			certificate

9.1.2.4 Configuration Parameters

9.2 Security Enabler

9.2.1 Authentication Security Enabler

9.2.1.1 Functionality description

The Security Authentication Enabler library provides to the DEMETER components and the pilots developers an abstract way to access to the Authentication OAuth 2.0 functionalities exposed by the DEMETER Authentication component REST API.

This library provides the following functions:

- Authentication by username and password
- Refresh authentication
- Revoke authentication token





9.2.1.2 Interaction with other Enablers

The Security Authentication Enabler may need to interact with the Communication and Networking Enabler to obtain a secured communication channel to perform the authentication functionalities.

This enabler will also provide to the Security Authorisation Enabler(s) the authentication token needed to perform authorization functionalities.

Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers 9.2.1.3

The functionalities provided by the security enablers (e.g. https communication, authentication and authorization tokens) will be used by the other Core/Advanced Enablers and other DEMETER components in order to obtain a secured communication channel and get access right to DEMETER resources. Therefore, the security enablers do not have any dependencies with other Enablers or DEMETER components.

9.2.1.4 Deployment/Development considerations

The authentication security enabler will be provided as a dynamic library, initially for both Windows and Linux Operating Systems.

This dynamic library can be used in different programming languages and frameworks.

9.2.1.5 Technical description

This information formally describes features/characteristics of the authentication Enabler.

Functions and Data model

The following functions are provided by this dynamic library in order to obtain, refresh and revoke authentication tokens:

Title	Create token with Username and Password	
Function 1 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters		
get_authentication_token(username,	password)	
Output This field holds the type of the output expected		
Authentication token (string) and expiration (time/	date)	
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separate	ed based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .	
Required:		
username=[string]	String with the username to log in	
Required:		
password=[string]	String with the password to log in	
Success response <what and="" any="" be="" callbacks="" code="" data?="" expect="" is="" know="" need="" on="" people="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" the="" their="" there="" this="" to="" useful="" what="" when=""></what>		
Authentication_Token:04c5b070-4292-4b3f-911b- Authentication_Token_expires_at:"2018-03-20T15:05:35.697Z"	Authentication token and its expiration date to be used with following authentication/authorisation functions.	
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
400, "Invalid client: client is invalid"	There has been a time out event while connecting to Keyrock Server	
400, "Invalid grant: user credentials are invalid"	The username or password provided doesn't match any registered user in Keyrock	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described function		
get_authentication_token ("user.example@example.com", "password1234")		





Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to the function described.

Title	Refresh token	
Function 1 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters		
refresh_authentication_token(authentication_toke	n)	
Output This field holds the type of the output expected		
Authentication token (string) and expiration (time/	date)	
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separate	-	
Required:		
authentication =[string]	String with the authentication token	
Success response < What should the status code be on su	ccess and is there any returned data? This is useful when	
people need to know what their callbacks should expect	>	
Authentication_Token: 65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-34a345f3ac7f	New authentication token and its expiration date to be	
Authentication_Token_expires_at:"2018-03-20T15:05:35.697Z"	used with following authentication/authorisation functions.	
Error response This field holds the list of all possible er	ror responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of	
why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the	integration process.	
400, "Invalid grant: refresh token is no longer		
valid"	authentication token is not provided.	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described function		
refresh_authentication_token(65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-34a345f3ac7f)		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to the function described.		

Title	Revoke token	
Function 1 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters		
revoke_authentication_token(authentication_token	n)	
Output This field holds the type of the output expected		
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .		
Required:		
authentication =[string]	String with the authentication token	
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is useful when		
people need to know what their callbacks should expect>		
0	Success response for token deletion.	
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of		
why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integration process.		
400,	The token provided is no longer valid.	
"Invalid grant: refresh token is no longer valid"		
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described function		
revoke_authentication_token ("65c6b870-3535-6b4f-345b-34a345f3ac7f")		
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to the function described.		





Use cases / Data flow

The following figure, depicts the sequence diagrams for *get_authentication_token*, *refresh_authentication_token* and *revoke_authentication_token* functions.

AuthenticationDLL	AuthenticationComponent	
Got Authoritization To	akan	
Get Authentication Token		
Refresh Authentication Token 1 old authentication token 2 new authentication token		
Revoke Authentication Token 1 authentication token 2 OK		
AuthenticationDLL AuthenticationComponent		

Figure 42: Authentication function sequence diagrams

The functions obtain the parameters and send it to the Authentication Component endpoint, where is processed and a response is provided, either with a new authentication token (*authentication_token*, *refresh_authentication_token*) or with the confirmation that an authentication token has been revoked (*revoke_authentication_token*).

Deployment

The library needs to be imported in the programming language of choice, and the function imported. The following examples show how to import them for several well-known and widely used programming languages such as Python, Java and C#:

Python:
from demeter_authentication import login_with_password, login_with_client_credentail, refresh_token
authentication_token, expire_at = login_with_password("user1@example.com","password123")
Java:
<pre>import static demeter_authentication.*;</pre>
authentication_token, expire_at = login_with_password("user1@example.com","password123")
C#:
using demeter_authentication;
authentication_token, expire_at = login_with_password("user1@example.com","password123")





Configuration Parameters

The following configurations parameters are need for the library to access to the DEMETER Authentication Component:

Configuration parameter	Value	Туре	Description
KEYROCK_URL	URL	String	Keyrock Endpoint

9.2.2 Authorisation Security Enabler

9.2.2.1 Functionality description

The authorization enabler provides a solution for controlling the access to the resources stored in an information repository. It is based on a technology called Distributed Capability-Based Access Control, which basically decouples the traditional XACML framework, into two phases: one for receiving the authorization, which is represented by the receipt of an authorisation token called Capability Token, and a second one for accessing the information repository where basically, the user/service inserts the previous Capability Token in the corresponding query so that a Policy Enforcement Point Proxy (PEP_Proxy) could check if the query matches the content of the Capability Token. In case of a positive answer, the PEP_Proxy acts as a mere intermediary between the user/service and the information repository.

9.2.2.2 Interaction with other Enablers

This enabler interacts with the authentication enabler. Before performing the authorisation process, the authentication one must be carried out. After this authentication phase, an authentication token is generated, and this token must be present in the authorisation requests. This way, the authorisation enabler interacts with the authentication enabler in order to validate this token.

Additionally, this enabler interacts with other resource repositories placed in both BSE and DEH so that the access to the different resource repositories can be controlled. So far, the current implementation depends on NGSI or NGSI-LD resource repositories.

9.2.2.3 Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers

The authorisation enabler depends on the resource repository to be addressed by user/services, since they must incorporate the Capability Token to the corresponding queries so that the PEP_Proxy would be able to validate them.

9.2.2.4 Deployment/Development considerations

The authorisation enabler comprises different sub-components, nevertheless, only the endpoint for the Capability Manager is provided to the other components. For this reason, it can be accessed by following a specific REST API. Additionally, a java library (jar) has been developed to make it easier to interact with the corresponding servers. This library, since uses JAVA can be run over different OSs.

9.2.2.5 Technical description

This information formally describes features/characteristics of an Enabler.

Functions and Data model

Data model used: each of the parameters received by this function are strings.





- Function details: •
 - Name: generateCapabilityToken("authtoken","subject","resource","action")
 - Expected output: CapabilityToken. A signed JSON document. 0
 - Error messages: Error connecting to the Authorisation server. 0

Data models used by the functions/methods shall be described in tables:

Table 13: Authorisation Enabler Data Model Information

Name	Authentication Enabler Data Model	
Property	Type Description	
Authtoken	String	The token obtained from the Identity Management
Subject	String	The subject of the authorisation query
Resource	String	The resource intended to access
action	String The operation mode: GET, POST, PUT, PATCH or DELETE	

Title	Generate Capability Token	
Function 1 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters		
generateCapabilityToken (authtoken, subject, resource, action)		
Output This field holds the type of the output expected		
Authorisation token (json document)		
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separate	ed based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .	
Required:		
authtoken=[alphanumeric]	Alphanumeric string with the authentication token	
Required:		
subject=[alphanumeric]	Alphanumeric string with the subject of the authorisation request	
Required:		
Resource=[alphanumeric]	Alphanumeric string identifying the resource to be accessed	
Required:		
Action=[alphanumeric] Alphanumeric string corresponding to the operation be performed: GET, POST, PUT, PATCH or DELETE		
Success response <what be="" code="" on="" should="" status="" su<br="" the="">people need to know what their callbacks should expect</what>	<pre>iccess and is there any returned data? This is useful when ></pre>	
Authorisation token:	Authorisation token.	
"id": "7g3vfT_q9vTL2aQ4", "ii": 1415174237,		
"is": "issuer@um.es",		
"su":		
"zNwS5FetB4rwzSKsWwSBAxm5wDa=JgLjHU8zSnmeSFQgSG9HhdsJ		
rE8=",		
"de": "coap://sensortemp.floor1.computersciencefaculty.um.es",		
"si":		
"SbUudG4zuXswFBxDeHB87N6t9hR=PBQqCN3gpu7nSkuPzDk7kaR3 dq1=",		
"ar": [
{		
"ac": "GET",		
"re": "temperature",		
"f": 1,		
"co": [
{		





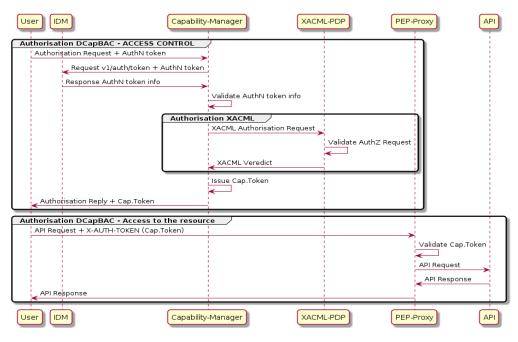
DEMETER 857202 Deliverable D3.2

"t": 5,	
"v": 25,	
"u": "Cel",	
u: cer,	
},	
"t": 6,	
"v": 20,	
"u": "Cel",	
}	
]	
}	
],	
"nb": 1415174237,	
"na": 1415175381	
}	
	rror responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of
why the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the	e integration process.
-1, "connection timeout"	There has been a time out event while connecting to
	Authorisation Server
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the	described function
generateCapabilityToken("04c5b070-4292-4b3f-9.	11b-",jamartinez@odins.es,"ngsi-
Id/v1/entities","GET")	
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related	<i>I to the function described.</i>

Use cases / Data flow

Authorisation DCapBAK access control flow is presented in Figure 43 below.

UML Sequence diagram(s)









Deployment

Technically describe the deployment process for the enabler: examples of how to import the library for different programming languages.

```
i.e java:
import demeter_authorisation;
...
capToken = generateCapabilityToken("04c5b070-4292-4b3f-911b-",jamartinez@odins.es,"ngsi-
ld/v1/entities","GET");
```

Configuration Parameters

The following configurations parameters are need for the library to access to the DEMETER Authorisation enabler:

Configuration parameter	Value	Туре	Description
AUTHORISATION_URL	URL	String	Authorisation Endpoint

9.3 Communications and Networking Enabler

9.3.1 Communications and Networking Enabler: TLS/DTLS

9.3.1.1 Functionality description

This module provides confidentiality properties to a client-server communication, to prevent unauthorized readings or alterations by malicious users.

9.3.1.2 Interaction with other Enablers

This enabler will be integrated with the authentication enabler and, in general, with others security enablers. An authentication phase is mandatory to guarantee confidentiality aspects in a secure system, in fact these security components should be considered as a unique element in the system.

9.3.1.3 Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers

This enabler only depends on the others security enablers suite, such as authentication enabler, authorization enabler, etc.

9.3.1.4 Deployment/Development considerations

The module will be implemented with OpenSSL, which is a well-known toolkit written in C that provides several libraries and APIs to perform some cryptographic tasks. OpenSSL supports several operating systems, e.g. Linux, Windows, OS X, iOS, Android, etc, with some different platforms, such as Intel, ARM, X32, etc.

9.3.1.5 Technical description

This module implements TLS/DTLS protocols providing confidentiality. Thanks to this, a HTTPS communication between client and server will be established. OpenSSL is a powerful and open source





solutions that provide an SSL/TLS toolkit and a cryptographic library. This toolkit implements all the features required by a secure communication over a computer network, in particular the module supplies that information is not made available to unauthorized entities, preserving them both from readings and from modifications.

The confidentiality is implemented through a secure communication channel and a session keys that make the information that is exchanged private. These security aspects are possible with algorithms that cypher the data in a proper manner, so that its reading is possible only for the entities which are in possession of the right keys.

Functions and Data model

Since the OpenSSL interface is a shell command line through which the user runs the commands for the machine, there are no functions or data model to describe.

UML Activity diagram(s)

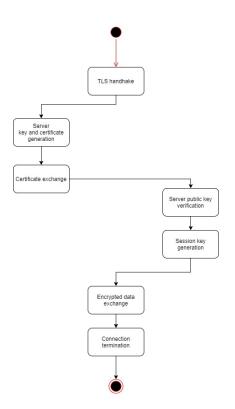
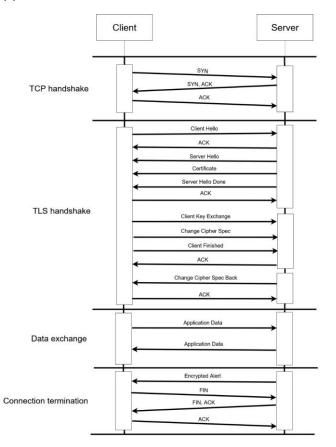


Figure 44: OpenSSL TLS/DTLS activity diagram







UML Sequence diagram(s)

Figure 45: OpenSSL TLS/DTLS sequence diagram

Deployment

After downloading the OpenSSL master sources, to configure its library the toolkit uses a custom build system. Once configured, it is necessary to run a make command to build the library.

Configuration Parameters

This enabler does not have configuration parameters.





9.3.2 Communications and Networking Enabler: JSON/XML Encryption

9.3.2.1 Functionality description

Encryption and decryption of JSON and XML

9.3.2.2 Interaction with other Enablers

N/A

9.3.2.3 Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers

N/A

9.3.2.4 Deployment/Development considerations

Python library dependent on the following libraries: objcrypt, json, pyDes

make c	clean	
make a	all	

9.3.2.5 Technical description/information

The functions in this library make use of existing external libraries to encrypt and decrypt JSON and XML objects.

Functions and Data model

Data models used by the functions/methods shall be described in tables:

Table 14: Encryption enabler, json data model

Name	JSON	
Property	Туре	Description
N/A	JSON	JSON data model

Table 15: Encryption enabler, XML data model

Name	XML	
Property	Туре	Description
N/A	XML	XML data model

Title	Encrypt json	
Function 1 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters		
encrypt_json(json_to_encrypt, key, labels=None)		
Output This field holds the type of the output exp	pected	
Encrypted JSON (str)		
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). So	eparated based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .	
Required:		
json_to_encrypt	to_encrypt JSON dict to encrypt	
Required:		
key	Alphanumeric string containing the password for the	
encryption		
Optional:		
labels	Name of the labels separated by ";", string.	
	If none, select all	





Success response <what and="" any="" be="" code="" data?="" is="" on="" returned="" should="" status="" success="" th="" the="" there="" this="" useful="" when<=""></what>						
people need to know what their call-backs should expect>						
{"test":	Encrypted JSON					
"X5rP1dfame+/5UIW35kmzoISBYOIZ4KjklL7qTTMBcSKA9						
lpCOZkD7lVgOWk1hWY"}						
Error response This field holds the list of all possible error	responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of why					
the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integr	ration process.					
ТВО						
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the d	escribed function					
dictionary={						
'test': 'test value'						
}						
encrypt_json(dictionary, "test")						
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to the function described.						

Title	Decrypt json					
Function 2 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters						
decrypt_json(json_to_decrypt, key)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Output This field holds the type of the output expected						
Decrypted JSON (dict)						
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separate	d based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .					
Required:						
json_to_decrypt	JSON string to decrypt					
Required:						
key	Alphanumeric string containing the password for the decryption					
Success response <what be="" code="" on="" s<="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>uccess and is there any returned data? This is useful when</td></what>	uccess and is there any returned data? This is useful when					
people need to know what their call-backs should expect	>					
{'test': 'test value'}	Decrypted JSON					
Error response This field holds the list of all possible erro the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integ	r responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of why tration process.					
{'test': ''}	The password is wrong and the decryption failed					
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the a	described function					
encrypted_json={"test": "X5rP1dfame+/5UIW35kmzoISBYOIZ4KjklL7qTTMBcSKA9lpCOZkD7lVgOWk1hWY"}						
encrypt_json(encrypted_json, "test")						
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to the function described.						

tle Encrypt_XML					
Function 3 This field holds the name of the function used and the required (and optional) parameters					
encrypt_xml(xml_to_encrypt, key, labels=None)					
Output This field holds the type of the output expected					
Encrypted XML (bytes)					
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separated	d based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .				
Required:					
xml_to_encrypt XML string to encrypt					
Required:					
key Alphanumeric 8 characters string containing the password					
for the encryption					
Optional:					





labels	Name of the labels separated by ";", string.
	If none, select all
Success response <what be="" code="" on="" s<="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>uccess and is there any returned data? This is useful wher</td></what>	uccess and is there any returned data? This is useful wher
people need to know what their call-backs should expect	>
'\xfca8\x8f\xdc\xffO\n\xee\xaed\xbd\x89\xe7\xd7y\x19	Encrypted XML
xfe\xee\xa6\xa8\xb9PI\xacG-	
\xcd\x15ASn\xe4Yd\xaeZ#\x04G\xd2\xcb\x91 \xb4\x07	
x94"z\xe5\n!\x94\xa3\x03N~Z\x19^\xa4a\xc7x\x95x\x9	1
\xde\xc3e\'o\xb1L\xf1V\xfe\x1c\x19\xa5'	
Error response This field holds the list of all possible erro	r responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of why
the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integ	ration process.
ValueError: Invalid DES key size.	The password is too short or too long
Key must be exactly 8 bytes long.	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the a	described function
data = '''	
xml version="1.0"?	
<test></test>	
<title>Sample text</title>	
m .	
encrypt_xml(data, "test1234")	
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related	to the function described

Title	Decrypt_XML
Function 4 This field holds the name of the function used	and the required (and optional) parameters
decrypt_xml(xml_to_decrypt,	key
Output This field holds the type of the output expected	
Decrypted XML (bytes)	
Params This field holds the parameters (if any). Separate	ed based on the fields below into <u>required</u> and <u>optional</u> .
Required:	
xml_to_decrypt	XML bytes to decrypt
Required:	
key	Alphanumeric 8 characters string containing the password
	for the decryption
Success response <what be="" code="" on="" s<="" should="" status="" td="" the=""><td>success and is there any returned data? This is useful wher</td></what>	success and is there any returned data? This is useful wher
people need to know what their call-backs should expec	t>
b'\n xml version="1.0"? \n <test>\n <title>Sample</td><td>Decrypted XML</td></tr><tr><td>text</title>\n </test> \n'	
Error response This field holds the list of all possible erro	or responses. Doing that, helps prevent assumptions of why
the endpoint fails and saves a lot of time during the integ	gration process.
TBD	The password is wrong and the decryption failed
ValueError: Invalid DES key size.	The password is too short or too long
Key must be exactly 8 bytes long.	
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the	-
data = b'\xfca8\x8f\xdc\xffO\n\xee\xaed\xbd\x89\xe7\>	
	'\x94"z\xe5\n!\x94\xa3\x03N~Z\x19^\xa4a\xc7x\x95x\x91
\xde\xc3e\'o\xb1L\xf1V\xfe\x1c\x19\xa5'	
decrypt_xml(data, "test1234")	
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related	to the function described.

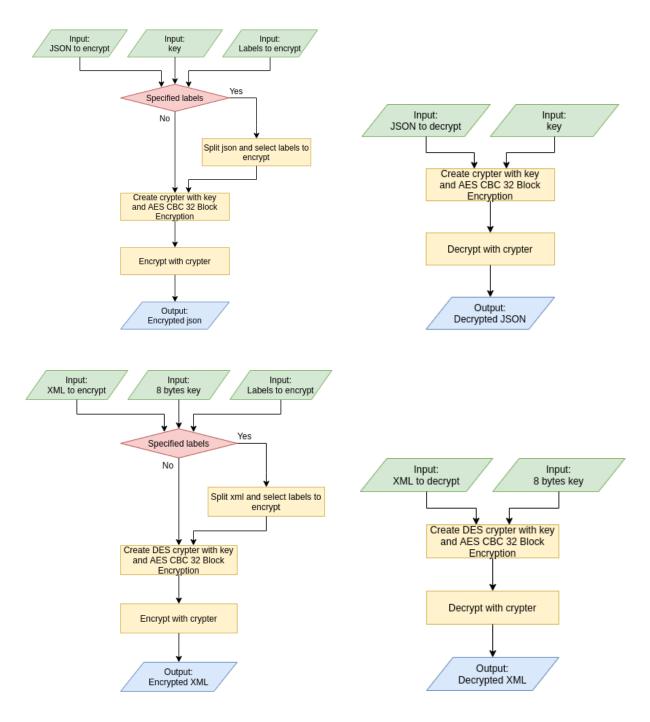




Use cases / Data flow

Technically describe use cases of the enabler and the data flow using formal UML activity and sequence diagrams.

UML Activity diagram(s)









UML Sequence diagram(s)

N/A

Deployment

gcc compil	er:		
make clean			
make all			

Configuration Parameters

This enabler does not have configuration parameters.

9.4 DEH Client Enabler

Some of the resources and data that will be exposed and used by the DEH Dashboard will be hosted by third parties or on remote or private infrastructures. The role of the DEH Client Enabler is to provide some libraries, SDKs or tools that can make exposing these resources as easy as possible for the providers. Initially the DEH Client Enabler will expose an API layer above the Resource Registration Modules and Resource Discovery Modules so that third parties can ensure that their resources can be registered and discovered. It will also interact with the Security Protection Enabler Components, then Resource Access Control Component and Semantic Interoperability API to ensure that access to the resources is strictly controlled and that data made available is done so in AIM format. This section outlines the functionality of this component, its interaction with other enablers, its dependencies on other enablers and finally technical considerations.

9.4.1 Functionality description

As this component is designed to be used outside of the central deployment of the core DEH, it will need to support a wide range of environments. In some cases it will need to provide a very lightweight abstraction above the APIs of the DEH Core enablers where there are limited resources in the remote sites, and in other cases it will provide local services that can meter and restrict usage of local resources being exposed to the DEH. The initial functionality focuses on providing client libraries that can be used to interact with the DEH.

The DEH Client Enabler will provide client libraries for the below APIs at a minimum:

- Resource Registration Management API
- Resource Discovery API
- Identity Management API
- Resource Access Control API

9.4.2 Interaction with other Enablers

Identity Manager will be used to verify if there is an authenticated user login session.

Resource Access Control will be used to on the one hand create access control policies on behalf of the resource owners, which will dictate under what conditions its resources can be accessed, and secondly, to ensure there is sufficient authorization for the APIs of the Resource Registration Management component to be used.





Resource Registration Management Component, a core DEH enabler, is a target service that the DEH Client Enabler will interact with. It will be used to perform CRUD operations on the user's resources in the central repository.

Discovery Management Component, a core DEH enabler, will be used to discover other resources that may need to be accessed and used by the user.

9.4.3 Deployment considerations

The DEH Client Enabler will be developed as client libraries for common software platforms. The initial client libraries will be developed in JavaScript and Python, which will enable for a broad set of application developers and third parties to adopt the technologies. Depending on future requirements, we will consider GOLAN, C/C++ and Java. The software modules will be made available through openly accessible software repositories including NPM and PyPI.

A set of sample client implementations will be developed to illustrate how the client libraries can be integrated by end users.

9.4.4 Technical description

Name	DEHClient				
Property	Туре	Description			
auth	DEHClientAuth object	Object to manage			
		authentication and			
		authorisation of the client			
isLoggedIn	bool	Property indicating whether the			
		client is logged in or not			
rm	DEHRegistrationManagement	Object to manage registration of			
	object	resources			
dm	DEHDiscovery object	Object to manage resource			
		discovery			

9.4.5 API and Data model

Name	DEHClientAuth	
Property	Туре	Description
user	JSON	Parameters of the user object
		that is authenticated or NULL
sessionID	text	A valid session id for this logged
		in user or NULL
authToken	text	A valid authorisation token for
		this logged in user or NULL
Function	Parameters / Result	Description
checkAuthenticationToken	Input: User object	Checks to see if there is a login
	Returns: session ID and	token available for this session
	authorisation token	and for this user object. User
		object depends on the
		authentication method used.
		Can be username/password, or
		APIkey for example.





Name	DEHRegistrationManagement					
Property	Туре	Description				
connection	JSON	Parameters of the connection object established with the registry or NULL				
Function	Parameters / Result	Description				
registerResource	Input: JSON object with resource attributes Returns: resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Creates a resource registration from the description in the JSON object.				
updateResource	Input: JSON object with resource attributes Returns: resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Updates the referenced resource with the JSON object				
deleteResource	Input: JSON object with resource ID Returns: resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Deletes the referenced resource with the JSON object.				
getResourceAccessControlPolicy	Input: JSON object with resource ID Returns: resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Retrieves the access control policies of the resource.				
updateResourceAccessControlP olicy	Input: JSON object with resource ID Returns: resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Updates the access control policies of the resource				

Name	DEHDiscovery	
Property	Туре	Description
connection	JSON	Parameters of the connection object established with the registry or NULL
Function	Parameters / Result	Description
findByKeywords	Input: array of keywords or comma separated string Returns: array of resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Searches for a set of resources based on a key word search of the resources descriptions.
findByCriteria	Input: JSON object with a set of criteria equalities Returns: array of resource ID or Error if not authorised, or malformed	Searches for a set of resources based on a set of criteria, where different fields of the resource searched to see if they meet the criteria.





10 CI/CD Infrastructure and Tools

Continuous Integration (CI) is a developer practice to keep a working system by small changes growing the system by integrating frequently (usually at least daily) on the mainline by means of appropriate tools supporting automation with lots of automated tests. This enables teams to work on shared code and increases the visibility into the development and quality of the system. By referring to a developer practice Continuous Integration (CI) typically expects developers to implement Test-driven development (TDD) with constant refactoring practice. When a developer is unit-test-driving his code, he ensures that his local copy is always working.

Continuous Deployment (CD) refers to the automated deployment of new -release- versions of a system to the production environment. Following the continuous integration process, as described above, when a system reaches a maturity level (as indicated by specific, predefined criteria), the CD takes care of updating an existing running version of the system automatically, minimizing downtime.

Combined, CI/CD is a pipeline that gets new developments and provides an updated running version of a system hosted in a predefined environment.

10.1 CI/CD tools in DEMETER

In DEMETER, a private CI/CD environment has been setup and is already being used by the consortium. This environment comprises of several tools, which are described below.

10.1.1 Version control

GitLab has been selected to be used for managing source code and version control in DEMETER. GitLab is an open source code management system based on Git, which includes a user management part that can be hosted online. DEMETER's code repository is using GitLab's online version where several private repositories have been created following the structure indicated by the partners involved. The group functionality offered by GitLab allows for code isolation, hence, to better accommodate privacy and IPR concerns among the consortium, subgroups have been defined where access is only granted to partners directly involved to the related component and task. In cases where public repositories are required, e.g., for public components, according to the Description of Action (DoA) commitments. Source code that will be made public will of course be subject to licensing terms and conditions as agreed between the partners involved. Gitlab provides the ability to allow access to external parties.

In addition, Gitlab offers pipelines for automated integration and deployment processes. Pipelines describe sets of sequential continuous integration (CI) and continuous delivery (CD) operations. In this course, CI pipelines include code building followed by automated unit and integration tests while CD pipelines deploy the code to different environments, for reviewing purposes, for actual user testing (staging environment) and, finally for production use (production environment). The above is depicted in Figure 47.



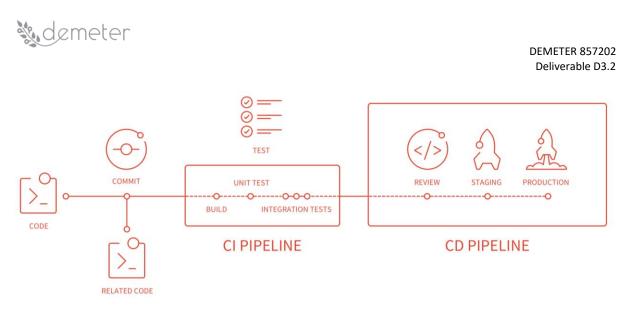


Figure 47: Continuous integration

10.1.2 CI/CD pipelines

As mentioned above, Gitlab's CI/CD framework uses pipelines to automate integration and deployment processes. Such a pipeline is depicted in Figure 47.

Pipelines are defined and described in script files (.gitlab-ci.yml files, an example available in Figure 48), each of them representing a "job", including various pipelines organized in stages. Each job is assigned to a Gitlab runner to be executed. Gitlab runners are merely (client) Gitlab services that run on private or public infrastructure, connect to a public or private Gitlab instance, and execute the jobs described in the job files (building, testing, deploying). Runners execute the jobs in Docker containers while they also run as Docker containers, hence, in DEMETER we are using a Docker-in-Docker paradigm for the Runners we use. This enables as to achieve higher utilization of our cloud infrastructure resources. Upon the execution of the jobs, GitLab offers a reporting tool to the developers to inspect all job stages.

Core functionalities of GitLab's CI/CD framework are listed below:

- Multiple projects are possible, grouped under groups and subgroups, allowing for organizing ٠ source code and components according to the architectural blocks they belong to or other criteria indicated by the partners.
- Private/public projects can be created, so components and source code can be publicly available ٠ if needed.
- GitLab provides branching, developing, testing, reviewing features to the development teams so that they can carry out their tasks in parallel before merging their work.
- Gitlab provides a private Image Registry where container images can be uploaded and used in e.g., Docker container deployments.



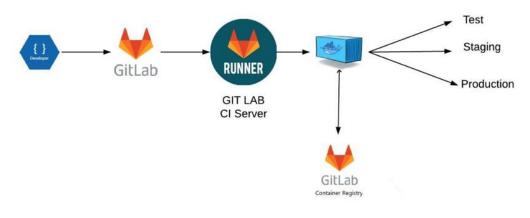


File te	mplates	.gitlab-ci.yml	~	Choose a template	~			
	image:	docker:latest						
2	service							
		r:18-dind						
4								
5	stages:							
6	ver							
	- build							
8	- test							
9	- relea	ise						
	variabl	es:						
						\$CI_COMMIT_REF_NAME		
	RELEA	SE_IMAGE: regi	stry.git	lab.com/demeterpro	ect/	st:latest		
14								
		script:						
16	- doc	ker login -u g	itlab-ci	-token -p \$CI_JOB_	OKEN	egistry.gitlab.com		
17								
18	ver:							
19		: ver						
	tags:	locker						
	scrip							
		at /etc/os-rel	ease					
24		noami	case					
	build:							
		: build						
	tags							
29	- 0	locker						
	scrip	it:						
		locker build		\$TEST_IMAGE .				
	- 0	locker push \$TE	ST_IMAGE					
34	test:							
		: test						
	tags:							
		locker						
	scrip	locker pull \$TE	ST TMAGE					
				echo 'Hello World'				
40	- (iocher run \$165	_INNOE	seno necco mortu				
	release							
43		release						
44	tags:							
45		locker						
46	scrip							
47	- 6	locker pull \$TE	ST_IMAGE					
48		locker tag \$TES						
49		locker push \$RE	LEASE_IM	AGE				
	only:							
	- 1	laster						

Figure 48: Example job file

10.2 CI/CD infrastructure

DEMETER's CI/CD infrastructure comprises of the online repository (including the Image Registry) hosted on Gitlab's cloud and DEMETER's private cloud which is meant to host Gitlab Runner containers for the automated processes in CI/CD but also for the deployment of any DEMETER components that will be deployed on DEMETER's cloud. This infrastructure is not meant for pilot-specific components as these components will be deployed on pilots' premises. The CI/CD infrastructure setup is depicted in Figure 49.



Build Docker Container using GITLab CI / CD

Figure 49: DEMETER CI/CD infrastructure





DEMETER's CI/CD infrastructure includes at the moment:

- 3 virtual machines (VMs) with 2vCPU, 4 GB RAM, 40 GB SSD ٠
- 3 virtual machines (VMs) with 1vCPU, 2 GB RAM, 20GB SSD •

All the VMs above are hosted on Hetzner Cloud, located in Germany.

Depending on partners' needs, further resources might be allocated. In such case, this will be reported in the next version of this deliverable (M22).

To avoid technical incompatibilities among components and to ensure isolation, thus, increasing component security, all components will be deployed as docker containers on DEMETER's cloud infrastructure.





11 Verification and Validation Plan

Verification and Validation plan aims to reassure that DEMETER's components are successfully integrated and perform as they were described during the design phase of the project. It describes the process that DEMETER components need to follow in order to be tested properly and subsequently the process that documents and validates their functional and non-functional performance in stand-alone manner and as a part of a greater system (pilot).

11.1 Verification Plan

The Verification Plan describes the process that DEMETER implementations have to follow in order to be able:

- to verify that each application offers the functionality that was envisioned provide during the • design phase of each of the DEMETER platform's components, and
- to verify that the integration between each of the DEMETER platform's components has been successfully carried out.

This is realized through a set of Test Levels that can be executed upon them. Briefly, the purpose of these test is to verify that each component:

- Provides the required functionality that was designed for.
- Can Integrate successfully with the relevant DEMETER platform's components.
- forms a system that meets the required KPIs that were set. ٠

Verification plan includes Test Levels, each of them addressing a different aspect of the verification process. These are described below.

11.1.1 Test Levels

According to the International Software Testing Qualifications Board's (ISTQB's) Agile Test Extension [1] the following test levels can be defined:

Component testing (also known as unit, module, or program testing) searches for defects in, and verifies the function of, software modules programs, objects, classes, etc., that are separately testable. It may be done in isolation from the rest of the system, depending on the context of the development life cycle and the system. In the context of DEMETER platform development, separate component tests will be planned and executed in each technical Work package delivering DEMETER components. Such tests will facilitate the verification at component level (unit-test).

Integration testing evaluates the interfaces between components, interactions with different parts of a system and interfaces between systems. Systematic integration strategies may be based on system architecture (such as top-down and bottom-up), functional tasks, transaction processing sequences or some other aspect of the system or components. To ease fault isolation and detect defects early, integration should normally be incremental rather than "big bang".

System testing is concerned with the behaviour of a whole product. In system testing, the test environment should correspond to the final target or production environment as much as possible to minimize the risk of environment-specific failures not being found in testing. System testing may include tests based on risks and/or on requirements specifications, business processes, use cases, or other high-level text descriptions or models of system behaviour, interactions with the operating





system, and system resources. In DEMETER, this level of testing should be scheduled prior to the pilot demonstrations and is expected to be facilitated by the DEMETER Pilot leaders.

Acceptance testing aims to establish confidence in the system, parts of the system or specific nonfunctional characteristics of the system. It is often the responsibility of the customers or users of a system; other stakeholders may be involved as well. Finding defects is not the main focus in acceptance testing. Acceptance testing may assess the system's readiness for deployment and use, although it is not necessarily the final level of testing. In DEMETER this level of testing is optional, since commercialization of the DEMETER platform is not expected within the project timeframe.



Figure 50: DEMETER's Component Test Levels

Figure 50 illustrates in a summative manner the Test Levels that each component has to be validated and verified upon in the context of DEMETER project.

11.2 Validation Plan

Storyboard based validation. The release-based validation will be performed by pilot owners. A specific release validation form, containing all the user requested functionalities per pilot, will be used to validate the DEMETER platform during the pilot demonstration phases. The validation procedure will produce a list of features not implemented, partially implemented, or fully implemented. The list of the incomplete features and an analysis of the issue(s) will be presented to the relevant DEMETER partners in order to assist them solving the problem(s).

Documentation should be done per feature/component validated. The documentation per feature/component will be collected and reviewed by the pilot owners, which will follow a documentation template. The missing documentation will be reported to the relevant DEMETER partners. The documentation provided to the pilot leaders will serve as a basis for the validation process. The relevant documentation description that is required is described in the Appendix D: Component Testing Report Documentation. After each pilot-based validation, the validated documentation will be incorporated into platform release package.

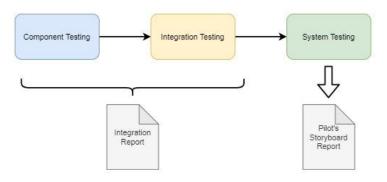


Figure 51: Verification and Validation process





Figure 51 above illustrates the Verification and Validation process that needs to be followed by each DEMETER's partner. Through Component and Integration Testing each partner compiles the Integration report that summarizes the testing results. Given on the component integration reports, Pilot leaders will compile the storyboard validation report that would verify that all the request functionalities, per pilot, have been realized.

Validate the Key Performance Indicators (KPI's). Each release will present a list of KPI's that will be validated using measurable characterization, such as: not reached, partially reached, fully reached. A KPI validation report will be shared with technical partners to assist them reaching the goal.





12 Conclusions

This document accompanies and describes the Release 1 of the DEMETER components and tools that enable solution integration, interoperability with external platforms and deployment support for pilot cases. These components and tools are released in a scheme that

- on one hand provide a **concrete** implementation to be used by the pilot applications and guide further development, and
- on the other hand, allows full **flexibility** for the application configuration and deployment to facilitate the highly different pilot needs and the various business models of the stakeholders.

It reflects work done in Tasks T3.2, T3.3, T3.4, T3.5 and T3.5 but it is based on work done in T3.1 (which produced D3.1 "DEMETER reference architecture - Release 1") and utilizes work done in WP2 (D2.1 "DEMETER data models and semantic interoperability mechanisms" and D2.2 "DEMETER data and knowledge extraction tools an and D2.2"). It is accompanied by a set of other deliverables derived in WP4 (D4.1 "Decision Support, Benchmarking and Performance Indicator Monitoring Tools - Release 1" and D4.2 "Decision Enablers, Advisory Support Tools and DEMETER Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space"). All together they provide the first release of the DEMETER reference implementation and contribute to project Milestone 2 "DEMETER Enablers, Hub, Spaces and Applications Release 1".

This release is to be used in the coming months by the 20 DEMETER pilots to build and evaluate their DEMETER-enabled applications. Based on their feedback, the revised version of the DEMETER Reference Architecture will be presented in D3.3 (February 2021) and a revised version of this deliverable will be presented in D3.4 (June 2021).





13 Appendix A: Detailed Requirements

13.1 Technical and Syntactic Interoperability of pilot technologies/platforms

Requirement ID	TI1.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Utilization of existing standards						
Description	DEMETER should utilize existing standards to provide interoperability. DEMETER should consider the following Internet Interoperability standards and adopt or build on top of the most appropriate/relevant: 1. ISO/IEC AWI 21823 2. ISO/IEC 29182 3. AIOTI WG03 4. FIWARE 5. FIWARE 5. FIWARE - NGSI 6. W3C 7. ETSI NGSI-LD 8. oneM2M						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	8.4, T3.5, T3.	6				
Relevant Objective(s)				ce existing informati inge mechanisms	ion models		
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat	ion 3: Agricu	Iltural a	nteroperability Space automation and cont ulture ontology			
Reference component(s)	TBD ¹⁰						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandatory						

¹⁰ At the time of collecting the requirements the components and technologies to be used were not specified yet, hence they are marked as TBD for most requirements. The mapping to components is provided in Section **Error! Reference source not found.**





Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI1.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Support	t of Commur	nication	Protocol Standards	
Description	DEMETER solutions should support existing communication protocol standards: 1. OASIS (ISO/IEC 20802) - MQTT 2. NB-IoT 3. LORA 4. ISO 11783 ISOBUS 5. AEF: EFDI 6. ISO 18000 (RFID) 7. SigFox 8. Cellular (3G, 4G, etc) 9. BLE 10. Bluetooth 11. Wi-Fi 12. IEEE 802.15.4				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	8.4 <i>,</i> T3.6			
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control Innovation 7: Cost and power effective IoT data acquisition				
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA, TECNALIA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI1.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Support	t of Geospat	ial Inte	roperability Standard	ds
Description	1. 2. 3. 4.	ER solution erability star OGC WFS OGC WMS OGC WCS OGC WPS OGC Agricul OGC SWE OGC POI	ndards:	••	sting Geospatial
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	8.4, T3.6			
Relevant Objective(s)				ce existing informati inge mechanisms	on models
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat Innovat	ion 3: Agricu	ıltural a Observ	nteroperability Space automation and cont ration data service pesticides managem	rol
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers	
Prerequisite(s)	None				





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI1.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Provide interoperability with existing cloud platforms				
Description	 DEMETER solutions should provide interoperability with existing cloud platforms: 1. Azure 2. Proba-V 3. AVR Connect 4. Digital Ocean 				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	8.3, T3.4, T3.	6		
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control				
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers	
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functio	nal			
Priority Level	Mandat	cory			
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA				
Status	Propose	ed			





Requirement ID	TI1.5	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	HTTP R	HTTP REST API(s)					
Description		DEMETER should be able to connect to (external) platforms via REST API(s)					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	3.4, T3.6					
Relevant Objective(s)		O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandat	tory					
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA						
Status	Proposed						
Comments/Remarks							

Requirement ID	TI1.6	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Pub/sub and messaging queue mechanisms				
Description	DEMETER should be able to connect to (external) platforms via pub/sub and messaging queue mechanisms				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.4, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI1.7	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Complia	Compliance with system domain standards				
Description	DEMETER shall be designed in compliance with standards selected according to system domain, i.e., web standards, telecommunication standards, user interface standards, WCAG 2.1, etc.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.4, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD	TBD				





Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Optional
Identified by Partner(s)	TECNALIA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI1.8	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Data fo	rmats					
Description		ER should of JSON, JSON-			on data formats		
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.2, T3	3.4 <i>,</i> T3.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functio	nal					
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	TECNAL	TECNALIA, INTRA					





Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

13.2 Environment for service discovery and provisioning

Requirement ID	TI2.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Service description definition					
Description	DEMETER must propose a common service description definition to be used for registering and discovering services from different platforms, building on existing frameworks and standards (such as OASIS SOA-RM)					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, Т	3.5 <i>,</i> T3.6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyze, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control Innovation 8: Unified agriculture ontology					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Manda	atory				
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU, INTRA, PSNC					
Status	Proposed					
Comments/Remarks						





Requirement ID	TI2.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Service	Services provisioning maintaining data security and privacy					
Description	Services provided by DEMETER must implement security and privacy mechanisms to protect the data exchanged with other entities (services, users)						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, Т	3.4, T3.5, T	3.6				
Relevant Objective(s)		O1: Analyze, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control Innovation 8: Unified agriculture ontology Innovation 9: Secure Agricultural data sharing services						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU,	PSNC					
Status	Proposed						
Comments/Remarks							

Requirement ID	TI2.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Services registration to DEMETER Enabler Hub					





Description	DEMETER-enabled services must be able to register to DEMETER Enabler Hub and make themselves discoverable to consumers, i.e., other services or end users.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU, PSNC
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI2.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Services' categorization				
Description	DEMETER must provide a way to group services in categories (e.g., Farm monitoring, Supply chain monitoring, Milk quality, etc.)				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				





Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU, PSNC
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

13.3 Networking and Communication

Requirement ID	TI3.1	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Secure	transport	layer ([·]	TLS, SSH, etc.)		
Description	The tra	ansport laye	er shou	Id be secure to protec	t communications	
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T3.4					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability					
Relevant milovation(s)	Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services					
Reference component(s)	TBD					





Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	VICOM
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI3.2	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	GDPR technical requirements					
Description	DEME	ER must co	omply	with GDPR technical re	equirements	
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 11: data integration Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	ology provi	ders, S	olution providers, farn	ners	





Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	VICOM
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI3.3	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Combination of physical/wireless communications and Internet backbone networks					
Description	comm enable	DEMETER should combine the use of physical/wireless communications and Internet backbone networks, in order to enable data sharing, network and device management, cloud computations and storage.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	T2.4, T3.4				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innova Innova Innova Innova Innova	ition 3: dev ition 5: trac ition 7: loT ition 9: secu ition 11: da	ice aut eabilit data a ure Agi ta inte	cquisition ricultural data sharing		
Reference component(s)	-					
Reference technology(ies)	-					





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers			
Prerequisite(s)	None			
Туре	Functional			
Priority Level	Desirable			
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU			
Status	Proposed + Review			
Comments/Remarks				

Requirement ID	TI3.4	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Control devices sharing information				
Description	DEMETER should provide the means to control IoT devices sharing information				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4			
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 3: device automation and control Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 7: IoT data acquisition Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection				
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	Technology providers, Solution providers			





Prerequisite(s)	None			
Туре	Functional			
Priority Level	Optional			
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU			
Status	Proposed + Review			
Comments/Remarks				

13.4 Security

Requirement ID	TI4.1	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Attribute Based Access Control or Distributed Capabilities Access Control component					
Description	Distrib	DEMETER should provide an Attribute Based Access Control or Distributed Capabilities Access Control component that can be integrated with trial site platforms and gateways				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	Т2.4, Т3.4				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	WIT
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI4.2	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title		Authentication and authorization mechanisms for services, accessing resources and information audit tools				
Description	mecha	DEMETER must offer authentication and authorization mechanisms for using services and accessing resources as well as information audit tools				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 11: data integration Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI4.3	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Data protection and privacy on software execution, network communications and integrated solution security				
Description	execut	DEMETER will offer Data protection and privacy on software execution, network communications and integrated solution security			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4			
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 11: data integration Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection				
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functio	onal			





Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI4.4	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Identit	Identity management, access control and audit log				
Description		DEMETER must allow identity management, access control and audit log				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4				
Relevant Objective(s)		O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD	ТВО				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functio	onal				
Priority Level	Manda	ntory				
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU					
Status	Propos	ed + Revie	W			





Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI4.5	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Encrypted communications, integrity controls and electronic signature functionalities				
Description				encrypted commun signature functionalitie	
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T2.4, T	3.4			
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: secure interoperability Innovation 5: traceability Innovation 9: secure Agricultural data sharing services Innovation 20: product authentication/fraud detection				
Reference component(s)	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU				
Status	Proposed + Review				
Comments/Remarks					





13.5 Device/resource Management (including databases)

Requirement ID	TI5.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Data storage systems access management					
Description	DEMETER should provide the means to manage access (CRUD operations) to multiple types of data storage systems including semantic repositories, relational databases and NOSQL databases					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	.6				
Relevant Objective(s)		O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 7: Cost- and power-effective IoT data acquisition					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					
Identified by Partner(s)	TECNALIA, INTRA					
Status	Proposed					
Comments/Remarks						

Requirement ID	TI5.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Registration the capabilities of a resource					
Description	DEMETER should provide the means to register the capabilities of a resource (platform, thing, service) to the DEMETER Enabler Hub, thus					





	being available to interested parties. Therefore, it will be able to make use of other Enablers registered in the Hub to enhance the resource's features
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models
	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	TECNALIA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI5.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Multiple devices bulk operations					
Description		DEMETER solutions should support multiple devices bulk operations (e.g., to be able to access a service offered by multiple devices)				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					





Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	UMU
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI5.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Resourc	Resource/device sharing rules					
Description	DEMETER solutions could specify rules (e.g., concurrent users, data limits, etc.) on the usage of shared resources/devices						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6						
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space						





	Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control Innovation 9: Secure Agricultural data sharing services
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Optional
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

13.6 Runtime environment, Deployment management & Orchestration

Requirement ID	TI6.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020			
Title	DEMET	DEMETER Enablers deployment						
Description	DEMETER must make it possible for developers to deploy DEMETER Enablers on their premises							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.3, ТЗ.6							
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space							
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI6.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	DEMETER Enablers compliance						
Description	DEMETER should provide means to developers to verify that the enablers they implemented are DEMETER-compliant						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	.5, T3.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	ogy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers			
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functio	nal					
Priority Level	Optiona	al					
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA						
Status	Proposed + Reviewed						
Comments/Remarks							





Requirement ID	TI6.3Version0.1Last Update Date27/01/2020							
Title	DEMETER deployment tests							
Description	DEMETER could provide tests to verify that the deployment of an enabler has been successful (e.g. having an endpoint at the enabler side that will be used for testing its connectivity)							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	3.3, T3.6						
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat	ion 1: Agricu	ulture Ir	nteroperability Space	5			
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	ers, Solu	tion providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None							
Туре	Functio	nal						
Priority Level	Optional							
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA							
Status	Proposed + Reviewed							
Comments/Remarks								

Requirement ID	TI6.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	DEMETER runtime environment agnostic						
Description	develop (be it L complia applicat	ers can dev inux or Wir ince. Techn cions to run eed. Enable	elop an Idows o Dogies indepe	be runtime environr n enabler in any run or others SO) and a that enable virtual endently of the envi uld be able to be de	time environment chieve DEMETER- ization and allow ronment must be		





Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.3, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI6.5	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Deploy	ment proces	s docur	nentation			
Description	DEMETER should provide clear guidelines (e.g. reference documentation) for technology and solution providers in order to standardize the deployment process as much as possible in both development and production environments						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.3, ТЗ.6						
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat	ion 1: Agricı	Iture Ir	nteroperability Spac	e		





Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI6.6	TI6.6Version0.1Last Update Date27/01/2020						
Title	Deployment software life-cycle management							
Description	DEMETER should provide an adequate technology solution and suitable tools able to manage the entire software life-cycle management (from development to production environment)							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	3.3, T3.6						
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat	ion 1: Agricu	Iture Ir	nteroperability Space	2			
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None							
Туре	Non-Functional							
Priority Level	Optional							
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG							





Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI6.7	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Deployment process security						
Description	DEMETER should ensure a good level of security in the deployment process (e.g. the connections with DEMETER components for deployment purposes such as the AIS and the Enabler Hub should be secure)						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	.3, T3.4, T3.	6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 9: Secure Agricultural data sharing services						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers			
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Non-Fu	nctional					
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG						
Status	Proposed + Reviewed						
Comments/Remarks							

13.7 Service / application life-cycle management

Requirement ID	TI7.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Service/	Service/application life-cycle management methodology				





Description	Each software component development in DEMETER should follow a service/application life-cycle management methodology (waterfall or agile)
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	T3.2, T3.3, T3.4, T3.5, T3.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI7.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Technical requirements review						
Description	DEMETER technical requirements will be defined or reviewed for all the different software/services to be developed in the beginning of every iteration, and will be used for the development plan design as well as for the evaluation stages						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.3, ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6					





Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI7.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Compor	nents' testing					
Description	DEMETER components have to pass a set of tests to be defined at the beginning of the development phases in order to evaluate the results from those development phases.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	T3.2, T3.3, T3.4, T3.5, T3.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space						
Reference component(s)	тво						





Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI7.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date 27/01/2020				
Title	Development teams' communication							
Description	commu	DEMETER component development teams will have fluid communication (at any level) to guarantee the correct development and integration of the different components involved in the project.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	T3.2, T3.3, T3.4, T3.5, T3.6							
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space							
Reference component(s)	TBD	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers							
Prerequisite(s)	None	None						
Туре	Non-Functional							





Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI7.5	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Component maintenance						
Description	DEMETER components will be maintained by their corresponding developers to guarantee their correct functioning during the project.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.2, Т3	.3, T3.4, T3.5,	T3.6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowledge	exchan	ge mechanisms			
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovat	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Non-Fu	nctional					
Priority Level	Mandat	ory					
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS						
Status	Proposed						
Comments/Remarks							

Requirement ID	TI7.6	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
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T 11						
Title	Service/application life-cycle management software suites					
Description	Service/application life-cycle management software suites will be used in DEMETER in order to ease the implementation of the life-cycle management methodology					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.3, ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(c)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Non-Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					
Identified by Partner(s)	ATOS					
Status	Proposed					
Comments/Remarks						

13.8 APIs and Application development support

Requirement ID	TI8.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	CRUD to HTTP methods mapping					
Description	mappin	• •	ethods	handle CRUD ope which indicate the tr es.	, , ,	
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI8.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Proper	HTTP respor	nse cod	es		
Description	HTTP st	DEMETER services should always return the right status codes. HTTP status codes are standardized codes which have various explanations in various scenarios.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI8.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Searchi	Searching, sorting, filtering, and pagination				
Description	paginat return a	DEMETER API(s) should support searching, sorting, filtering and pagination. GET requests over collection resources can potentially return a large number of items. Web API should limit the amount of data returned by any single request.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	8.6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO					
Status	Proposed + Reviewed					





Comments/Remarks		

Requirement ID	TI8.4	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Stateles	Stateless Authentication & Authorization					
Description	sufficien	DEMETER API(s) should be stateless. Every request should be self- sufficient and must be fulfilled without knowledge of the prior request.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.2, T3.	.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO						
Status	Proposed + Reviewed						
Comments/Remarks							

Requirement ID	TI8.5	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Usage of Swagger for Documentation					
Description	widely u explore created	used tool to the use of by an ind	docum a spec ustry o	gger for Documenta nent REST APIs that cific API. The Open consortium to stan s. As part of this initi	provides a way to API Initiative was dardize REST API	





	2.0 specification was renamed the OpenAPI Specification (OAS) and brought under the Open API Initiative.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.6
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO
Status	Proposed + Reviewed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI8.6	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	REST-ba	ased services	5			
Description	DEMETER should be able to support REST based web services. DEMETER Enablers should be able to consume and provide REST APIs					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					





Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DNET, SIVECO
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI8.7	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Access	Access control mechanisms in API(s)				
Description	API(s)	DEMETER should require access control mechanisms for the API(s) and allow access to the offered endpoints only to authorized users/clients (e.g. other DEMETER Enablers)				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.4, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					





Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI8.8	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	API and	API and application documentation				
Description	DEMETER should provide documentation to assist developers in API and application development. Documentation (tutorials, videos, guidelines, code examples) should be available to all developers that would like to e.g. create a new DEMETER enabler.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	5.5, T3.6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 3: Agricultural automation and control					
Reference component(s)	TBD					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	logy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers		
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functio	nal				
Priority Level	Mandat	ory				
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA					
Status	Proposed					
Comments/Remarks						

13.9 Enabler registration, discovery, provision, management, composition, accounting, billing

Requirement ID	TI9.1	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
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Title	Semantic resource registry				
Description	DEH should allow a provider to register offered services (or data) based on a registration description which DEH should provide. This could e.g. be in a triple-store to allow reasoning over unknown semantic entities and to be able to return offerings of coherent semantic entities to the consumer.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models				
Kelevant Objective(3)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 8: Unified agriculture ontology				
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS				
Status	Proposed + Remark + Review				
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (possible duplicate)				

Requirement ID	TI9.2	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Discovery Management				
Description	discove data	er suitable sources, p	resour latforr	nould allow a consum ces (e.g. components, ns, etc.), returning quirements (search A	devices, services, correct outputs





	discovery service should be based on a (semantic) query, offering a wizard to help the user build her query.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models
	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Discovery Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS, ENG, DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Remark + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (1 comment and possible duplicate)

Requirement ID	TI9.3	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Query N	Query Management					
Description	DEH sho	DEH should be able to save a query of a consumer; e.g. for future reuse.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowledge	exchan	ge mechanisms			





Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD						
Reference component(s)	Reference component module (or sub-module) in the DEMETER Architecture						
Reference technology(ies)	DEH – Resource Registry Management						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Optional						
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS						
Status	Desirable + Review						
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok						

Requirement ID	TI9.4	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Rate se	ervices in p	ublish	& subscribe mechanis	m
Description	DEH should allow a consumer to subscribe to an offered service as a result of a query. And then allow the consumer to rate the quality of the service it uses (subscribes to).				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL			
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD				
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed +Remark
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (possible duplicate)

Requirement ID	TI9.5Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020				
Title	Resource Access Control				
Description	DEH should mandate that access to its APIs will be secured through user authentication and access control. Furthermore, for the subscription process DEH should make it possible to generate access credentials between consumers and producers in order to authenticate the communication between them. Finally, this process should be reasonably simple for developers to use.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD				
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Access Control				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				





Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Remark + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (possible duplicate)

Requirement ID	TI9.6	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Query	Manageme	ent		
Description	DEH should periodically reissue a consumer's query and notify it of changes in the results (e.g. new offered services), if the consumer requests this service.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Bu	ild knowled	dge exo	change mechanisms	
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD			
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	ology provid	ders, S	olution providers	
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Optional				
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS				
Status	Proposed + Review				
Comments/Remarks	Seems	ok			

Requirement ID TI9.7 V	Version 0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
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Title	Publish & Subscribe Notification
Description	DEH should notify a consumer if a subscribed service is changed by its provider (e.g. service withdrawn, or conditions changed).
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.8	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Enable	ers Informat	ion M	anagement		
Description	DEH should store information regarding the history of registration/provision and usage/consumption of enablers.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	02: Bu	ild knowled	dge exo	change mechanisms		





Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.9Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020					
Title	DEH Scalabilit	v & Availa	bility			
Description	DEH could be scalable, allowing the increase of users (providers and/or consumers) it accommodates without impacting performance or availability.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology p	oviders, S	olution providers			





Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (1 comment)

Requirement ID	TI9.10	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Licensin	Licensing					
Description	DEH should not be based on software that has IPR implications (or needs expensive licenses) thus blocking the provider/consumer ecosystem building.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms			
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD						
Reference component(s)	DEH						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandat	ory					
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS						
Status	Propose	ed + Review	/				





Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.11	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Data encryption in communications					
Description	DEH should ensure encrypted communication between the user and the web server that exposes its interfaces (web GUI). Furthermore, it should ensure that internal communication between its software components (and therefore its APIs) also transmits the data in an encrypted manner, especially when it comes to user sensitive data.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.4, T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Techno	ogy provid	ers, So	lution providers		
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Optional					
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS + ENG					
Status	Proposed + Review					
Comments/Remarks	(T3.4 to	clarify) + (oossib	e duplicate) + 1 comm	nent	

Requirement ID	TI9.12	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Service	User Advise	ory		





Description	DEH could offer an "advisory" service in order to direct consumers towards contracting the appropriate services that they need.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – User Account Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Optional
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	(T3.4 to clarify)

Requirement ID	TI9.13	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Accoun	ting Manag	ement			
Description	DEMETER should provide accounting solution to allow users (consumers and producers) to create and send invoices to customers who purchase non-public resources available from the DEMETER Enabler Hub. An API framework could be provided for collecting accounting events, and also another API for users to interact with DEH					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					





Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH - Accounting
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Optional
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS, ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	(not to be implemented)

Requirement ID	TI9.14	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Semant	Semantic Interoperability Framework				
Description	DEH must include (core) enablers for each device or external service that translates any data used by it to the Demeter AIM, when this data do not follow the AIM format natively; this ensure the necessary syntactic, semantic and technical interoperability of any Demeter-enabled applications.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – R	esource Re	egistry	Management		





Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Remark
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.15	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Applicat	Application portability					
Description		It would be desirable for the hub app to be portable to other platforms such as iOS and android.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD					
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	iOS						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Non-Fu	nctional					
Priority Level	Optional						
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS						





Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.16	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	System security services					
Description	harm fr expecte	Hub should consider the safety effects such as loss, damage or harm from an improper usage of the system, maintaining an expected integrity level. Also, there should be protection of the system from viruses, spyware, trojans and similar threats.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ	.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD				
Reference component(s)	ТВО					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Non-Functional					
Priority Level	Optiona	al				
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS					
Status	Propose	ed + Review	1			
Comments/Remarks	Check c	omment				

Requirement ID	TI9.17	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	System	availability			





Description	DEH should guarantee response times for the app in the order of seconds, also considering the expected volume of request and use, even at peak times.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS, ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.18	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	TBD	TBD				
Description	U U	l platform,		n management should evices can be configu		
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Bui	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms		





Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Non-Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ICCS
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Check comment

Requirement ID	TI9.19	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Data sy	nchronizati	on			
Description	DEH needs to support different technological solutions to allow resources registration, coming from the DEMETER Provider (each platform, thing, service or application which can be available as a resource) through an API-based framework to offer an entry point to the Platform for the applications and services that intend share and synchronize data.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.20	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Data federation					
Description	DEH needs to guarantee data federation techniques for API- based framework and technology tools to reduce data complexity.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge exc	nange mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD				
Reference component(s)	DEH					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandat	ory				
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG					





Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.21	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Technology specification						
Description	DEH should define general and high-level specification on technological composition of the DEH Resource Registry and the User Registry, or the main features to be supported.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms			
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD						
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry, User Registry						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG						
Status	Proposed + Review						
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok						

Requirement ID	TI9.22	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	DEH modules characteristic definition					
Description	DEH should define in detail all the functions or at least the high-level definition of the main features that each module must support. The					





	involved modules are: Compatibility checker, Resource registry management, Resource access control, User Account Management, Discovery Management.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.1, ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Compatibility Checker, Resource Access Control, User Account Control, Discovery Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI.23	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Data management						
Description	DEH should offer means to have full control over all the services (such as compatibility checker, resource access controls, resource registry management, user account management), in						





	order to get, add, update and delete their information (or entities).
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.24	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Data fusion					
Description	DEMETER needs to guarantee data fusion techniques for API- based framework and technology tools in order to produce a consistent data integration model (e.g. data coming from heterogeneous data sources).					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					





Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.25	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Monitori	ng & Audit				
Description		DEH management should offer means to monitor registered services and data sources workload.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build	knowledge e	exchange	e mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – Re Account (-	stry Ma	nagement, Resource A	ccess Control, User	
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.26	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Information Management					
Description	register data so	DEH should enable users (acting as DEMETER Providers) to register their offered resources (components, devices, services, data sources, platforms, etc.), recording attributes such as name, description, maturity level, tags, etc.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5	Т3.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – R	esource Re	gistry	Management		
Reference technology(ies)	Referer	ice technol	ogy foi	the module or sub-m	odule	
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandat	ory				





Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.27	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Data Semantic Interoperability					
Description	escorte	DEH should enable resources to be semantically described and escorted by meta-data, which include the security and data usage policies applicable (provided by WP2).				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T2.1					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	TBD	TBD				
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technol	ogy provid	ers, So	lution providers		
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functio	nal				
Priority Level	Mandat	ory				
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Sur	rvey				
Status	Proposed + Review					
Comments/Remarks	Seems o	ok				

Requirement ID	TI9.28	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Data Res	ource Definiti	ion		





Description	DEH should enable users to provide enablers either developed in the project or external ones (e.g. from third-party platforms).
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Resource Access Control, User Account Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.29	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Resourc	Resource Management (CRUD operations)				
Description	lt will k	DEH should enable users to add new resources anytime and edit them. It will be possible to see when the last edit related to the added resource was done.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					





Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Resource Access Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.30	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Web serv	vice interoper	ability			
Description	(which us	DEH should enable users to use web services or interoperability APIs (which use the HTTP protocol as data transport) to access the resources available to the DEH (USAGE API).				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build	knowledge e	exchange	e mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					





Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Resource Access Control, User Account Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.31Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020						
Title	Resourc	e compatik	oility cl	necker			
Description				to integrate the avail ity checking (VALIDAT			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD						
Reference component(s)	DEH – Compatibility Checker						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.32	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Agriculture interoperability space resources						
Description	DEH sho AIS.	DEH should enable users to connect their resources as part of the AIS.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excł	nange mechanisms			
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, User Account Control						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functio	nal					
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey						
Status	Propose	Proposed + Review					
Comments/Remarks	Seems	ok					

Requirement ID	TI9.33	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
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Title	Data Discovery Management					
Description	DEH should enable users to browse the DEH and to discover suitable resources matching challenge requirements (SOCS).					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	Т3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – Discovery Management					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey					
Status	Proposed + Review					
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok					

Requirement ID	TI9.34	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Rating s	ervice				
Description	DEH web application should enable users to rate used components, services or enablers.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Bui	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms		





Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Remark + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.35	TI9.35Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020						
Title	Resourc	e statistics	repor	I				
Description				ers to view statistic nost rated, recently ad	-			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5							
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD							
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers							
Prerequisite(s)	None							





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.36	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Collection of enablers system						
Description	DEH should enable the design of a system (collection) of enablers and services to help users (or developers) who fuse together such enablers in order to provide a whole system which can then be sold to other users (e.g. farmers).						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5						
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD						
Reference component(s)	DEH						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers						
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Non-Fu	nctional					
Priority Level	Optiona	I					
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey - proposed features						
Status	Proposed + Review						
Comments/Remarks	Seems o	ok					





Requirement ID	TI9.37	TI9.37Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020						
Title	User profile management							
Description	DEH sho	ould offer s	uggest	ions tailored on user's	s profile.			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5							
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD							
Reference component(s)	DEH – User Account Control							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers							
Prerequisite(s)	None							
Туре	Functio	nal						
Priority Level	Optional							
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Sur	DEH Survey - proposed features						
Status	Proposed + Review							
Comments/Remarks	Seems o	ok						

Requirement ID	TI9.38	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Responsive web GUI					
Description	DEH web application should be accessible via a web browser or smartphone/tablet, without requiring any client software installation.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (possible duplicate)

Requirement ID	TI9.39	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	User ac	count mana	ageme	nt		
Description		DEH web application should have a user registration/login section.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – User Account Control					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD	TBD				





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.40	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	User pri	User private home page				
Description		DEH web application should have a home page with description of the main functionalities.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	d knowled	ge excl	nange mechanisms		
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technol	ogy provid	ers, So	lution providers		
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functio	nal				
Priority Level	Mandat	ory				
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Sui	DEH Survey				
Status	Propose	ed + Review	1			





Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.41	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	User registration web page					
Description	resourc could a	DEH web application should have a page to register new resources or edit the already registered ones. Registered users could add new resources that will be approved by an administrator.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.4, ТЗ	.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Buil	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD				
Reference component(s)	DEH – User Account Control					
Reference technology(ies)	TBD					
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers					
Prerequisite(s)	None					
Туре	Functional					
Priority Level	Mandatory					
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey					
Status	Proposed + Review					
Comments/Remarks	Seems o	ok				

Requirement ID	TI9.42	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Resources Management web page				
Description	DEH we	DEH web application should have a page for each resource.			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.5
Relevant Objective(s)	TBD
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD
Reference component(s)	DEH – User Account Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.43	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020	
Title	Interope	ability marke	etplace a	and catalogues solution		
Description	which pr	DEH web application should include the interaction with other initiatives which provide catalogues and marketplaces of solutions, as well as independent (INTEROPERABILITY).				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5	T3.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD					





Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Resource Access Control, User Account Control
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	TI9.44	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	DEH solu	DEH solutions web page					
Description	associate	DEH web application should have a page to register SOLUTIONS and associate to the solution a group of resources, preferable displaying the inter dependencies/relationships between them.					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5	T3.5					
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD	TBD					
Reference component(s)	DEH – Resource Registry Management, Resource Access Control, User Account Control						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						





Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers			
Prerequisite(s)	None			
Туре	Functional			
Priority Level	Mandatory			
Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey - proposed features			
Status	Proposed + Review			
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok			

Requirement ID	TI9.45	TI9.45Version0.2Last Update Date04/02/2020							
Title	Team services								
Description	Localisation will be needed, access to open data sources, customisation for each industry/market sector. At a stretch, a team's feature, so that views can be shared between team members.								
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL								
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL								
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5								
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms								
Relevant Innovation(s)	TBD								
Reference component(s)	DEH								
Reference technology(ies)	TBD								
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers								
Prerequisite(s)	None								
Туре	Optional								
Priority Level	Mandat	ory							





Identified by Partner(s)	DEH Survey - proposed features
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

13.10 Stakeholder account management

Requirement ID	TI10.1Version0.1Last Update Date27/01/2020						
Title	Stakeholder access						
Description	DEMETER should define different roles with which various stakeholders will get access to the system.						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	T3.2, T3	.4, T3.5, T3.	6				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technol	ogy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers			
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functior	nal					
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA						
Status	Proposed						
Comments/Remarks							

Requirement ID	TI10.2	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020
Title	Account	manageme	nt roles	s functionality	





Description	Different account management roles in DEMETER should correspond to different functionality							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6							
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space							
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers							
Prerequisite(s)	None							
Туре	Functional							
Priority Level	Mandatory							
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA							
Status	Proposed							
Comments/Remarks								

Requirement ID	TI10.3	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020	
Title	Distinguishing a) internal and external stakeholders and b) primary and secondary stakeholders					
Description	DEMETER account management roles should distinguish between internal and external stakeholders, and between primary and secondary stakeholders					
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL					
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL					
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms					





Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space
Reference component(s)	TBD
Reference technology(ies)	TBD
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

Requirement ID	TI10.4Version0.1Last Update Date27/01/2020							
Title	Stakeholders' categorization							
Description	 DEMETER account management should categorize the following stakeholders into different role groups: 1. User, 2. Developer, 3. Expert, 4. Administrator 							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ.5, ТЗ.6							
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovati	ion 1: Agricu	llture In	iteroperability Space	2			
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers							
Prerequisite(s)	None							





Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA
Status	Proposed
Comments/Remarks	

13.11 Monitoring, Awareness, Feedback

Requirement ID	TI11.1	Version	0.1	Last Update Date	27/01/2020		
Title	Feedback from end-users						
Description	DEMETER should provide solutions to gather feedback from farmers and end-users						
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL						
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	.5, T3.6					
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms						
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 2: Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space						
Reference component(s)	TBD						
Reference technology(ies)	TBD						
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technol	ogy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers, End-	users, Farmers		
Prerequisite(s)	None						
Туре	Functional						
Priority Level	Mandatory						
Identified by Partner(s)	TECNALIA						
Status	Proposed						
Comments/Remarks							





Requirement ID	TI11.2Version0.1Last Update Date27/01/2020							
Title	Upvoting mechanism							
Description	DEMETER should provide a way for users to upvote a service (introduce a popularity indicator)							
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL							
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL							
Relevant Task(s)	ТЗ.2, ТЗ	.5, T3.6						
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms							
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 1: Agriculture Interoperability Space Innovation 2: Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space							
Reference component(s)	TBD							
Reference technology(ies)	TBD							
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technol	ogy provide	rs, Solu	tion providers, End-	users, Farmers			
Prerequisite(s)	None							
Туре	Functio	nal						
Priority Level	Optiona	1						
Identified by Partner(s)	INTRA							
Status	Proposed							
Comments/Remarks								

13.12 General Non-functional requirements

Requirement ID	GNFR.1	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020		
Title	Business analytic data visualization suite						
Description	of data c	oming from ehouses, rel	heterc	appropriate mechanism geneous sources such a databases (or NoSQL) ar	is Big data systems,		
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL						





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	T4.3
	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms
	O3: Empower the farmer, as a prosumer
	O6: Ease and streamline mechanisms for all stakeholders
Relevant	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards
Innovation(s)	Innovation 6: Performance evaluation of Decision Support Systems
Reference component(s)	BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool)
Reference technology(ies)	KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics)
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	GNFR.2	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Decision	Support Syst	em Das	hboards	
Description	interactive effective	vely explore ly identify	and intere	e user interfaces that analyze digital data, sting patterns, infer se-making activities.	allowing them to
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				





Relevant Task(s)	T3.5, T3.6, T4.3, T4.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	 O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms O3: Empower the farmer, as a prosumer O6: Ease and streamline mechanisms for all stakeholders 				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards Innovation 6: Performance evaluation of Decision Support Systems				
Reference component(s)	 SOCS (Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space Implementation) DEH (DEMETER Hub) AIS (Agriculture Interoperability Space) BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool) 				
Reference technology(ies)	 OPENNESS (OPEN Networked Enterprise Social Software suite) KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics) More TBD 				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmer, Advisors, Researchers, Interest groups				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG				
Status	Proposed + Review				
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok				

Requirement ID	GNFR.3	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Web app	lications usa	bility		
Description	cover all	DEMETER needs to ensure the usability feature of user interfaces to cover all aspects of the user's experience when interacting with the DEMETER data visualization tools and with its graphical interfaces or web GUI.			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				





Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5, T3.6, T4.3, T4.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards				
Reference component(s)	 SOCS (Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space Implementation) DEH (DEMETER Hub) AIS (Agriculture Interoperability Space) BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool) 				
Reference technology(ies)	 OPENNESS (OPEN Networked Enterprise Social Software suite) KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics) More TBD 				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmer, Advisors, Researchers, Interest groups				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG				
Status	Proposed + Remark				
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (1 comment)				

Requirement ID	GNFR.4	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Web app	Web application stylesheet			
Description	interface	DEMETER needs to guarantee an appropriate Look & Feel for its user interfaces (e.g. web GUI) so they satisfy the user needs both in terms of visual appearance (look) and that of user interaction (feel).			
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5, T3.6, T4.3, T4.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	01: Analy	yse, adopt, e	nhance	existing information m	odels





Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards			
Reference component(s)	 SOCS (Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space Implementation) DEH (DEMETER Hub) AIS (Agriculture Interoperability Space) BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool) 			
Reference technology(ies)	 OPENNESS (OPEN Networked Enterprise Social Software suite) KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics) More TBD 			
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmer, Advisors, Researchers, Interest groups			
Prerequisite(s)	None			
Туре	Functional			
Priority Level	Mandatory			
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG			
Status	Proposed + Remark			
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (1 comment)			

Requirement ID	GNFR.5	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Web app	Web application friendliness			
Description	web GU visualizat interface a c b c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	I) in order ions. In ord s should sati b. Be in lesigned, b. Easy L. Easy I. Shou e. Mana	to eas der to sfy the to-navig to upda ld not ro age err cified of pow the u	ee the friendliness of u e the use of the pro cover this feature, t following criteria: i.e. graphical interfac gate te and remove equire third-party instal ors effectively (simply the software malfunctio user what is going on and	by ided features or he DEMETER user tes should be well lation software, the user should on through targeted





Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5, T3.6, T4.3, T4.5				
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards				
Reference component(s)	 SOCS (Stakeholder Open Collaboration Space Implementation) DEH (DEMETER Hub) AIS (Agriculture Interoperability Space) BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool) 				
Reference technology(ies)	 OPENNESS (OPEN Networked Enterprise Social Software suite) KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics) More TBD 				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmer, Advisors, Researchers, Interest groups				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
ldentified by Partner(s)	ENG				
Status	Proposed + Remark				
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok (1 comment)				

Requirement ID	GNFR.6	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	Business	analytic data	a visuali	zation suite	
Description	sources. understa characte challenge	This appron nding and or ristics, such es for visu on systems	oach N discove as volu ualizatio	tee valid approach in will need to suppor ring data insights. No me, variety and velocit on. Indeed, current d effectively and effi	t users browsing, netheless, Big data y pose a number of visualization and



	 a. Real-time Interaction. Efficient and scalable techniques should support the interaction with datasets, while maintaining the system response in the range of a few seconds, b. On-the-fly Processing. Support of on-the-fly visualizations over dynamic sets of volatile raw (i.e., not preprocessed) data, c. Visual Scalability. Provision of effective data abstraction mechanisms is necessary for addressing problems related to visual information overloading, d. User Assistance and Personalization. Encouraging user comprehension and offering customization capabilities to different user-defined exploration scenarios and preferences according to the analysis needs are important features. 				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T3.5, T3.6, T4.3				
Relevant Objective(s)	 O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms O3: Empower the farmer, as a prosumer O6: Ease and streamline mechanisms for all stakeholders 				
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards Innovation 6: Performance evaluation of Decision Support Systems				
Reference component(s)	 DEH (DEMETER Hub) AIS (Agriculture Interoperability Space) BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool) 				
Reference technology(ies)	 KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics) More TBD 				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Desirable				
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG, ICE				





Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	GNFR.7	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	DSS dash	board outco	omes da	ta visualization	
Description	 DEMETER needs to support the visualization needs in the outcomes of some DEMETER tasks such as data analytics (WP2), decision making services (T4.1), benchmarking techniques (T4.2) and workflows of enablers (T4.4): a. Regarding data analytics, the analytic services need visualization support to provide better understanding of data structures and meaningful insight i.e. the outcome of the data analytic services b. Regarding benchmarking techniques, DEMETER could benefit from a user dashboard (Web GUI) that allow companies to consult and compare the outcome of DEMTER DSS with other DSS and also provide guidance on the choice of different technologies c. Regarding decision making, DEMETER decision support to present decision support to the users. The visualization can present decision support in the form of alerts, reports, comparisons, performance KPIs, historic analysis etc. 				
	d. Regarding workflows of enablers, the decision supp enablers will require visualisation to manage the data flows well as reporting the outcomes of the actual processing tak place within certain enablers.				
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T4.1, T4.2	2, T4.3, T4.4			
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build O3: Empo	knowledge ower the far	exchan mer, as	e existing information m ge mechanisms a prosumer chanisms for all stakeho	
Relevant Innovation(s)		on 5: Farm ei on 6: Perforn		dashboards valuation of Decision Sเ	upport Systems





Reference component(s)	BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool)
Reference technology(ies)	KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics)
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG, ICE
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok

Requirement ID	GNFR.8	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	DSS dashboard notification				
Description	substanti DSS) in o actions to visualizat interoper visualizat a a b c t c t c c t c f g	al number of rder to give o end-users ions to be rability betw ions that ad . DSS spects of wl . DSS hemical pes ransparency . DSS irrigation/fe . DSS trategies, di of crop yield . DSS f	of Decisi suitable (e.g. fa e used ween t dress the for con nolesale for pro sticides, to the for con rtilization for sease m accordi for anim to su	optimization on irr nonitoring, yield analysis ng to climate conditions forecasting of phytopath nal welfare tracking pport the farmers fo	ptimize the existing ons and automated . This will allow the to increase the use of common : linking economical g. the use of non- elfare and tracking, f field operations igation/fertilization (e.g. the estimation) ologies on crops





Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL				
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL				
Relevant Task(s)	T4.1, T4.2, T4.3, T4.4				
	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models				
Relevant Objective(s)	O2: Build knowledge exchange mechanisms				
	O3: Empower the farmer, as a prosumer				
	O6: Ease and streamline mechanisms for all stakeholders				
Relevant	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards				
Innovation(s)	Innovation 6: Performance evaluation of Decision Support Systems				
Reference component(s)	BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool)				
Reference technology(ies)	KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics)				
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers, Farmer, Advisors, Researchers, Interest groups				
Prerequisite(s)	None				
Туре	Functional				
Priority Level	Mandatory				
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG, ICE				
Status	Proposed + Review				
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok				

Requirement ID	GNFR.9	Version	0.2	Last Update Date	04/02/2020
Title	DSS Dash	board widge	et		
Description	f	ollowing fea lata (at least . Text . Imag l. Char	itures i): e t	guarantee a data visualian terms of graphical wit	





	 f. Table g. DSS for animal welfare tracking h. DSS to support the farmers for live support of agricultural processes.
Relevant Pilot(s)	ALL
Relevant Use Case(s)	ALL
Relevant Task(s)	T4.3
Relevant Objective(s)	O1: Analyse, adopt, enhance existing information models
Relevant Innovation(s)	Innovation 5: Farm enabler dashboards
Reference component(s)	BID (Business Intelligence Dashboard Tool)
Reference technology(ies)	KNOWAGE (Open Source Suite for any modern Business Analytics)
Involved stakeholders/actors	Technology providers, Solution providers
Prerequisite(s)	None
Туре	Functional
Priority Level	Mandatory
Identified by Partner(s)	ENG
Status	Proposed + Review
Comments/Remarks	Seems ok





14 Appendix B: DEMETER Enabler Template

14.1 Text information - metadata

We need this information as metadata, for BSE/DEH descriptions or other components

14.1.1 Functionality description

Describe the functionality of the enabler

14.1.2 Interaction with other Enablers

Describe how the Enablers functionality is combined with other Enablers. E.g. How will the Security Enabler be utilized by other Enablers? Will it be accessible by all Enablers or just by the Communication/Networking enabler for example?

14.1.3 Dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers

Describe any dependencies on other Core/Advanced Enablers. Which Enablers' APIs are implemented by this Enabler?

14.1.4 Deployment considerations

Describe consideration related to deployment, e.g., where the image will reside, how access will be provided, resources required, etc.

14.2 Technical description

This information formally describes features/characteristics of an Enabler

14.2.1 API and Data model

Describe the API and the Data model of the enabler in a technical way. E.g., a list of endpoints and their description using Swagger documentation, a list of topics to access in case of MQTT, NGSI-LD payload, etc.

Data models used by the APIs shall be described in tables:

Name	This field holds the name of the data model that is described in this table			
Property	Туре	Description		

Developers are strongly advised to adopt Swagger for online documentation of the developed APIs. If Swagger (or any other online documentation tool) is being adopted, additionally, provide here Swagger details for the online documentation

(REST API)

This field holds the description of the API Title URL: This field holds the relative path to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from this description and can be placed as a hypertext above the API template





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1

Method This field holds the type of the Method used				
GET POST DELETE PUT				
). Separated based on the fields below into required			
and <u>optional</u> .				
Required:				
id=[integer]	parameter description			
Optional:				
image_id=[alphanumeric]	parameter description			
Data Params This field holds the body payload of a	a post request.			
Required:				
id=[integer]	parameter description			
Optional:				
image_id=[alphanumeric]	parameter description			
Success response < What should the status code be on success and is there any returned data? This is				
useful when people need to know what their callba	acks should expect>			
200	response description			
Content: { }				
Error response This field holds the list of all po	ossible error responses. Doing that, helps prevent			
assumptions of why the endpoint fails and saves a	lot of time during the integration process.			
404	response description			
Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to	the described endpoint in a curl-like format. Please,			
choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.				
Notes This field holds any additional helpful info re	elated to this endpoint.			

(publish/subscribe API)

Title	This field holds the description of the API			
URL: This field holds the relative URL to the described API. For simplicity Root path can be cut off from				
this description and can be placed	l as a hypertext above the API template			
Торіс	This field holds the topic identifier (uid/path/name)			
Payload request/response	This field holds the format type payload of the message (e.g JSON,			
	NGSI-LD)			
Payload representation request/	response: This field holds the structure of the payload used			
{				
"id": {string},				
"type": {object},				
"name": {string},				
"value": {string},				
<i>и п , и</i> п 				
}				





Payload Property description	Please write here the Data Model table that describe the payload		
	properties		
Required parameters (request) This field holds the required parameters			
Required parameters (response) This field holds the required parameters			
Success response This field holds the list of all possible successful responses			

Error response This field holds the list of all possible error responses

Sample call This field holds a possible sample call to the described topic. Please, choose the format wisely so that is clear and easy to read by the interested parties.

Notes This field holds any additional helpful info related to this endpoint.

14.2.2 Use cases / Data flow

Technically describe use cases of the enabler and the data flow using formal UML activity and sequence diagrams

14.2.3 UML Activity diagram(s)

Place activity diagram(s) here

14.2.3.1 UML Sequence diagram(s)

Place sequence diagram(s) here

14.2.3.2 UML Component diagram(s)

14.2.4 **Deployment**

Technically describe the deployment process for the enabler using a Docker-compose script and the deployment execution commands.

```
version: '3'
services:
db:
  image: mysql
  container_name: mysql_db
  restart: always
  environment:
    - MYSQL ROOT PASSWORD="secret"
web:
 image: apache
  build: ./webapp
  depends_on:
   - db
  container_name: apache_web
  restart: always
  ports:
   - "8080:80"
```





Deploy by:

sudo docker-compose up --build -d

14.2.5 Configuration Parameters

Describe all configuration parameters that can be provided by a user/developer (mandatory/optional). These could be defined as env vars in the docker-compose script provided above. Examples could be external component URLs, IPs, ports, SSL params

Configuration parameter	Value	Туре	Description
MYSQL_ROOT_PASSW ORD	secret	String	Your MySQL password





15 Appendix C: DEH Survey

In order to have a shared design of the DEH, a survey was prepared by ENGINEERING with the support of Fraunhofer (WP7 "Multi-Actor Ecosystem Development" leader) and T3.5 participants and then reviewed by WP leaders and cluster pilot leaders.

The survey proposed a list of possible features for the DEMETER ENABLER HUB (DEH) based on the Grant Agreement (GA) and aimed at finding a prioritization for the implementation of those features, moreover it gave the possibility to add additional comments on proposed features and suggestions for any other missing features. It aimed at collecting suggestions on the kind of resources that could be registered in DEH; comments and ideas on the interactions between DEH and the other modules and comments on DEH web application. Finally, it tried to collect insights from other initiatives which realized hub as well (DataBio with its DataBioHub, HUB4AGRI, etc.) in order to not start from zero either in terms of framework and technologies or in terms of interesting features.

Part of this survey appear in DEMETER deliverable D4.2 as it relates to that as well.

15.1 Survey structure

The survey was structured in the following six sections:

1. Introduction section with an explanation of the main DEMETER core concepts.

DEMETER ENABLER HUB SURVEY

Disclaimer

The European Commission is not responsible for the content of questionnaires created using the EUSurvey service - it remains the sole responsibility of the form creator and manager. The use of EUSurvey service does not imply a recommendation or endorsement, by the European Commission, of the views expressed within them.

DEMETER ENABLER HUB Survey - Introduction

This survey scope is the definition of the DEMETER ENABLER HUB (DEH) features.

The survey proposes a list of possible features for the DEH based on the Grant Agreement (GA) and aims at finding a prioritization for the implementation of those features, moreover it gives the possibility to add additional comments on proposed features and suggestions for any other missing features. It aims to collect suggestions on the kind of resources that could be registered in DEH; comments and ideas on the interactions between DEH and the other modules and comments on DEH web application. Finally, it tries to collect insights from other initiatives which realized hub as well (DataBio with its DataBioHub, HUB4AGRI, etc.) in order to not start from zero either in terms of framework and technologies or in terms of interesting features.

Before proposing the survey's questions, DEMETER core concepts will be introduced in order to ease the understanding of the questions.

The survey questions are divided in 4 sections which focuses on the following contents:

- 1. DEH features
- DEH resources
- 3. DEH interactions
- 4. DEH web application Initiatives to take as starting point



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DEMETER core concepts

In order to allow a better understanding of the survey, it can be helpful to summarize DEMETER core concepts.

DEMETER follows an "interactive innovation model" as developed by the EIP-AGRI and fosters the development of research and the uptake of innovations into operational applications and the creation of new ideas thanks to interactions between actors ("cross-fertilisation"), sharing knowledge, expertise, capabilities and a wide range of "resources" (components, devices, services, data sources, platforms, etc.). The interactive innovation model is implemented through the "multi-actor-approach" MAA.

DEMETER implements the MAA approach across the full chain, from farmers to service advisors and suppliers. In this MAA, suppliers cover the full diversity of providers including ICT, data sources, knowledge, developers, software and hardware providers.

The MAA is implemented through a complete set of mechanisms structuring the human interaction with all stakeholders and supports this interaction through digital spaces, with each space catering to different phases of the interaction leading to the co-creation and deployment of new solutions at the farmers. Therefore, DEMETER delivers three spaces, the Stakeholer Open Collaboration Space (SOCS) and the Agricultural Interoperability Space (AIS) connected by the DEMETER ENABLER HUB (DEH).

The DEH is a registry where suppliers can describe their resources which become accessible by developers to be used through the "co-creation process" in order to build new solution.

Through the SOCS, DEMETER enables the co-creation approach to its wide network through four phases structured into:

- Express and understand the need: this phase focuses on understanding the farmer's needs. This need can be expressed by the farmer directly in the DEMETER SOCS or through an agricultural service advisor who publishes it in the SOCS. DEMETER provides a structured approach for expressing farmers' needs, enabling farmers and advisors to consult other similar needs (and related solutions already implemented).
- 2. Select the optimal solution: Each need expressed by a famer is analysed. A need or more needs could be translated in a challenge as result of pooling process. The creation of a challenge aims to involve DEMETER stakeholders in the creation of solutions (ideas) that represent their contributions to the requests expressed through the challenge. The end result of the challenge is the elaboration of the optimal solution, relying on the resources present in the DEH. This ensures that the combination is ready to use the interoperability mechanisms provided in the AIS to reach final deployment.
- Develop the solution: once the optimal solution is selected, the group of suppliers involved in this selection team up to ensure its delivery. This because the formation of CONCTENTS.
- phase therefore focuses on the integration phase, exploiting the interoperability mechanisms of DEMETER AIS. 4. Deploy the solution at the farmer(s) / cooperative: the final step of the DEMETER cycle is to deploy the solution at the farmer, connecting the extensions to the operational context of the farmer, ensuring its uptake, training if and as needed etc.

DEMETER AIS based on a reference architecture and a reference implementation, enables the secure interoperability and integration of different agriculture platforms, technology components and datasets, utilizing a brokerage environment based on producers/consumers. It involves technologies and data from different vendors and sources, ensuring their interoperability, and using (and enhancing) a core set of standards coupled with carefullyplanned security and privacy protection mechanisms (also addressing business confidentiality). AIS focuses on delivering a full set of interoperability mechanisms to actually deploy the solution. DEMETER does not define completely new interoperability mechanisms, but uses (and extends) a wide range of pre-existing mechanisms at sensor, data and service levels.

The efficacy of the digital solutions realized, in reducing the costs, increasing the production and improving the environmental sustainable, will be then evaluated by means of the **Benchmarking System**. This will be possible if a farmer connects his Farm Management Information Systems with DEMETER. The benchmark system will check the availability data and calculate a set of indicators (yield by crop, vegetation index estimation, water, nutrient and pesticide consumptions, etc.), these farm indicator values will be compared with a set of target values(i.e. average and optimal indicator values from similar/neighbour farmers), finally the farmer receive a short report of the evaluated indicators showing which practices and digital solutions can improve the farm's performance.

2. DEH features: identification of which the DEH features should be, by selecting one of the options ("essential", "desirable" or "unnecessary") for each of the following propositions.





DEMETER ENABLER HUB Features

Please select the option that best describes your opinion to the statement "DEMETER ENABLER HUB should enable..."

DEH should enable:

	Essential	Desirable	Unnecessary
users (acting as DEMETER Providers) to register their offered resources (components, devices, services, data sources, platforms, etc.), recording attributes such as name, description, maturity level, tags, etc.	۲	0	0
resources to be semantically described and escorted by meta-data, which include the security and data usage policies applicable (provided by WP2)	0	0	0
users to browse the Hub to discover suitable resources matching their requirements (search API or tags)	0	0	0
users to provide enablers either developed in the project or external ones (e.g. from third-party platforms)	0	0	0
users to add new resources anytime and edit them. It will be possible to see when the last edit related to the added resource was done.	0	0	0
users to use web services or interoperability APIs (which use the HTTP protocol as data transport) to access the resources available to the DEH (USAGE API)	0	0	0
users to integrate the available resources by allowing their compatibility checking (VALIDATION)	0	0	0
users to connect their resources as part of the AIS.	0	0	0
users to browse the DEH and to discover suitable resources matching challenge requirements (SOCS)	0	0	0
users to expand their business thanks to the available payment service.	0	0	0
users to rate used components	0	0	0
users to view statistics on registered components (top used, most rated, recently added)	0	0	0
users to see dependencies between various types of resources	0	0	0

Please write any additional comments about DEH features:

Please write any other ideas you may have about DEH features that could be essential or desirable:

DEH features:

3. DEH Resources: identification of the likely resources that could be registered in the DEH.

DEMETER ENABLER HUB Resources

Resources are all the platforms, components, devices, services, datasets, available in DEH. These flow into the DEH as digital resources. Each resource will have associated metadata, a description and will be categorized.

Please write any other resource you believe it should be considered as DEH resources that could be essential or desirable:

DEH resources:	
	1/2
Please write any additional comments about DEH resources:	
r lease write any additional comments about DET resources.	
	/

4. DEH interaction: collection of the main ideas about the interactions between DEH and the other DEMETER modules.





DEMETER ENABLER HUB Interactions

DEH will interacts with the following modules:

- Applcation Logic and user interfaces: this module will allow web applications (external to DEMETER) or users to interact with the DEH in two
 ways: through APIs, DEH will interact with other web platforms and/or applications permitting these applications to create/modify resources within
 the DEH; through Web interfaces (GUI), users will have the possibility to access the DEH via web interface and search resources and solutions,
 using a web browser.
- Stakeholders Open Collaboration Space (SOCS) is a space where all stakeholders (farmers, advisors and suppliers) can collaborate, share best
 practices and participate to co-creation processes. This collaboration space makes a farmer need visible to advisors and developers and conveys
 the information coming from the farmers as input in order to select the most suitable resources registered in DEH to be used to build the optimal
 solution (idea for a challenge).
- Agricultural Interoperability Space (AIS) is a space dedicated to developers since its focus is on delivering a full set of interoperability mechanisms to actually deploy the solution (which consists of resources such as components, devices, services, data sources, platforms, etc that are accessible for deployment) through the DEMETER enabled interoperability mechanisms.
 Benchmarking system is a system to evaluate the productivity and the sustainability of the technologies/solutions adopted. The benchmarking
- Benchmarking system is a system to evaluate the productivity and the sustainability of the technologies/solutions adopted. The benchmarking system will be used to collect data from the Demeter providers to calculate a set of agronomic, economic and environmental indicators. The indicators will be used to compare the Demeter solutions (e.g. comparing the performance before and after the adoption of a specific solution) and can be used to provide the farmers with an indication on how they can improve the production or reduce the costs adopting them.

Please write any additional comments about already defined DEH interactions:	
	7
Please write any other ideas you may have about DEH interactions that could be essential or desirable:	
	2

5. DEH web application: identification of the main features about DEH web application.

DEMETER ENABLER HUB web application

Please select the option that best describes your opinion to the statement "DEMETER ENABLER HUB web application should":

DEH web application should:

	Essential	Desirable	Unnecessary
be accessible via a web browser or smartphone/tablet, without requiring any client software installation	0	0	0
have a user registration/login section	0	0	0
have a home page with description of the main functionalities	0	0	0
have a resource search functionality	0	0	0
have a page to register new resources or edit the already registered ones. Registered users could add new resources that will be approved by an administrator.	0	0	0
have a page for each resource	0	0	0
include the interaction with other initiatives which provide catalogues and marketplaces of solutions, as well as independent (INTEROPERABILITY).	0	0	0

Please write any additional comments about DEH web application:

Please write any other ideas you may have about DEH web application that could be essential or desirable:

6. Other initiatives: identification of other initiatives which realized hub as well in order to not start from zero either in terms of framework and technologies or in terms of interesting features.





Initiatives to take as starting point



15.2 Participants and results collection

The survey was sent in December, through the online survey-management system (EU survey¹¹), to WP3 participants, considering developers as main DEH users. 16 answers were collected.

In the following sections, the collected answers for each section, are shown.

DEH features

To summarise the answers obtained to DEH features closed questions, the following chart shows the aggregated results. From this chart it is possible to conclude that the proposed features were considered by the most as "essential" or "desirable" meaning that were all considered as features to be included in the first version of the DEH.

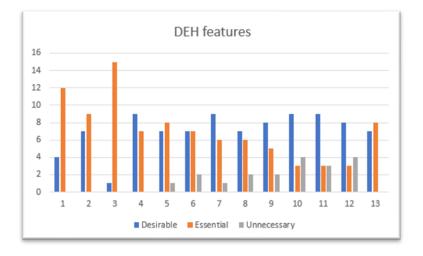


Figure 52: DEH features aggregated answers

Regarding additional features, the following were identified by the participants:

- Provide control Access policies related to their components.
- Easy search and Discovery based on enabler's objectives.
- DEH to offer suggestions tailored on user's profile.
- Tools that enable the design of a system (collection) of enablers and services to help users (or developers) who fuse together such enablers in order to provide a whole system which can then be sold to other users (e.g. farmers).

¹¹ <u>https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/welcome</u>





• Tutorials on usage would be essential; sample data or projects to explore; best practice guidelines.

DEH resources

Regarding the DEH resources, participants did not provide new resource categories with respect to the ones proposed.

DEH interaction

Regarding the DEH Interactions, participants did not provide new resources with respect to the ones proposed.

DEH web application

To summarise the answers obtained to DEH web application closed questions, the following chart shows the aggregated results. From this chart it is possible to conclude that the proposed features were considered by the most as "essential" or "desirable" meaning that were all considered as features to be included in the first version of the DEH.

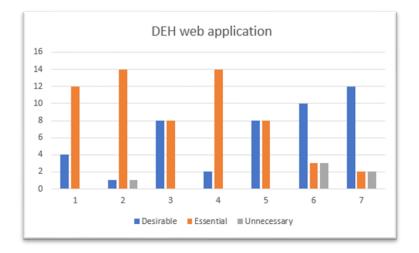


Figure 53: DEH web application aggregated answers

Regarding additional features, the following were identified by the participants:

- the web app should have a page to register solutions and associate to the solution a group of resources, preferable displaying the inter dependencies/relationships between.
- the web app (or some other sort of app) needs to allow users to rate the services or enablers, so the system can be notified e.g. when that service/enabler does not function correctly.
- localisation will be needed, access to open data sources, customisation for each industry/market sector. At a stretch, a team's feature, so that views can be shared between team members.

DEH Initiatives





Concerning the other initiatives in which DEH can inspire, participants proposed: DatabioHub (<u>https://www.databiohub.eu/registry/</u>), IOF catalogue (<u>https://www.iot-catalogue.com/</u>), Foodie marketplace (<u>https://www.foodie-cloud.org/marketplace/</u>).





16 Appendix D: Component Testing Report Documentation

Table 16 below tabulates the general information of a DEMETER component that is deployed and validated. For more information regarding the validation process please refer to section 11.

Title	This field holds the name of WP the DEMETER component		This field holds the WP that the component belongs		
Description	This field holds the component's operation description				
Repository type	This field holds the Justif repository type of the source code of the component. (e.g. Private, DEMETER GitLab)	ication	This field holds the justification of the source code repository type selection		
Repository URL	If the Repository type is in DEMETER's GitLab, then the absolute URL of the component's location must be filled in here				
Integration	This field holds the components list that this component interoperates and				
component list	will integrate with				
Deployment	This field holds deployment location (e.g. DEMETER cloud infrastructure,				
location	DEMETER's pilot infrastructure, proprietary location)				
Docker container	If the component is containerized, then please fill in the location of the				
location and size	docker registry that resides and the size of the docker container				
Requirements	This field holds computational requirements for this component. Among				
	others, you can describe here the CPU, RAM, STORAGE requirements of the				
	component.				
Contact email	This field holds the email of the developer of the component.				

Table 16: Component's	general	description
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16.1 <Component> technical description

In this section, you can give a brief description of the component implementation and operation logic. Also, among others, you can include installation instructions, docker related info or any other helpful information. In most cases you shall elaborate a little bit if necessary, on the information that is described in source code repository. (e.g. README.file etc.)

16.2 Data Models and Interfaces

In this section, you can add the Interfaces (APIs) and used Data Models that are described in the component's relevant deliverable.

16.3 Functionality and Integration Tests

Integration tests verify that your code works with external dependencies correctly. Unit testing of the component is to be completed for all the features of the described component. Integration tests shall be described and include/adhere the following categories:

- 1. **Functionality Tests:** Validating the functionality provided by the components to be integrated. Test all the use cases for the components chosen
- 2. **CRUD operation Tests:** Validating the interconnection between the components to be integrated.
- 3. **Security Tests:** Validating principles such as data integrity, user authorization where applicable etc.





In this Integration report, each partner shall include the description of the performed integration test for this component. Please also include any useful commends about the integration process. Integration is considered successful when.

- The previous descriptions have been submitted
- Sufficient integration tests have been carried out providing adequate coverage of the functionality provided by each component.

